

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1 – Product & Company Identification

Product Name: RIDGID Rechargeable Lithium-Ion Batteries, RB-18XX

Product Catalog No.: 56513 56518

Product Model No.: RB-1825 RB-1850

Number of Cells: 5

Product Specifications: Product Specifications and SDS information depends upon the

type of cell used in the particular RB-18XX battery.

Each RB-18XX battery is marked with the type of cell used in

that particular battery.

See Figure 1 for location of the cell type on the battery label. Use the chart to determine the appropriate Part of SDS based

on the cell type.



Figure 1: Battery Rating Label

Battery Designation	SDS	Page Numbers
ICR19/66	Part A	3-16
INR19/65	Part B	17-43

Recommended Use: RIDGID Tools Using RB-18XX Batteries

Restrictions on Use: Industrial use only



Company Information:

North America

Ridge Tool Company 400 Clark Street Elyria, Ohio 44035-6001 1-800-519-3456 (8:00 am - 5:00 pm EST, M-F)**Emergency Telephone** call 9-1-1 or local emergency number www.RIDGID.com

<u>Australia</u>

Ridge Tool Australia 127 Metrolink Circuit Campbellfield, VIC 3061 1-800-743-443 (8:30 am - 5:00 pm AEST, M-F)**Emergency Telephone** call 000 or local emergency number www.RIDGID.com.au

Europe

Ridge Tool NV Schurhovenveld 4820 3800 Sint-Truiden, Belgium +32 (0) 11 598 600 (8:00 am - 5:00 pm, M-F)**Emergency Telephone** call +32 (0) 11 598 600 or local emergency number www.RIDGID.eu

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Part A: Battery Designation: ICR19/66

Part A: SDS for batteries with Battery Designation: ICR19/66

Section 1A – Product Identification	

Product Name:

RIDGID Rechargeable Lithium Ion Batteries, RB-18XX

Specifications:

Catalog Number	56513	56518
Model Number	RB-1825	RB-1850
Battery Designation	5 ICR19/66	10 ICR19/66
Cell Model	5 / LG ICR18650HE4	10 / LG ICR18650HE4
Rated Voltage	18 V d.c.	18 V d.c.
Nominal Voltage	18 V d.c.	18 V d.c.
Rated Capacity	2500 mAh	5000 mAh
Rated Energy	45 Wh	90 Wh

Section 2A – Hazards Identification	
Emergency Overview	May explode in a fire, which could release hydrogen fluoride gas.
	Use extinguishing media suitable for materials burning in fire.
Primary routes of entry	Skin contact : NO
	Skin absorption: NO
	Eye contact : NO
	Inhalation : NO
	Ingestion : NO



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Symptoms of exposure	Skin contact
	No effect under routine handling and use.
	Skin absorption
	No effect under routine handling and use.
	Eye contact
	No effect under routine handling and use.
	Inhalation
	No effect under routine handling and use.
	Reported as carcinogen.
	Not applicable

Section 3A – Composition / Information On Ingredients

Mixture		
Hazardous Ingredients	%	CAS Number
Aluminum Foil	2-10	7429-90-5
Metal Oxide (proprietary)	20-50	-
Polyvinylidene Fluoride (PVDF)	<5	24937-79-9
Copper Foil	2-10	7440-50-8
Carbon (proprietary)	10-30	7440-44-0
Electrolyte (proprietary)	10-20	-
Stainless steel, Nickel and inert materials	Remainder	N/A

^{*} For Catalog# 56513 -

Equivalent Lithium content: 1.95g, Electric Power Capacity: 45 Wh.

Equivalent Lithium content: 3.9g, Electric Power Capacity: 90 Wh.

^{*} For Catalog# 56518 -



After ingestion

Product Name: RIDGID Rechargeable Lithium Ion Batteries, RB-18XX

Section 4A – First Aid Measures		
General information		
The following first aid measures are required only in case of exposure to interior battery		
components after damage of the external battery casing.		
Undamaged, closed cells do not represent a danger to the health.		
After inhalation	Ensure of fresh air. Consult a physician.	
After contact with skin	In case of contact with skin wash off immediately with plenty of water. Consult a physician.	
After contact with eyes	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the	

by eye specialist.

Section 5A – Fire Fighting Measures	

eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical treatment

Drink plenty of water. Call a physician immediately.

5A.1 Extinguishing media	 When the scale of the fire is small, use a HFC (hydrofluorocarbon) clean-agent fire extinguisher or alcohol resistant foam fire extinguishers. (In case of battery overheating, wear protective gear and immerse heated battery in water)
	 In case of large fire, use large amount of water to extinguish.
5A.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	 Flammable gas leaks before ignition and then the product ignites.
5A.3 Advice for firefighters	 The ignited battery has a high temperature, so there is a risk of additional ignition even if the fire is extinguished at early stage. Sprinkle a large amount of water until the battery temperature drops to normal temperature.
	 If the battery is ignited in multi-stacked condition, multi-stack should be disassembled and then extinguished so that heat is not transferred between



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batteries
 In the event of a battery fire, cool it by spraying water directly on the battery.
 When handling an overheated battery, wear heat- resistant protective equipment.

Section 6A – Accidental Release Measures

6A.1 Personal precautions,	For non-emergency personnel
protective equipment and emergency procedures	Protective equipment: Use personal protective equipment, see Section 8
	Emergency procedures :
	 In case of cell damage, possible release of dangerous substances and a flammable gas mixture.
	Eliminate all ignition sources.
	Please note that materials and conditions to avoid.
	 Battery may emit electrolyte if charging or discharging rates exceed manufacturer's recommendations or if pack has been breached.
	 Move battery to well ventilated area to prevent gas accumulation.
	For emergency responders
	Eliminate all ignition sources.
	 Please note that materials and conditions to avoid.
	Move battery to well ventilated area to prevent gas accumulation.
6A.2 Environmental	Avoid release to the environment.
precautions	 Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.
6A.3 Methods and material	For containment : Not available
for containment and	For cleaning up :



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cleaning up	 Cover with Dry earth, DRY sand or other non- combustible material and put on the plastic sheet to minimize spreading or contact with rain.
	 Move battery to well ventilated area to prevent gas accumulation.
	 Dispose in accordance with applicable local, state and federal regulations.
	Other information: Not available
6A.4 Reference to other sections	 See also sections 8 and 13 of the Safety Data Sheet.

Section 7A – Handling And Storage		
7A.1 Precautions for safe handling	 In case of cell damage, possible release of dangerous substances and a flammable gas mixture. 	
	 The battery stores electrical energy and is capable of rapid energy discharge. 	
	Battery cell contents are under pressure.	
	 Handle battery carefully to avoid puncturing case or electrically shorting terminals. 	
7A.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Technical measures and storage conditions : Not available	
	Packaging materials : Not available	
	Requirements for storage rooms and vessels :	
	 Storage at room temperature (approx. 20°C) at approx. 40% of the nominal capacity 	
	Keep in closed original container.	
7A.3 Specific end use(s)	Recommendations : Not available	
	Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available	



Part A: Battery Designation: ICR19/66

Section 8A – Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

8A.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limits

8A.2 Exposure controls

8A.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls:

Substance/mixture related measures to prevent exposure during identified uses:

- Avoid charging batteries in areas where hydrogen gas accumulate.
- Use local exhaust ventilation to maintain concentrations of hydrogen below the Lower Explosive collect and transport flammable gases in ventilation systems.
- Insure proper ventilation is present and electrolyte mist and vapours.

Structural measures to prevent exposure:

- Avoid charging batteries in areas where hydrogen gas accumulate.
- Use local exhaust ventilation to maintain concentrations of hydrogen below the Lower Explosive collect and transport flammable gases in ventilation systems.
- Insure proper ventilation is present and electrolyte mist and vapours.

Organisational measures to prevent exposure: Not available

Technical measures to prevent exposure:

Insure proper ventilation is present and electrolyte mist and vapours.

8A.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment :

Eye and face protection

- Wear ANSI approved safety glasses with side shield during normal use.
- Wear NIOSH approved face shield with safety



Part A : Battery Designation : ICR19/66

	glasses and H.V protection during intentional disassembly.		
	Skin protection		
	Hand protection		
	 Wear nitrile butyl rubber, neoprene, or PVC glove during battery component disassembly. 		
	 Discard contaminated work clothing after one work day. 		
	Other skin protection		
	 Wear protective clothing during battery component disassembly. 		
	 Discard contaminated work clothing after one work day. 		
	Respiratory protection :		
	None required during normal use.		
	 Wear NIOSH or European Standard EN 149 approved full or half face piece (with goggles) respiratory protective equipment when necessary. 		
	 In lack of oxygen(< 19.5%), wear the supplied-air respirator or self contained oxygen breathing apparatus. 		
	 In case exposed to particulate material, the respiratory protective equipments as follow are recommended; facepiece filtering respirator or air- purifying respirator, high-efficiency particulate air(HEPA) filter media or respirator equipped with powered fan, filter media of use (dust, mist, fume) 		
8A.3 Environmental exposure controls	Substance/mixture related measures to prevent exposure: Not available		
	Instruction measures to prevent exposure: Not available		
	Organisational measures to prevent exposure: Not available		
	Technical measures to prevent exposure: Not available		



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Section 9A – Physical And Chemical Properties _	

Information on basic physi	cal and chemical properties
Appearance	Description : Solid
	Color: Not available
	Odor: Odorless
	Odor threshold: Not available
	pH: Not available
	Melting point/freezing point : Not available
	Initial boiling point and boiling range: Not available
	Flash point: Not available
	Evaporation rate: Not available
	Flammability (solid, gas): Not available
	Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : Not available
	Vapor pressure : Not available
	Solubility (ies): insoluble.
	Vapor density: Not available
	Relative density: Not available
	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not available
	Auto ignition temperature : Not available
	Decomposition temperature : Not available
	Viscosity: Not available
	Explosive properties : Not available
	Oxidizing properties: Not available
	Molecular weight : Not available
9A.2 Other information	Not available



Part A: Battery Designation: ICR19/66

Section 10A – Stability And Reactivity

10A.1 Reactivity	 Stable at ambient temperature.
10A.2 Chemical stability	 There is no hazard when the measures for handling and storage are followed.
	 Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.
10A.3 Possibility of	 Will not occur under normal conditions.
hazardous reactions	 In case of cell damage, possible release of dangerous substances and a flammable gas mixture
	 Containers may explode when heated Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic gases Some liquids produce vapors that may cause dizziness or suffocation Inhalation of material may be harmful.
10A.4 Conditions to avoid	 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
	 Friction, heat, sparks or flames
	 Dusts or shavings from borings, turnings, cuttings, etc.
	 Do not exceed manufacturer's recommendation for charging or use battery for an application for which i was not specifically designed.
	 Do not electrically short.
10A.5 Incompatible	 Avoid contact with acids and oxidizers.
materials	 Keep away from any possible contact with water, because of violent reaction and possible flash fire.
	 Handle under inert gas. Protect from moisture.
	 Combustibles, reducing agents
10A.6 Hazardous	 None under normal conditions.
decomposition products	 Corrosive and/or toxic fume
	 Material may produce irritating and highly toxic gase from decomposition by heat and combustion during burning.



	 Irritating and/or toxic gases
Section	11A – Toxicological Information
discharging any chemical s Since this document contain	a certain function in solid state with specific shape without ubstance in its use and has no obligation to write (M)SDS. In the precautions for safe handling related to its materials insisting of this product, please note that these overall his product.
11A.1 Sensitization	No
11A.2 Teratogenicity	No
11A.3 Reproductive	No
toxicity	
11A.4 Acute toxicity	No
If the cells are opened throu components of cell are irrita	ugh misuse or damage, discard immediately. Internal and sensitizers.
Soot	ion 12A – Ecological Information
Seci	ion 12A – Ecological information
discharging any chemical s Since this document contain	a certain function in solid state with specific shape without ubstance in its use and has no obligation to write (M)SDS. In the precautions for safe handling related to its materials assisting of this product, please note that these overall

12A.1 Results of PBT	Not available
and vPvB assessment :	
12A.2 Other adverse	Not available
effects:	



Section 13A – Disposal Consideration	

Waste treatment methods		
Product/Packaging disposal	Consider the required attentions in accordance with waste treatment management regulation.	
Waste codes / Waste designation according to LoW (2015)	16-06-05	
Waste treatment relevant information	Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.	
Sewage disposal relevant information	Not available	
Other disposal recommendations	Not available	

Section 14A -	Transportation Information	

Only Lithium battery during transport:

The product has passed the test items of UN Model Regulations, Manual of test and

Criteria Section 38.3 and UN Model Regulations, SP188,1.2m drop test. The total net weight of the Lithium batteries is less than 10 kg.		
IATA DGR (62 nd Edition):	Proper Shipping Name: Lithium Ion batteries	
	UN Number: UN3480	
	Hazard Class:9	
	The product shall meet the General Requirements and Section IB of Packaging Instruction 965.	
	According to 3.9.2.6.1(g) of IATA DGR(61thEdition), manufacturers and subsequent distributors of cells or batteries manufactured after 30 June 2003 shall make available the test summary as specified in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 38.3, paragraph 38.3.5.	



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IN 10 IN 10 0 1 1 100 10	
IMO IMDG Code: (2018 Edition)	The product is not restricted to the other provisions of IMO IMDG Code according to special provision 188.
	According to 2.9.4.7 of IMDG Code(2018 Edition), manufacturers and subsequent distributors of cells or batteries manufactured after 30 June 2003 shall make available the test summary as specified in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 38.3, paragraph 38.3.5.
Lithium battery contained in the	ne equipment during transport:
•	est items of UN Model Regulations, Manual of test and I net weight of the lithium batteries is less than 5kg.
IATA DGR (62 nd Edition):	The product shall meet the General Requirements and Section II of Packaging Instruction 967.
	According to 3.9.2.6.1(g) of IATA DGR(62 nd Edition), manufacturers and subsequent distributors of cells or batteries manufactured after 30 June 2003 shall make available the test summary as specified in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 38.3, paragraph 38.3.5.
IMO IMDG Code: (2018 Edition)	The product is not restricted to the other provisions of IMO IMDG Code according to special provision 188.
	According to 2.9.4.7 of IMDG Code(2018 Edition), manufacturers and subsequent distributors of cells or batteries manufactured after 30 June 2003 shall make available the test summary as specified in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 38.3, paragraph 38.3.5.



Part A: Battery Designation: ICR19/66

Section	n 15A – Regulatory Information				
Section	11 13A - Regulatory Illiorniation				
Safety, health and environme mixture	Safety, health and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture				
EU regulations	Authorisations and/or restrictions on use:				
	Authorisations: Not regulated				
	Restrictions on use:				
	Nickel : Regulated				
	Other EU regulations:				
	EU SVHC list				
Regulatory information EU	Labelling				
	Hazardous components which must be listed on the label				
	As an article the product does not need to be labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws.				
	EU regulatory information				
	1999/13/EC (VOC): 0%				
Foreign Regulatory	External information :				
Information	U.S.A management information (OSHA Regulation) : Not regulated				
	U.S.A management information (CERCLA Regulation) :				
	- Copper : 5,000 lb				
	- ethyl acetate : 5,000 lb				
	- Nickel : 100 lb				
	U.S.A management information (EPCRA 302 Regulation): Not regulated				
	U.S.A management information (EPCRA 304 Regulation): Not regulated				
	U.S.A management information (EPCRA 313				



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	Regulation):		
	Copper : Regulated		
	Aluminium : Regulated		
	Nickel : Regulated		
	 lithium carbonate : Regulated 		
	Cobalt, Co : Regulated		
	Substance of Roterdame Protocol : Not regulated		
	Substance of Stockholme Protocol :		
	 lithium hexafluorophosphate(1-) : Regulated 		
	Substance of Montreal Protocol : Not regulated		
15A.2 Chemical safety assessment :	 No chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this product 		
	by the supplier.		



Part B: Battery Designation: INR19/65

Part B: SDS for batteries with Battery Designation: INR19/65

Section 1B – Product Identification	

Product Name:

RIDGID Rechargeable Lithium Ion Batteries, RB-18XX

Specifications:

Catalog Number	56513	56518
Model Number	RB-1825	RB-1850
Battery Designation	5 INR19/65	10 INR19/65
Cell Model	5 / INR18650-25R++	10 / INR18650-25R++
Rated Voltage	18 V d.c.	18 V d.c.
Nominal Voltage	18 V d.c.	18 V d.c.
Rated Capacity	2500 mAh	5000 mAh
Rated Energy	45 Wh	90 Wh

Section 2B – Hazards Identification		
Route(s) of Entry	There is no hazard when the measures for handling and storage are followed.	
Signs and Symptoms of Exposure	In case of cell damage, possible release of dangerous substances and a flammable gas mixture.	
	OSHA Hazard Communication: This material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200.	
	Carcinogenicity (NTP): Not listed	



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	Carcinogenicity (IARC): Not listed Carcinogenicity (OSHA): Not listed
Special hazards for human health and environment	There is no hazard when the measures for handling and storage are followed. In case of cell damage, possible release of dangerous substances and a flammable gas mixture.

Section 3B – Composition / Information On Ingredients

Mixture	Mixture					
CAS No.	EC No.	REACH Registration No.	% [weight]	Name	Common Name (Synonyms)	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1278/2008(CLP)
7782- 42-5	231- 955-3	-	15~25	Graphite	Not available	Not classified
12031- 65-1	Not available	-	15~25	Lithium nickelate	Not available	Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 Carc. 1A, H350i
7439- 89-6	231- 096-4	-	10~20	Iron	Not available	Not classified
12057- 17-9	Not available	-	5~15	Lithium manganese oxide	Not available	Pyr. Sol. 1, H250 Water-react. 2, H261
12190- 79-3	235- 362-0	-	1~10	cobalt lithium dioxide	Not available	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332
7440- 50-8	231- 159-6	-	1~10	Copper	Not available	Not classified
616-38- 6	210- 478-4	-	1~10	dimethyl carbonate	Not available	Flam. Liq. 2, H225
7429- 90-5	231- 072-3	-	1~10	Aluminium	Not available	Pyr. Sol. 1, H250 Water-react. 2,



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						H261	
9002- 88-4	Not available	-	1~10	Polyethylene	Not available	Not classified	
96-49-1	202- 510-0	-	1~10	1,3-Dioxolan-2-one	Not available	Not classified	
21324- 40-3	244- 334-7	-	1~10	Lithium hexafluorophosphate (1-)	Not available	Not classified	
141-78-	205-	_	0.1~1	ethyl acetate	Not	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	
6	500-4		0.1~1	emyracetate	available	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
						STOT SE 3, H336	
1333- 86-4	215- 609-9	-	0.1~1	Carbon black	Not available	Not classified	
						Skin Sens. 1, H317	
7440	224					Carc. 2, H351	
7440- 231- 02-0 111-4	-	0.1~1	Nickel	Not available	STOT RE 1, H372		
					Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		
554-13- 2	209- 062-5	-	0.1~1	lithium carbonate	Not available	Not classified	
						Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
872-50-	212-	-	0.1~1	1-Methyl-2- pyrrolidinone	Not available	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
4	828-1					STOT SE 3, H335	
						Repr. 1B, H360D	
Full text	t of each r	elevant R ph	rase can	be found in heading	16.	•	
Further	Information	on	For info	ormation purposes:			
			` '	n ingredients: Lithiun arbonates	n hexafluord	ophosphate,	
			Because of the cell structure the dangerous ingredients will not be available if used properly.				
			_	During charge process a lithium graphite intercalation phase is formed.			



Part B: Battery Designation: INR19/65

Cadmium content:	Cd < 1mg/kg
Lead content:	Pb< 10mg/kg

Section 4B – First Aid Measures

General information

The following first aid measures are required only in case of exposure to interior battery components after damage of the external battery casing.

Undamaged, closed cells do not represent a danger to health.

4B.1 Description of first aid measures

Following eye contact:

Rinse eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and seek medical attention.

Following skin contact:

- Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
- Immediately rinse contact area with plenty of clean water.
- Provide first aid to contacted area to prevent infection.
- Get medical attention.

Following inhalation:

- In case of inhalation of organic electrolyte mist, move from exposure to fresh air.
- If necessary give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Following ingestion:

- In case of ingestion of electrolyte don't induce vomiting.
- If patient is conscious and alert give 2~4 cupfuls of milk or water.
- Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.



Part B: Battery Designation : INR19/65

	Get medical attention immediately.
	Further Information :
	 The following first aid measures are required only in case of exposure to interior battery components after damage of the external battery casing.
	 Undamaged, closed cells do not represent a danger to the health.
4B.2 Most important	Acute effects : Not available
symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Delayed effects: Not available
4B.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Section 5B – Fire Fighting Measures		
5B.1 Extinguishing media	 When the scale of the fire is small, use a HFC (hydrofluorocarbon) clean-agent fire extinguisher or alcohol resistant foam fire extinguishers. (In case of battery overheating, wear protective gear and immerse heated battery in water) 	
	 In case of large fire, use large amount of water to extinguish. 	
5B.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	 Flammable gas leaks before ignition and then the product ignites. 	
5B.3 Advice for firefighters	 The ignited battery has a high temperature, so there is a risk of additional ignition even if the fire is extinguished at early stage. Sprinkle a large amount of water until the battery temperature drops to normal temperature. 	
	 If the battery is ignited in multi-stacked condition, multi-stack should be disassembled and then extinguished so that heat is not transferred between 	



Part B: Battery Designation: INR19/65

batteries
 In the event of a battery fire, cool it by spraying water directly on the battery.
 When handling an overheated battery, wear heat- resistant protective equipment.

Section 6B – Accidental Release Measures		
6B.1 Personal precautions,	For non-emergency personnel	
protective equipment and emergency procedures	Protective equipment: Use personal protective equipment, see Section 8	

Emergency procedures:

_	In case of cell damage, possible release of
	dangerous substances and a flammable gas
	mixture.

- Eliminate all ignition sources.
- Please note that materials and conditions to avoid.
- Battery may emit electrolyte if charging or discharging rates exceed manufacturer's recommendations or if pack has been breached.
- Move battery to well ventilated area to prevent gas accumulation.

For emergency responders

- Eliminate all ignition sources.
- Please note that materials and conditions to avoid.
- Move battery to well ventilated area to prevent gas accumulation.

6B.2 Environmental precautions

- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

6B.3 Methods and material for containment and

For containment : Not available

For cleaning up:



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cleaning up	Cover with Dry earth, DRY sand or other non- combustible material and put on the plastic sheet to
	minimize spreading or contact with rain.
	 Move battery to well ventilated area to prevent gas accumulation.
	 Dispose in accordance with applicable local, state and federal regulations.
	Other information: Not available
6B.4 Reference to other sections	 See also sections 8 and 13 of the Safety Data Sheet.

Section 7B – Handling And Storage		
7B.1 Precautions for safe handling	 In case of cell damage, possible release of dangerous substances and a flammable gas mixture. 	
	 The battery stores electrical energy and is capable of rapid energy discharge. 	
	 Battery cell contents are under pressure. 	
	 Handle battery carefully to avoid puncturing case or electrically shorting terminals. 	
7B.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any	Technical measures and storage conditions: Not available	
incompatibilities	Packaging materials : Not available	
	Requirements for storage rooms and vessels :	
	 Storage at room temperature (approx. 20°C) at approx. 40% of the nominal capacity 	
	 Keep in closed original container. 	
7B.3 Specific end use(s)	Recommendations : Not available	
	Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available	



Part B: Battery Designation : INR19/65

Section 8B – Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Occupational Exposure limits						
Name	ACGIH regulation	Biological exposure index	OSHA regulation	NIOSH regulation	EU regulation	
Graphite	TWA = 2mg/m3	Not available	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	
Lithium nickelate	Not applicable	Not available	TWA = 1 mg/m3 (Nickel, metal and insoluble compounds (as Ni),Nickel, soluble compounds (as Ni),CAS.no7440- 02-0)	TWA = Ca 0.015 mg/m3 (Nickel, metal and insoluble compounds (as Ni),Nickel, soluble compounds (as Ni),CAS.no7440- 02-0)	Not applicable	
Iron	Not applicable	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	
Lithium manganese oxide	TWA = 10 mg/m³ (Magnesium oxide CAS.no 1309-48-4)	Not available	TWA = 15 mg/m3 (Magnesium oxide fume – Total Particulate CAS.no 1309- 48-4)	TWA = 10 mg/m3 (Magnesium oxide fume – Total Particulate CAS.no 1309- 48-4)	Not applicable	
cobalt lithium dioxide	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	
Cobalt, Co	TWA = 0.02 mg/m3	Not available	TWA = 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA = 0.05 mg/m3	Not applicable	
Copper	TWA = 0.2 mg/m ³	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	
Dimethyl carbonate	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	
Aluminium	TWA = 1 mg/m³ (respirable Particulate matter)	Not available	TWA = 15 mg/m³ (Aluminum Metal (as Al) Total dust) TWA = 5 mg/m³	TWA = 1 mg/m³ (Aluminum Metal (as Al), Respirable fraction)	Not applicable	



Part B: Battery Designation: INR19/65

			(Aluminum Metal (as Al) Respirable fraction)		
Polyethylene	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
1,3-Dioxolan- 2-one	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Lithium hexafluoropho sphate(1-)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
ethyl acetate	TWA = 400 ppm	Not available	TWA = 400 ppm TWA = 1400 mg/m ³	TWA = 400 ppm	TWA = 734 mg/m³, TWA= 200 ppm, STEL = 1468 mg/m³, STEL = 400 ppm
Carbon black	TWA = 3mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)	Not available	TWA = 3.5 mg/m ³	TWA = 3.5 mg/m³ Ca TWA = 0.1 mg PAHs/m3 [Carbon black in presence of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)]	Not applicable
Nickel	TWA = 1.5 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)	Not available	TWA = 1 mg/m³ (metal and insoluble compounds (as Ni)) TWA = 1 mg/m³ (soluble compounds (as Ni))	Ca TWA = 0.015 mg/m3 (metal and insoluble compounds (as Ni)) Ca TWA = 0.015 mg/m3 (soluble compounds (as Ni))	Not applicable
Lithium carbonate	Not applicable	Not available	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
8B.2 Exposu	ire controls	8B.2.1 App	ropriate engine	ering controls	•
		Substance	/mixture related	l measures to p	revent



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exposure during identified uses:

- Avoid charging batteries in areas where hydrogen gas accumulate.
- Use local exhaust ventilation to maintain concentrations of hydrogen below the Lower Explosive collect and transport flammable gases in ventilation systems.
- Ensure proper ventilation is present and electrolyte mist and vapours.

Structural measures to prevent exposure:

- Avoid charging batteries in areas where hydrogen gas accumulate.
- Use local exhaust ventilation to maintain concentrations of hydrogen below the Lower Explosive collect and transport flammable gases in ventilation systems.
- Ensure proper ventilation is present and electrolyte mist and vapours.

Organisational measures to prevent exposure: Not available

Technical measures to prevent exposure:

Ensure proper ventilation is present and electrolyte mist and vapours.

8B.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

Eye and face protection

- Wear ANSI approved safety glasses with side shield during normal use.
- Wear NIOSH approved face shield with safety glasses and H.V protection during intentional disassembly.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear nitrile butyl rubber, neoprene, or PVC glove



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	during battery component disassembly.
	 Discard contaminated work clothing after one work day.
	Other skin protection
	 Wear protective clothing during battery component disassembly.
	 Discard contaminated work clothing after one work day.
	Respiratory protection :
	None required during normal use.
	 Wear NIOSH or European Standard EN 149 approved full or half face piece (with goggles) respiratory protective equipment when necessary.
	 In lack of oxygen(< 19.5%), wear the supplied-air respirator or self contained oxygen breathing apparatus.
	 In case exposed to particulate material, the respiratory protective equipments as follow are recommended; facepiece filtering respirator or air- purifying respirator, high-efficiency particulate air(HEPA) filter media or respirator equipped with powered fan, filter media of use (dust, mist, fume)
8B.3 Environmental exposure controls	Substance/mixture related measures to prevent exposure: Not available
	Instruction measures to prevent exposure: Not available
	Organisational measures to prevent exposure: Not available
	Technical measures to prevent exposure: Not available



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Sect	ion 9B – Physical And Chemical Properties
Information on basic	physical and chemical properties
Appearance	Description : Solid
	Color: Not available
	Odor: Odorless
	Odor threshold: Not available
	pH: Not available
	Melting point/freezing point : Not available
	Initial boiling point and boiling range: Not available
	Flash point: Not available
	Evaporation rate: Not available
	Flammability (solid, gas): Not available
	Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: Not available
	Vapor pressure : Not available
	Solubility (ies): insoluble.
	Vapor density: Not available
	Relative density: Not available
	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not available
	Auto ignition temperature : Not available
	Decomposition temperature : Not available
	Viscosity: Not available
	Explosive properties : Not available
	Oxidizing properties: Not available
	Molecular weight : Not available
9B.2 Other information	on Not available



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Section 10B – Stability And Reactivity

10B.1 Reactivity	_	Stable at ambient temperature.
10B.2 Chemical stability	_	There is no hazard when the measures for handling and storage are followed.
	_	Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.
10B.3 Possibility of	_	Will not occur under normal conditions.
hazardous reactions	_	In case of cell damage, possible release of dangerous substances and a flammable gas mixture.
	_	Containers may explode when heated Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic gases Some liquids produce vapors that may cause dizziness or suffocation Inhalation of material may be harmful.
10B.4 Conditions to avoid	_	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
	_	Friction, heat, sparks or flames
	_	Dusts or shavings from borings, turnings, cuttings, etc.
	_	Do not exceed manufacturer's recommendation for charging or use battery for an application for which it was not specifically designed.
	_	Do not electrically short.
10B.5 Incompatible	_	Avoid contact with acids and oxidizers.
materials	_	Keep away from any possible contact with water, because of violent reaction and possible flash fire.
	_	Handle under inert gas. Protect from moisture.
	_	Combustibles, reducing agents
10B.6 Hazardous	_	None under normal conditions.
decomposition products	_	Corrosive and/or toxic fume
	_	Material may produce irritating and highly toxic gases from decomposition by heat and combustion during burning.



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 Irritating and/or toxic gases

Section 11B – Toxicological Information

This is a product that fulfills a certain function in solid state with specific shape without discharging any chemical substance in its use and has no obligation to write (M)SDS. Since this document contains the precautions for safe handling related to its materials or chemical substances consisting of this product, please note that these overall information is irrelevant to this product.

11B.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Oral: ATEmix = 1770 mg/kg bw

- Graphite: Rat LD₅₀ > 2,000 mg/kg (female)(OECD Guideline 401) - Fe : Rat $LD_{50} = 98,600 \text{ mg/kg}$ (Reduced iron, OECD TG 401) - Copper : Rat LD₅₀ > 2,500 mg/kg (Cupric oxide; read across)(OECD TG 423, GLP) -Dimethyl carbonate : Rat $LD_{50} > 5,000 \text{ mg/kg}$ (male/female) (OECD Guideline 401) - Aluminum : Rat LD50 > 15,900 mg/kg (OECD TG 401)(Fumed alumina; read across) - Polyethylene : Rat LD₅₀ > 2,000 mg/kg -1,3-Dioxolan-2-one : Rat $LD_{50} = 10,400 \text{ mg/kg (male)}$ (OECD Guideline 401) - Lithium hexafluorophosphate(1-) : Rat LD₅₀ = $50 \sim 300$ mg/kg (Female)(OECD Guideline 423, GLP) - Ethyl acetate: Rat LD50 = 4,934 mg/kg -Carbon black : Rat $LD_{50} > 8,000 \text{ mg/kg}$ (OECD TG 401) - Nickel; Raney nickel: Rat LD₅₀ > 9,000 mg/kg (male/female) (OECD Guideline 401, GLP) - Lithium carbonate; Lithane: Rat LD₅₀ = 525 mg/kg

Dermal:

- Copper : Rat LD₅₀ > 2,000 mg/kg (OECD TG 402, GLP) – Dimethyl carbonate : Rabbit LD₅₀ > 2,000 mg/kg (male/female) - 1,3-Dioxolan-2- one : Rat LD₅₀ > 2,000 mg/kg (male/female) (OECD Guideline 402) – Ethyl acetate : Rabbit LD₅₀ > 20,000 mg/kg (male) - Lithium carbonate; Lithane : Rabbit LD₅₀ > 3,000 mg/kg (male/female) (OECD Guideline 402)



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Inhalation: - Graphite : Rat LD₅₀ > 2 mg/L/4hr (male/female) (OECD Guideline 403) - Fe : Rat $LC_{50} > 100 \text{ mg/m}^3/6\text{hr}$ -Dimethyl carbonate : Rat $LD_{50} > 5.36 \text{ mg/L/4hr}$ (male/female) (OECD Guideline 403) - Aluminum : Rat $LC_{50} > 0.888 \text{ mg/L/4hr}$ (analytical) (OECD TG 403) -1,3- Dioxolan-2-one : Rat $LC_0 = 730 \text{ mg/m}^3 / 8 \text{hr}$ - Ethyl acetate: Rat LCL₀ > 6000 ppm (male/female) - Carbon black : Rat $LC_{50} > 0.005$ mg/L/4hr - Lithium carbonate; Lithane : Rat $LC_{50} > 2 \text{ mg/L/4hr}$ (male/female) (OECD Guideline 403) Skin corrosion/irritation: - Graphite: In the skin irritation test using rabbits, the test material was not irritating. (OECD Guideline 404, GLP) -Fe: In test on skin irritation with rabbits, skin irritations were not observed.(Read across; Fe3O4)(OECD TG 404, GLP) - Copper: In test on skin irritation with rabbits, skin irritations were not observed. (OECD TG 404, GLP) - Dimethyl carbonate: In the skin irritation test using rabbits, the test material was not irritating. (OECD Guideline 404) - Aluminum : Aluminium oxide caused slight erythema in 2/12 rabbits. The observed effects do not lead to a classification. Aluminium oxide is, therefore, not considered to be a primary skin irritant. (OECD TG 404)(Read across; aluminium oxide) - Polyethylene: No irritation was observed at the other two treated sites and no corrosive effects were noted during the study using rabbits. The primary irritation index was calculated as 0.2 and polyethylene was classified as a mild irritant. - 1,3-Dioxolan-2- one: In the skin irritation test using rabbits, the test material was not classified. (OECD Guideline 404, GLP) – Lithium hexafluorophosphate(1-): In the skin irritation test using human, the test material was corrosive. (EU Method B.40, GLP) - Ethyl acetate: In the skin irritation test using rabbits, the test material was slightly irritating. (OECD Guideline 404) - Carbon black: In test on skin irritation with rabbits, skin irritations were not observed. (OECD TG 404) - Nickel; Raney nickel: Industrial nickel dust causes nickel dermatitis. - Lithium carbonate; Lithane: In the skin



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irritation test using rabbits, the test material was not irritating. (OECD Guideline 404, GLP)
Serious eye damage/ irritation :
- Graphite: In the eye irritation test using rabbit, the test material was not irritating. (OECD Guideline 405, GLP) - Fe: In test on eyes irritation with rabbits, eyes irritations were not observed. (Read across; Fe3O4) (OECD TG 405, GLP) - Copper: In test on skin irritation with rabbits, skin irritations were not observed. (OECD TG 405, GLP) - Dimethyl carbonate: In the eye irritation test using rabbit, the test material was not irritating. (GLP) - Aluminum: An eye irritation study of the aluminium oxide was performed in rabbits. No eye irritation/ corrosion effects were observed. (Read across; aluminium oxide) - Polyethylene: Mild irritants were observed in eye irritation test with rabbits. (Score 11.7/110) - 1,3-Dioxolan-2-one: In the eye irritation test using rabbit, the test material was moderately irritating. (OECD Guideline 405, GLP) - Lithium hexafluorophosphate(1-): In the eye irritation test using fertilised brown leghorn chicken eggs, the test material was severely irritating. (GLP) - Ethyl acetate: In the eyes irritation test using rabbits, the test material was not irritating. (OECD Guideline 405) - Carbon black: In test on eyes irritation with rabbits, eyes irritations were snot observed. (OECD TG 405) - Lithium carbonate; Lithane: In the eye irritation test using rabbit, the test material was moderately irritating. (OECD Guideline 405, GLP)
Respiratory sensitization :
- Aluminum : Al2O3 was the least inflammatory material tested and led to only weak effects on the mouse lung. (Read across; Aluminium oxide) - Carbon black : In respiratory sensitization test with mice, it did not induce respiratory sensitization.
Skin sensitization :
- Graphite: In the skin sensitization test using mice, the test material was not skin sensitization. (OECD Guideline 429, GLP) - Fe: In the test using guinea pigs, the test substance was not considered to be a dermal sensitizer



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in guinea pigs.(read across; FeO, Fe2O3) - Copper: In maximization test on skin sensitization with guinea pig, skin sensitization was not observed. (OECD TG 406, GLP) – Dimethyl carbonate: In the skin sensitization test using guinea pig, this material was not skin sensitizing. (OECD Guideline 406, GLP) - Aluminum: In test with guinea pigs, it can be concluded that aluminium oxide has no sensitisation potential under the experimental conditions. (Read across; Aluminium oxide) - Polyethylene: No reactions were observed in skin sensitization test with guinea pigs 1,3-Dioxolan-2-one: In the skin sensitization test using guinea pig, this material was not classified. (OECD Guideline 406, GLP) – Lithium hexafluorophosphate(1-): In the skin sensitization test using mice, the test material was not skin sensitization. (OECD Guideline 429, GLP) - Ethyl acetate: In the skin sensitization test using guinea pig, this material was not skin sensitization test using guinea pig, this material was not skin sensitization test with guinea pig, it did not induce skin sensitization. (OECD TG 406, GLP)
- Nickel; Raney nickel: Nickel hypersensitivity dermatitis may be initiated by contact with nickel on the skin. — Lithium carbonate; Lithane: In the skin sensitization test using guinea pig, this material was not skin sensitizing. (OECD Guideline 406, GLP)
Carcinogenicity :
IARC
- Nickel : Group 2B
- Cobalt and cobalt compounds : Group 2B
- Polyethylene : Group 3
- Carbon black : Group 2B
NTP
- Nickel : R
- Iron : Present
OSHA
- Nickel : Present



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ACGIH

- Nickel: A5

- Cobalt and cobalt compounds: A3

- Aluminum : A4

- Carbon black: A3

KOREA-ISHL

- Cobalt and inorganic compounds: 2

- Carbon black: 2 - Nickel: 1A

EU

- Lithium nickelate: Carc.1A

- Nickel: Carc.2

- Copper: EPA IRIS: D In carcinogenicity study with rat, tumor was not observed.

tumor was not observed.

- Polyethylene: Fifty rats were implanted with polyethylene. In the polyethylene group, 23 developed tumors (two of these were unrelated to the implants).

Mutagenicity:

- Graphite: Negative reactions were observed in vitro (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay(OECD Guideline 471, GLP)). - Fe: In mammalian cell gene mutation assay electrolytic iron, positive carbonyl iron exhibited a cytotoxic and mutagenic response (OECD TG 476) -Copper: Negative reactions were observed in both in vitro(Ames test) and in vivo(DNA damage and/or repair; unscheduled DNA synthesis, micronucleus assay). (GLP) - Dimethyl carbonate : Negative reactions were observed in both in vitro (Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test (OECD Guideline 473, GLP)) and in vivo (Mammalian Spermatogonial Chromosome Aberration Test (OECD Guideline 483)) - Aluminum : Negative reactions were observed in vitro (mammalian cell gene mutation assay with mouse lymphoma L5178Y cells(OECD TG 476, GLP)) and in vivo (micronucleus assay with rats (OECD TG 474, GLP)). (Aluminium hydroxide, aluminium chloride, aluminum oxide; read across) - Polyethylene: Negative reactions were observed in Ames test using Salmonella typhimurium and Escherichia coli. - 1,3-



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_	
	Dioxolan-2-one: Negative reactions were observed in vitro (mammalian cell gene mutation assay (OECD Guideline 476, GLP)). – Lithium hexafluorophosphate(1-): Negative reactions were observed in both in vivo (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus test(OECD Guideline 474)) and in vitro (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay(OECD Guideline 471, GLP)) Ethyl acetate: Negative reactions were observed in both in vitro(Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay(OECD Guideline 471)) and in vivo (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test(OECD Guideline 474)) Carbon black: Negative reactions were observed in both in vitro(Bacterial gene mutation test(OECD TG 471, GLP), Chromosomal aberrations test(OECD TG 476)) and in vivo(DNA damage and/or repair test) Lithium carbonate; Lithane: Negative reactions were observed in vitro (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay(OECD Guideline 471, GLP)).
	Reproductive toxicity:
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

- Copper: In reproductive toxicity with rats, there were no effects considered (up to 1500 ppm). (OECD TG 416, GLP) - Aluminum: No reproduction, breeding and early post-natal developmental toxicity was observed in rats at 1000 mg/kg bw for males and females. (OECD TG 422. GLP)(Aluminium chloride; read across) - Lithium hexafluorophosphate(1-): In the two-generation reproductive toxicity with rats, no effects observed on reproductive toxicity. (male/female)(OECD Guideline 416, GLP)(OECD Guideline 414)(Information on major hydrolysis product of the registered substance (released rapidly on contact with water/moisture)) - Carbon black : No adverse effects on the reproductive function are expected.(OECD TG 414)

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure):

- Fe : If inhaled, iron is a local irritant to the lung and gastrointestinal tract. - Copper: All animals showed expected gains in bodyweight over the study period and there were no abnormalities noted at necropsy. (OECD TG 423, GLP) - Aluminum : In test using rats, Clinical signs of depression, laboured respiration, piloerection and hunched appearance was noted at the highest dose 15900 mg/kg. Macroscopic examination at the end of the



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observation period did not reveal any aluminium-related changes of the internal organs of the aluminium treated animals compared to the control group. (OECD TG 401)(Fumed alumina; read across) - Polyethylene: No test substance related toxic effects were observed in an acute oral toxicity study with rats. - Lithium hexafluorophosphate(1-): Clinical signs observed during the study period were lethargy, hunched posture, uncoordinated movements, piloerection at 300 mg/kg, hunched posture, piloerection at 50 mg/kg. The surviving animals had recovered from the symptoms by Day 3.(OECD Guideline 423, GLP) - Carbon black : No effect on endothelins or blood pressure was observed after exposure to carbon black. There were also no effects on body temperature and activity of the animals. - Nickel; Raney nickel: In the acute oral toxicity using rat, there were no effects on clinical signs, systemic toxicity.(OECD Guideline 401, GLP)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeat exposure):

- Fe: Rats were exposed to metallic iron as carbonyl iron via their feed (2.5%) for 2, 4, 6, or 9 weeks. This resulted in a strong increase of non-heme iron in the liver and clear lipid peroxidation in the liver and the mucosa of the duodenum. No evidence for DNA breakage were found. What follows is the original abstract of the publication. (carbonyl iron) - Copper: In test with rats for 92 days, there were no mortalities or signs of clinical toxicity observed in any of the test species during the duration of the study. Opthalmoscopic examinations revealed no abnormalities at any dose level tested. At gross pathology, significant decreases in heart and kidney weight were noted in the high dose males in the thymus and kidneys of high dose females. (GLP) - Aluminum: On occasion workers chronically exposed to aluminumcontaining dusts or fumes have developed severe pulmonary reactions including fibrosis, emphysema and pneumothorax. - Polyethylene: No significant adverse effects were observed in subchronic (90-day) oral toxicity study with rats and dogs. - Lithium hexafluorophosphate(1-): According to expert review of fluoride intake and effects on human health, fluoride intake in drinking water at levels close to or above 4 mg/l



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	is associated with dental fluorosis and perhaps also bone fluorosis and/or weakening.; Damage to dental enamel recorded: especially notable in young animals, which also showed atrophy of respiratory organs/tissues with local oedema of bronchial mucosa. Older animals
	showed peribronchial hyperplasia. Animals around 1 year in age showed cavity formation in their bones.(Information on major hydrolysis product of the registered substance (released rapidly on contact with water/moisture))(OECD Guideline 412)
	- Carbon black: Mice were continuously fed various types of carbon black in massive quantities (10% in diet) for 12 to 18 months. This led to no detectable changes from the normal in the organs and tissues of the mice fed Nickel; Raney nickel: In nickel plating industry, exposure to nickel containing vapors has been reported to be associated with asthma.
Aspiration Hazard :	Not available

Section 12B – Ecological Information	

This is a product that fulfills a certain function in solid state with specific shape without discharging any chemical substance in its use and has no obligation to write (M)SDS. Since this document contains the precautions for safe handling related to its materials or chemical substances consisting of this product, please note that these overall information is irrelevant to this product.

12B.1 Ecological toxicity	- Acute toxicity : ATEmix = 0.14 mg/ℓ
Fish	- Graphite : 96hr-LC ₅₀ (Brachydanio rerio) $>$ 100 mg/L - Fe : 96hr-LC ₅₀ $>$ 10000 mg/L (OECD TG 203, GLP) - cobalt lithium dioxide : 96hr- LC ₅₀ = 54.1 mg/L (Read across; cobalt (II) chloride hexahydrate), 34d- NOEC (Pimephales promelas) = 0.21 mg/L - Aluminum : 96hr-LC ₅₀ $>$ 218.64 mg/L (GLP)(Read across; aluminium chloride hexahydrate), 28d-NOEC (Pimephales promelas) = 4.7 mg/L (Read across; aluminium sulphate) - 1,3-Dioxolan-2-one : 96hr-LC ₅₀ $>$ 100 mg/L (OECD Guideline 203, GLP) - Lithium hexafluorophosphate(1-) :
	Caracinio 200, OZI / Zianam novandoroprioopriato(1).



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	96hr- $LC_{50} = 51 \sim 193$ mg/L Information on major hydrolysis product of the registered substance (released rapidly on contact with water/moisture); 21d-NOEC = 4 mg F-/L - Ethyl acetate : 96hr- $LC_{50} = 230$ mg/L - Carbon black : 96hr- $LC_0 = 1000$ mg/L (OECD TG 203, GLP) - Lithium carbonate; Lithane : 96hr- $LC_{50} = 30.3$ mg/L (OECD Guideline 203, GLP), 34d-NOEC (Danio rerio) = 15.28 mg/L (Read across; lithium hydroxide monohydrate)(OECD Guideline 210, GLP)
Crustacean	- Graphite : 48hr-EC $_{50}$ (Daphnia magna) $>$ 100 mg/L - Fe : 48hr-EC $_{50}$ $>$ 100 mg/L (OECD TG 202, GLP) - cobalt lithium dioxide : 48hr-EC $_{50}$ = 2.618 mg/L (GLP)(Read across; cobalt (II) chloride hexahydrate), 42d- NOEC (Neanthes arenaceodentata) = 0.713 mg/L (ASTM Method E1562, GLP) - Aluminum : 48hr-LC $_{50}$ = 0.071 mg/L (Read across; CAS 13473-90-0), 8d-NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia) = 4.9 mg/L (Read across; CAS 7784-13-6) - 1,3-Dioxolan-2-one : 48hr-EC $_{50}$ $>$ 100 mg/L (OECD Guideline 202, GLP) - Lithium hexafluorophosphate(1-) : 48hr-LC $_{50}$ $>$ 100 mg/L (OECD Guideline 202, GLP);21d-NOEC(Daphnia magna) = 10 mg/L (Information on major hydrolysis product of the registered substance (released rapidly on contact with water/moisture)) (OECD guideline 202, GLP) - Ethyl acetate : 24hr-EC $_{50}$ = 2500 mg/L - Carbon black : 24hr-EC $_{50}$ $>$ 5600 mg/L (OECD TG 202, GLP) - Lithium carbonate; Lithane : 48hr-EC $_{50}$ = 33.2 mg/L (OECD Guideline 202, GLP), 21d-NOEC (Daphnia magna) = 9 mg/L (Read across; lithium)(OECD Guideline 211, GLP)
Algae	- Graphite : 72hr-EC $_{50}$ (Selenastrum capricornutum) > 100 mg/L - cobalt lithium dioxide : 96hr-EC $_{50}$ = 71.314 mg/L (Read across; cobalt (II) chloride hexahydrate), 96hr-NOEC (Dunaliella tertiolecta) = 4.672 mg/L - Aluminum : 72hr-EC $_{50}$ = 0.0169 mg/L (OECD TG 201), (Read across; CAS 13473-90-0) - 1,3-Dioxolan-2-one : 72hr-EC $_{50}$ > 100 mg/L (OECD Guideline 201, GLP), 72hr-NOEC(Selenastrum capricornutum) = 100mg/L(OECD Guideline 201, GLP) – Lithium hexafluorophosphate(1-) : 96hr-EC $_{50}$ > 100 mg/L ; 96h-NOEC = 22 mg/L (OECD Guideline 201, GLP) - Carbon black : 72hr-EC $_{50}$ > 10000 mg/L , 72hr-NOEC >



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	10,000mg/I (OECD TG 201, GLP) – Lithium carbonate; Lithane : 72hr-EC ₅₀ > 400 mg/L
12B.2 Persistence and	Persistence
degradability	- Graphite: Low persistency (log Kow is less than 4 estimated.) (Log Kow = 0.78) - Aluminum: Low persistency (log Kow is less than 4 estimated.) (Log Kow = 0.33) (estimated) - 1,3-Dioxolan-2-one: Low persistency (log Kow is less than 4 estimated.) (Log Kow = 0.11) (20 °C, pH> 5.33 - < 5.79)(EU Method A.8, GLP) - Lithium hexafluorophosphate(1-): Low persistency (log Kow is less than 4 estimated.) (Log Kow = 0.354) (20 °C, pH > 6.5 - < 7.5)(OECD Guideline 107, GLP) - Ethyl acetate: Low persistency (log Know is less than 4 estimated.) (Log Kow = 0.68)
	Degradability: Not available
	C. Bioaccumulative potential
	Bioaccumulation
	- Graphite : Bioaccumulation is expected to be low according to the BCF < 500 (BCF = 2.433) - cobalt lithium dioxide : Bioaccumulation is expected to be low according to the BCF < 500 (BCF = 23) (Read across; 57CoCl) - Copper : Bioaccumulation is expected to be low according to the BCF < 500 (BCF = 0.02 ~ 20) - Dimethyl carbonate : Bioaccumulation is expected to be low according to the BCF < 500 (BCF = 3.2) - Aluminum : Bioaccumulation is expected to be low according to the BCF < 500 (BCF = 3.162) (estimated) - 1,3-Dioxolan-2-one : Bioaccumulation is expected to be low according to the BCF < 500 (BCF = 3.162) (estimated) - Lithium hexafluorophosphate(1-) : Bioaccumulation is expected to be low according to the BCF < 500 (BCF < 31) - Ethyl acetate : Bioaccumulation is expected to be low according to the BCF < 500 (BCF = 30) - Nickel; Raney nickel : Bioaccumulation is expected to be low according to the BCF < 500 (BCF = 70)
	Biodegradation
	- Dimethyl carbonate : As well-biodegraded, it is expected to have low accumulation potential in living organisms (= 86% biodegradation was observed after 28



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	days) (OECD Guideline 301 C, GLP) - Polyethylene: As not well-biodegraded, it is expected to have high accumulation potential in living organisms (= 0% biodegradation was observed after 28 days) - 1,3-Dioxolan-2-one: As well-biodegraded, it is expected to have low accumulation potential in living organisms (70% ~ 80% biodegradation was observed after 10 days) (OECD Guideline 301 A, GLP) - Lithium hexafluorophosphate(1-): As well-biodegraded, it is expected to have low accumulation potential in living organisms (= 86% biodegradation was observed after 28 days) (OECD Guideline 301 C, GLP) - Ethyl acetate: As well-biodegraded, it is expected to have low accumulation potential in living organisms (= 62% biodegradation was observed after 10 days) - Carbon black: carbon black is an inorganic substance and will not biodegraded by microorganisms
12B.4 Mobility in soil	- 1,3-Dioxolan-2-one : Low potency of mobility to soil. (Koc = 3.219) (estimated) - Ethyl acetate : Low potency of mobility to soil. (Koc = 6) - Nickel; Raney nickel : Low potency of mobility to soil. (Koc = 2.86)
12B.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment :	Not available
12B.6 Other adverse effects:	Not available

Section 13B – Disposal Consideration		
Waste treatment methods		
Product/Packaging disposal	Consider the required attentions in accordance with waste treatment management regulation.	
Waste codes / Waste designation according to LoW (2015)	16-06-05	
Waste treatment relevant information	Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.	



Only Lithium battery during transport:

Product Name: RIDGID Rechargeable Lithium Ion Batteries, RB-18XX

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Sewage disposal relevant information	Not available
Other disposal recommendations	Not available

Section 14B – Transportation Information

The product has passed the test items of UN Model Regulations, Manual of test and Criteria Section 38.3 and UN Model Regulations, SP188,1.2m drop test. The total net weight of the Lithium batteries is less than 10 kg.	
IATA DGR (61thEdition):	Proper Shipping Name: Lithium Ion batteries
	UN Number: UN3480
	Hazard Class:9
	The product shall meet the General Requirements and Section IB of Packaging Instruction 965.
	According to 3.9.2.6.1(g) of IATA DGR(61thEdition), manufacturers and subsequent distributors of cells or batteries manufactured after 30 June 2003 shall make available the test summary as specified in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 38.3, paragraph 38.3.5.
IMO IMDG Code: (2020 Edition)	The product is not restricted to the other provisions of IMO IMDG Code according to special provision 188.

According to 2.9.4.7 of IMDG Code(2020 Edition), manufacturers and subsequent distributors of cells or batteries manufactured after 30 June 2003 shall make available the test summary as specified in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 38.3, paragraph

Lithium battery contained in the equipment during transport:

38.3.5.

The product has passed the test items of UN Model Regulations, Manual of test and Criteria Section 38.3. The total net weight of the lithium batteries is less than 5kg.

IATA DGR (61thEdition): The product shall meet the General Requirements and



Part B: Battery Designation : INR19/65

	Section II of Packaging Instruction 967.
	According to 3.9.2.6.1(g) of IATA DGR(61thEdition), manufacturers and subsequent distributors of cells or batteries manufactured after 30 June 2003 shall make available the test summary as specified in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 38.3, paragraph 38.3.5.
IMO IMDG Code: (2020 Edition)	The product is not restricted to the other provisions of IMO IMDG Code according to special provision 188.
	According to 2.9.4.7 of IMDG Code(2020 Edition), manufacturers and subsequent distributors of cells or batteries manufactured after 30 June 2003 shall make available the test summary as specified in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 38.3, paragraph 38.3.5.

Section 15B – Regulatory Information	
Safety, health and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
EU regulations	Authorisations and/or restrictions on use:
	Authorisations: Not regulated
	Restrictions on use:
	Nickel : Regulated
	Other EU regulations:
	EU SVHC list
Regulatory information EU	Labelling
	Hazardous components which must be listed on the label
	As an article the product does not need to be labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws.
	EU regulatory information



Part B: Battery Designation: INR19/65

	1999/13/EC (VOC): 0%
Foreign Regulatory Information	External information :
	U.S.A management information (OSHA Regulation) : Not regulated
	U.S.A management information (CERCLA Regulation) :
	- Copper : 5,000 lb
	ethyl acetate: 5,000 lb
	- Nickel : 100 lb
	U.S.A management information (EPCRA 302 Regulation): Not regulated
	U.S.A management information (EPCRA 304 Regulation): Not regulated
	U.S.A management information (EPCRA 313 Regulation) :
	Copper : Regulated
	- Aluminium : Regulated
	- Nickel : Regulated
	- lithium carbonate : Regulated
	- Cobalt, Co : Regulated
	Substance of Roterdame Protocol : Not regulated
	Substance of Stockholme Protocol :
	lithium hexafluorophosphate(1-) : Regulated
	Substance of Montreal Protocol : Not regulated
15B.2 Chemical safety assessment :	 - No chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this product
	by the supplier.



Section 16 – Other Information

Prepared by: Ridge Tool Company

Operating Standard. 6-424, Rev. E Engineering Change. ECN000737 Issue Date:October 13, 2021 Last Revision Date: May 5, 2021

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Product safety data sheet for prepared in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830 (REACH), Annex II, and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200

Abbreviations and acronyms

ACGIH = American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists

CLP = Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

CAS No. = Chemical Abstracts Service number

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Levels

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EC Number = EINECS and ELINCS Number (see also EINECS and ELINCS)

EU = European Union

IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer

ISHL = Industrial Safety & Health Law

NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health

NTP = National Toxicology Program

OSHA = European Agency for Safety and Health at work

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance

PNEC(s) = Predicted No Effect Concentration(s)

REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 453/2010

STP = Sewage Treatment Plant

SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

UN = United Nations

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (IMO)

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

CERCLA = Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation & Liability Act (US)

EPCRA = Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-



	Know Act (US)
	EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
	ELINCS = European List of Notified Chemical Substances
Key literature reference and sources for data :	U.S. National library of Medicine (NLM) Hazardous Substances Data Bank (HSDB)
	LookChem; http://www.lookchem.com/
	IUCLID: http://ecb.jrc.ec.europa.eu/IUCLID- DataSheets/7631905.pdf
	CHRIP(Chemical Risk Information Platform)
	EPISUITE v4.11; http://www.epa.gov/opt/exposure/pubs/episuitedl.html
	The Chemical Database -The Department of Chemistry at the University of Akron; http://ull.chemistry.uakron.edu/erd/
	ECOTOX: http://cfpub.epa.gov/ecotox/
	International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC): http://www.nihs.go.jp/ICSC/
	National Chemical Information System (http://ncis.nier.go.kr)
	Korea Dangerous Material Inventory Management System (http://hazmat.nema.go.kr)
	REACH information on registered substances;
	https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals/registered-substances
	EU CLP; https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventorydatabase
	NIOSH Pocket Guide; http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npg/npgdcas.html
	IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans; http://monographs.iarc.fr
	National Toxicology Program; http://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/results/dbsearch/
	TOMES-LOLI®;



Classification and procedure used to derive	http://www.rightanswerknowledge.com/loginRA.asp UN Recommendations on the transport of dangerous goods 17 th American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists TLVs and BEIs. Not classified
the classification for mixtures according to Regulation(EC) 1272/2008(CLP):	
Relevant H-statements:	Not applicable
Training advice :	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Further information :	Data of sections 4 to 8, as well as 10 to 12, do not necessarily refer to the use and the regular handling of the product (in this sense consult package leaflet and expert information), but to release of major amounts in case of accidents and irregularities. The information describes exclusively the safety requirements for the product(s) and is based on the present level of our knowledge. This data does not constitute a guarantee for the characteristics of the product(s) as defined by the legal warranty regulations. "(n.a. = not applicable; n.d. = not determined)" The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the subcontractor's safety data sheet.