SHARK 100/100T/100B/-100BT/50/50B

Multifunction Power & Energy Meters/Transducers



SHARK® 50 Multifunction Meter 0.5% Class with Modbus



SHARK® 100 Multifunction Meter 0.2% Class with Modbus + DNP 3.0



SHARK® 50B Meter with BACnet MS / TP



SHARK® 100T Multilunction Transducer with Modbus + DNP 3.0



SHARK® 100B



SHARK® 100BT Transducer with BACnet / IP

User Manual

V.1.38 March 20, 2023



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Use of Product for Protection

Our products are not to be used for primary over-current protection. Any protection feature in our products is to be used for alarm or secondary protection only.

Statement of Calibration

Our instruments are inspected and tested in accordance with specifications published by Electro Industries/GaugeTech. The accuracy and a calibration of our instruments are traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology through equipment that is calibrated at planned intervals by comparison to certified standards. For optimal performance, EIG recommends that any meter, including those manufactured by EIG, be verified for accuracy on a yearly interval using NIST traceable accuracy standards. In general, EIG metering devices should not require regular adjustments to maintain published accuracy.

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Safety Symbols



In this manual, this symbol indicates that the operator must refer to an important WARNING or CAUTION in the operating instructions. Please see Chapter 4 for important safety information regarding installation and hookup of the meter.

Dans ce manuel, ce symbole indique que l'opérateur doit se référer à un important AVERTISSEMENT ou une MISE EN GARDE dans les instructions opérationnelles. Veuillez consulter le chapitre 4 pour des informations importantes relatives à l'installation et branchement du compteur.

The following safety symbols may be used on the meter itself: Les symboles de sécurité suivante peuvent être utilisés sur le compteur même:



This symbol alerts you to the presence of high voltage, which can cause dangerous electrical shock.

Ce symbole vous indique la présence d'une haute tension qui peut provoquer une décharge électrique dangereuse.



This symbol indicates the field wiring terminal that must be connected to earth ground before operating the meter, which protects against electrical shock in case of a fault condition.

Ce symbole indique que la borne de pose des canalisations in-situ qui doit être branchée dans la mise à terre avant de faire fonctionner le compteur qui est protégé contre une décharge électrique ou un état défectueux.



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Our Focus at Electro Industries/GaugeTech (EIG)

EIG exclusively delivers integrated energy and power quality monitoring solutions utilizing AI and deep industry expertise to improve reliability, efficiency, and sustainability. With over 50 years' experience in the electrical industry, EIG has developed extensive energy management and power quality expertise to help customers find ideal solutions to complex challenges. Our corporate culture promotes being cutting edge and investing in R&D to continually improve our customer experience.

Our solutions are designed to deliver results in days, not years. Known for our reputation as being a dependable provider and for exemplary service and support, EIG is committed to customer satisfaction.



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1: Three-Phase Power Measurement

This introduction to three-phase power and power measurement is intended to provide only a brief overview of the subject. The professional meter engineer or meter technician should refer to more advanced documents such as the EEI Handbook for Electricity Metering and the application standards for more in-depth and technical coverage of the subject.

1.1: Three-Phase System Configurations

Three-phase power is most commonly used in situations where large amounts of power will be used because it is a more effective way to transmit the power and because it provides a smoother delivery of power to the end load. There are two commonly used connections for three-phase power, a wye connection or a delta connection. Each connection has several different manifestations in actual use.

When attempting to determine the type of connection in use, it is a good practice to follow the circuit back to the transformer that is serving the circuit. It is often not possible to conclusively determine the correct circuit connection simply by counting the wires in the service or checking voltages. Checking the transformer connection will provide conclusive evidence of the circuit connection and the relationships between the phase voltages and ground.

1.1.1: Wye Connection

The wye connection is so called because when you look at the phase relationships and the winding relationships between the phases it looks like a Y. Figure 1.1 depicts the winding relationships for a wye-connected service. In a wye service the neutral (or center point of the wye) is typically grounded. This leads to common voltages of 208/ 120 and 480/277 (where the first number represents the phase-to-phase voltage and the second number represents the phase-to-ground voltage).



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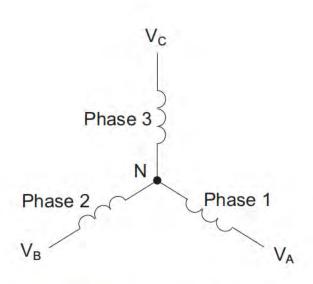


Figure 1.1: Three-phase Wye Winding

The three voltages are separated by 120° electrically. Under balanced load conditions the currents are also separated by 120°. However, unbalanced loads and other conditions can cause the currents to depart from the ideal 120° separation. Three-phase voltages and currents are usually represented with a phasor diagram. A phasor diagram for the typical connected voltages and currents is shown in Figure 1.2.

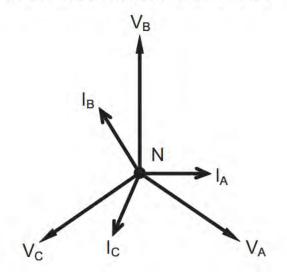


Figure 1.2: Phasor Diagram Showing Three-phase Voltages and Currents



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The phasor diagram shows the 120° angular separation between the phase voltages. The phase-to-phase voltage in a balanced three-phase wye system is 1.732 times the phase-to-neutral voltage. The center point of the wye is tied together and is typically grounded. Table 1.1 shows the common voltages used in the United States for wyeconnected systems.

Phase to Ground Voltage	Phase to Phase Voltage
120 volts	208 volts
277 volts	480 volts
2,400 volts	4,160 volts
7,200 volts	12,470 volts
7,620 volts	13,200 volts

Table 1: Common Phase Voltages on Wye Services

Usually a wye-connected service will have four wires: three wires for the phases and one for the neutral. The three-phase wires connect to the three phases (as shown in Figure 1.1). The neutral wire is typically tied to the ground or center point of the wye.

In many industrial applications the facility will be fed with a four-wire wye service but only three wires will be run to individual loads. The load is then often referred to as a delta-connected load but the service to the facility is still a wye service; it contains four wires if you trace the circuit back to its source (usually a transformer). In this type of connection the phase to ground voltage will be the phase-to-ground voltage indicated in Table 1, even though a neutral or ground wire is not physically present at the load. The transformer is the best place to determine the circuit connection type because this is a location where the voltage reference to ground can be conclusively identified.



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1.1.2: Delta Connection

Delta-connected services may be fed with either three wires or four wires. In a threephase delta service the load windings are connected from phase-to-phase rather than from phase-to-ground. Figure 1.3 shows the physical load connections for a delta service.

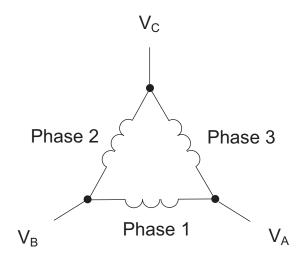


Figure 1.3: Three-phase Delta Winding Relationship

In this example of a delta service, three wires will transmit the power to the load. In a true delta service, the phase-to-ground voltage will usually not be balanced because the ground is not at the center of the delta.

Figure 1.4 shows the phasor relationships between voltage and current on a threephase delta circuit.

In many delta services, one corner of the delta is grounded. This means the phase to ground voltage will be zero for one phase and will be full phase-to-phase voltage for the other two phases. This is done for protective purposes.



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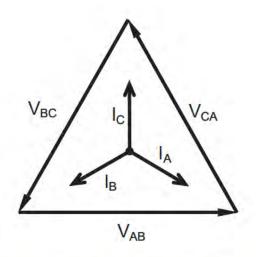
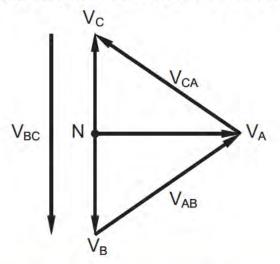


Figure 1.4: Phasor Diagram, Three-Phase Voltages and Currents, Delta-Connected

Another common delta connection is the four-wire, grounded delta used for lighting loads. In this connection the center point of one winding is grounded. On a 120/240 volt, four-wire, grounded delta service the phase-to-ground voltage would be 120 volts on two phases and 208 volts on the third phase. Figure 1.5 shows the phasor diagram for the voltages in a three-phase, four-wire delta system.







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1.1.3: Blondel's Theorem and Three Phase Measurement

In 1893 an engineer and mathematician named Andre E. Blondel set forth the first scientific basis for polyphase metering. His theorem states:

If energy is supplied to any system of conductors through N wires, the total power in the system is given by the algebraic sum of the readings of N wattmeters so arranged that each of the N wires contains one current coil, the corresponding potential coil being connected between that wire and some common point. If this common point is on one of the N wires, the measurement may be made by the use of N-1 Wattmeters.

The theorem may be stated more simply, in modern language:

In a system of N conductors, N-1 meter elements will measure the power or energy taken provided that all the potential coils have a common tie to the conductor in which there is no current coil.

Three-phase power measurement is accomplished by measuring the three individual phases and adding them together to obtain the total three phase value. In older analog meters, this measurement was accomplished using up to three separate elements. Each element combined the single-phase voltage and current to produce a torque on the meter disk. All three elements were arranged around the disk so that the disk was subjected to the combined torque of the three elements. As a result the disk would turn at a higher speed and register power supplied by each of the three wires.

According to Blondel's Theorem, it was possible to reduce the number of elements under certain conditions. For example, a three-phase, three-wire delta system could be correctly measured with two elements (two potential coils and two current coils) if the potential coils were connected between the three phases with one phase in common.

In a three-phase, four-wire wye system it is necessary to use three elements. Three voltage coils are connected between the three phases and the common neutral conductor. A current coil is required in each of the three phases.

In modern digital meters, Blondel's Theorem is still applied to obtain proper metering. The difference in modern meters is that the digital meter measures each phase voltage and current and calculates the single-phase power for each phase. The meter then sums the three phase powers to a single three-phase reading.



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Some digital meters measure the individual phase power values one phase at a time. This means the meter samples the voltage and current on one phase and calculates a power value. Then it samples the second phase and calculates the power for the second phase. Finally, it samples the third phase and calculates that phase power. After sampling all three phases, the meter adds the three readings to create the equivalent three-phase power value. Using mathematical averaging techniques, this method can derive a quite accurate measurement of three-phase power.

More advanced meters actually sample all three phases of voltage and current simultaneously and calculate the individual phase and three-phase power values. The advantage of simultaneous sampling is the reduction of error introduced due to the difference in time when the samples were taken.

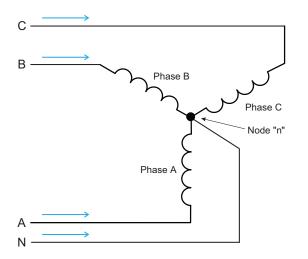


Figure 1.6: Three-Phase Wye Load Illustrating Kirchhoff's Law and Blondel's Theorem

Blondel's Theorem is a derivation that results from Kirchhoff's Law. Kirchhoff's Law states that the sum of the currents into a node is zero. Another way of stating the same thing is that the current into a node (connection point) must equal the current out of the node. The law can be applied to measuring three-phase loads. Figure 1.6 shows a typical connection of a three-phase load applied to a three-phase, four-wire service. Kirchhoff's Law holds that the sum of currents A, B, C and N must equal zero or that the sum of currents into Node "n" must equal zero.

If we measure the currents in wires A, B and C, we then know the current in wire N by Kirchhoff's Law and it is not necessary to measure it. This fact leads us to the conclusion of Blondel's Theorem- that we only need to measure the power in three of



the four wires if they are connected by a common node. In the circuit of Figure 1.6 we must measure the power flow in three wires. This will require three voltage coils and three current coils (a three-element meter). Similar figures and conclusions could be reached for other circuit configurations involving Delta-connected loads.

1.2: Power, Energy and Demand

It is quite common to exchange power, energy and demand without differentiating between the three. Because this practice can lead to confusion, the differences between these three measurements will be discussed.

Power is an instantaneous reading. The power reading provided by a meter is the present flow of watts. Power is measured immediately just like current. In many digital meters, the power value is actually measured and calculated over a one second interval because it takes some amount of time to calculate the RMS values of voltage and current. But this time interval is kept small to preserve the instantaneous nature of power.

Energy is always based on some time increment; it is the integration of power over a defined time increment. Energy is an important value because almost all electric bills are based, in part, on the amount of energy used.

Typically, electrical energy is measured in units of kilowatt-hours (kWh). A kilowatthour represents a constant load of one thousand watts (one kilowatt) for one hour. Stated another way, if the power delivered (instantaneous watts) is measured as 1,000 watts and the load was served for a one hour time interval then the load would have absorbed one kilowatt-hour of energy. A different load may have a constant power requirement of 4,000 watts. If the load were served for one hour it would absorb four kWh. If the load were served for 15 minutes it would absorb ¼ of that total or one kWh.

Figure 1.7 shows a graph of power and the resulting energy that would be transmitted as a result of the illustrated power values. For this illustration, it is assumed that the power level is held constant for each minute when a measurement is taken. Each bar in the graph will represent the power load for the one-minute increment of time. In real life the power value moves almost constantly.

The data from Figure 1.7 is reproduced in Table 2 to illustrate the calculation of energy. Since the time increment of the measurement is one minute and since we



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specified that the load is constant over that minute, we can convert the power reading to an equivalent consumed energy reading by multiplying the power reading times 1/ 60 (converting the time base from minutes to hours).

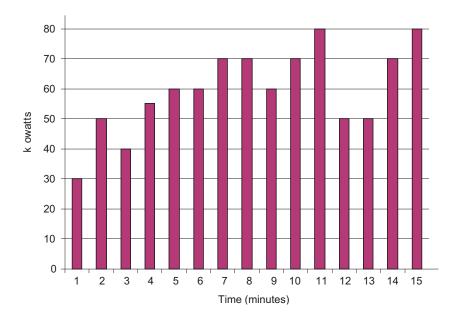


Figure 1.7: Power Use over Time



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Time Interval (minute)	Power (kW)	Energy (kWh)	Accumulated Energy (kWh)
1	30	0.50	0.50
2	50	0.83	1.33
3	40	0.67	2.00
4	55	0.92	2.92
5	60	1.00	3.92
6	60	1.00	4.92
7	70	1.17	6.09
8	70	1.17	7.26
9	60	1.00	8.26
10	70	1.17	9.43
11	80	1.33	10.76
12	50	0.83	12.42
13	50	0.83	12.42
14	70	1.17	13.59
15	80	1.33	14.92

Table 1.2: Power and Energy Relationship over Time

As in Table 1.2, the accumulated energy for the power load profile of Figure 1.7 is 14.92 kWh.

Demand is also a time-based value. The demand is the average rate of energy use over time. The actual label for demand is kilowatt-hours/hour but this is normally reduced to kilowatts. This makes it easy to confuse demand with power, but demand is not an instantaneous value. To calculate demand it is necessary to accumulate the energy readings (as illustrated in Figure 1.7) and adjust the energy reading to an hourly value that constitutes the demand.

In the example, the accumulated energy is 14.92 kWh. But this measurement was made over a 15-minute interval. To convert the reading to a demand value, it must be normalized to a 60-minute interval. If the pattern were repeated for an additional three 15-minute intervals the total energy would be four times the measured value or

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59.68 kWh. The same process is applied to calculate the 15-minute demand value. The demand value associated with the example load is 59.68 kWh/hr or 59.68 kWd. Note that the peak instantaneous value of power is 80 kW, significantly more than the demand value.

Figure 1.8 shows another example of energy and demand. In this case, each bar represents the energy consumed in a 15-minute interval. The energy use in each interval typically falls between 50 and 70 kWh. However, during two intervals the energy rises sharply and peaks at 100 kWh in interval number 7. This peak of usage will result in setting a high demand reading. For each interval shown the demand value would be four times the indicated energy reading. So interval 1 would have an associated demand of 240 kWh/hr. Interval 7 will have a demand value of 400 kWh/hr. In the data shown, this is the peak demand value and would be the number that would set the demand charge on the utility bill.

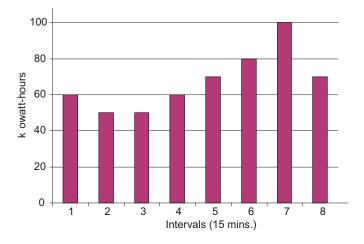


Figure 1.8: Energy Use and Demand

As can be seen from this example, it is important to recognize the relationships between power, energy and demand in order to control loads effectively or to monitor use correctly.



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1.3: Reactive Energy and Power Factor

The real power and energy measurements discussed in the previous section relate to the quantities that are most used in electrical systems. But it is often not sufficient to only measure real power and energy. Reactive power is a critical component of the total power picture because almost all real-life applications have an impact on reactive power. Reactive power and power factor concepts relate to both load and generation applications. However, this discussion will be limited to analysis of reactive power and power factor as they relate to loads. To simplify the discussion, generation will not be considered.

Real power (and energy) is the component of power that is the combination of the voltage and the value of corresponding current that is directly in phase with the voltage. However, in actual practice the total current is almost never in phase with the voltage. Since the current is not in phase with the voltage, it is necessary to consider both the inphase component and the component that is at quadrature (angularly rotated 90° or perpendicular) to the voltage. Figure 1.9 shows a single-phase voltage and current and breaks the current into its in-phase and quadrature components.

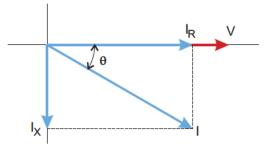


Figure 1.9: Voltage and Complex Current

The voltage (V) and the total current (I) can be combined to calculate the apparent power or VA. The voltage and the in-phase current (I_R) are combined to produce the real power or watts. The voltage and the quadrature current (I_X) are combined to calculate the reactive power.

The quadrature current may be lagging the voltage (as shown in Figure 1.9) or it may lead the voltage. When the quadrature current lags the voltage the load is requiring both real power (watts) and reactive power (VARs). When the quadrature current



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leads the voltage the load is requiring real power (watts) but is delivering reactive power (VARs) back into the system; that is VARs are flowing in the opposite direction of the real power flow.

Reactive power (VARs) is required in all power systems. Any equipment that uses magnetization to operate requires VARs. Usually the magnitude of VARs is relatively low compared to the real power quantities. Utilities have an interest in maintaining VAR requirements at the customer to a low value in order to maximize the return on plant invested to deliver energy. When lines are carrying VARs, they cannot carry as many watts. So keeping the VAR content low allows a line to carry its full capacity of watts. In order to encourage customers to keep VAR requirements low, some utilities impose a penalty if the VAR content of the load rises above a specified value.

A common method of measuring reactive power requirements is power factor. Power factor can be defined in two different ways. The more common method of calculating power factor is the ratio of the real power to the apparent power. This relationship is expressed in the following formula:

```
Total PF = real power / apparent power = watts/VA
```

This formula calculates a power factor quantity known as Total Power Factor. It is called Total PF because it is based on the ratios of the power delivered. The delivered power quantities will include the impacts of any existing harmonic content. If the voltage or current includes high levels of harmonic distortion the power values will be affected. By calculating power factor from the power values, the power factor will include the impact of harmonic distortion. In many cases this is the preferred method of calculation because the entire impact of the actual voltage and current are included.

A second type of power factor is Displacement Power Factor. Displacement PF is based on the angular relationship between the voltage and current. Displacement power factor does not consider the magnitudes of voltage, current or power. It is solely based on the phase angle differences. As a result, it does not include the impact of



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harmonic distortion. Displacement power factor is calculated using the following equation:

Displacement $PF = \cos\theta$

where θ is the angle between the voltage and the current (see Fig. 1.9).

In applications where the voltage and current are not distorted, the Total Power Factor will equal the Displacement Power Factor. But if harmonic distortion is present, the two power factors will not be equal.

1.4: Harmonic Distortion

Harmonic distortion is primarily the result of high concentrations of non-linear loads. Devices such as computer power supplies, variable speed drives and fluorescent light ballasts make current demands that do not match the sinusoidal waveform of AC electricity. As a result, the current waveform feeding these loads is periodic but not sinusoidal. Figure 1.10 shows a normal, sinusoidal current waveform. This example has no distortion.

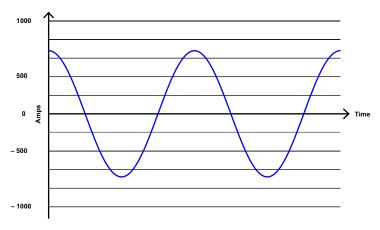


Figure 1.10: Nondistorted Current Waveform

Figure 1.11 shows a current waveform with a slight amount of harmonic distortion. The waveform is still periodic and is fluctuating at the normal 60 Hz frequency. However, the waveform is not a smooth sinusoidal form as seen in Figure 1.10.



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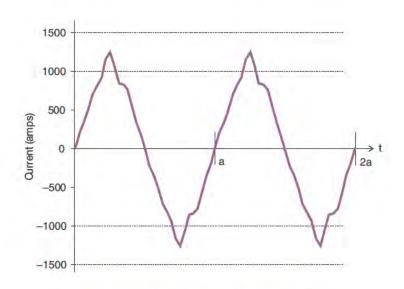


Figure 1.11: Distorted Current Waveform

The distortion observed in Figure 1.11 can be modeled as the sum of several sinusoidal waveforms of frequencies that are multiples of the fundamental 60 Hz frequency. This modeling is performed by mathematically disassembling the distorted waveform into a collection of higher frequency waveforms.

These higher frequency waveforms are referred to as harmonics. Figure 1.12 shows the content of the harmonic frequencies that make up the distortion portion of the waveform in Figure 1.11.

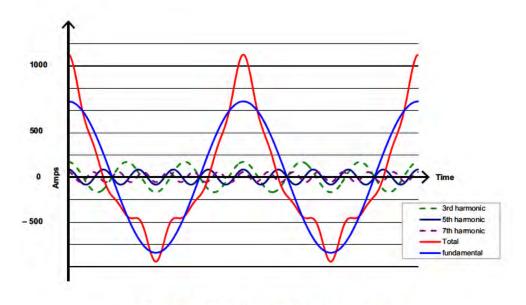


Figure 1.12: Waveforms of the Harmonics



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The waveforms shown in Figure 1.12 are not smoothed but do provide an indication of the impact of combining multiple harmonic frequencies together.

When harmonics are present it is important to remember that these quantities are operating at higher frequencies. Therefore, they do not always respond in the same manner as 60 Hz values.

Inductive and capacitive impedance are present in all power systems. We are accustomed to thinking about these impedances as they perform at 60 Hz. However, these impedances are subject to frequency variation.

 $X_L = j\omega L$ and

 $X_{C} = 1/j\omega C$

At 60 Hz, $\omega = 377$; but at 300 Hz (5th harmonic) $\omega = 1,885$. As frequency changes impedance changes and system impedance characteristics that are normal at 60 Hz may behave entirely differently in the presence of higher order harmonic waveforms.

Traditionally, the most common harmonics have been the low order, odd frequencies, such as the 3rd, 5th, 7th, and 9th. However newer, non-linear loads are introducing significant quantities of higher order harmonics.

Since much voltage monitoring and almost all current monitoring is performed using instrument transformers, the higher order harmonics are often not visible. Instrument transformers are designed to pass 60 Hz quantities with high accuracy. These devices, when designed for accuracy at low frequency, do not pass high frequencies with high accuracy; at frequencies above about 1200 Hz they pass almost no information. So when instrument transformers are used, they effectively filter out higher frequency harmonic distortion making it impossible to see.

However, when monitors can be connected directly to the measured circuit (such as direct connection to a 480 volt bus) the user may often see higher order harmonic distortion. An important rule in any harmonics study is to evaluate the type of equipment and connections before drawing a conclusion. Not being able to see harmonic distortion is not the same as not having harmonic distortion.

It is common in advanced meters to perform a function commonly referred to as waveform capture. Waveform capture is the ability of a meter to capture a present picture of the voltage or current waveform for viewing and harmonic analysis.



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Typically a waveform capture will be one or two cycles in duration and can be viewed as the actual waveform, as a spectral view of the harmonic content, or a tabular view showing the magnitude and phase shift of each harmonic value. Data collected with waveform capture is typically not saved to memory. Waveform capture is a real-time data collection event.

Waveform capture should not be confused with waveform recording that is used to record multiple cycles of all voltage and current waveforms in response to a transient condition.

1.5: Power Quality

Power quality can mean several different things. The terms "power quality" and "power quality problem" have been applied to all types of conditions. A simple definition of "power quality problem" is any voltage, current or frequency deviation that results in mis-operation or failure of customer equipment or systems. The causes of power quality problems vary widely and may originate in the customer equipment, in an adjacent customer facility or with the utility.

In his book Power Quality Primer, Barry Kennedy provided information on different types of power quality problems. Some of that information is summarized in Table 1.3.



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Cause	Disturbance Type	Source
Impulse transient	Transient voltage disturbance, sub-cycle duration	Lightning Electrostatic discharge Load switching Capacitor switching
Oscillatory transient with decay	Transient voltage, sub-cycle duration	Line/cable switching Capacitor switching Load switching
Sag/swell	RMS voltage, multiple cycle duration	Remote system faults
Interruptions	RMS voltage, multiple seconds or longer duration	System protection Circuit breakers Fuses Maintenance
Under voltage/over voltage	RMS voltage, steady state, multiple seconds or longer duration	Motor starting Load variations Load dropping
Voltage flicker	RMS voltage, steady state, repetitive condition	Intermittent loads Motor starting Arc furnaces
Harmonic distortion	Steady state current or volt- age, long-term duration	Non-linear loads System resonance

Table 1.3: Typical Power Quality Problems and Sources

It is often assumed that power quality problems originate with the utility. While it is true that many power quality problems can originate with the utility system, many problems originate with customer equipment. Customer-caused problems may manifest themselves inside the customer location or they may be transported by the utility system to another adjacent customer. Often, equipment that is sensitive to power quality problems may in fact also be the cause of the problem.

If a power quality problem is suspected, it is generally wise to consult a power quality professional for assistance in defining the cause and possible solutions to the problem.



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2: Meter Overview and Specifications

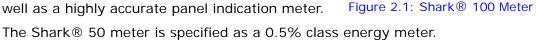
2.1: Hardware Overview

All Shark[®] multifunction power meters are designed for use with and/or within Industrial Control Panels in electrical substations, panel boards, and as a power meter for OEM equipment. Shark® meters provide multifunction measurement of all electrical parameters.

The Shark® 100 meter is designed with advanced measurement capabilities, allowing it to achieve high performance accuracy. The Shark 100® meter is specified as a 0.2% class energy meter for billing applications as

well as a highly accurate panel indication meter.





UL 61010-1 does not address performance criteria for revenue generating watt-hour meters for use in metering of utilities and/or communicating directly with utilities, or use within a substation. Use in revenue metering, communicating with utilities, and use in substations was verified according to the ANSI and IEC standards listed in

Compliance Section (2.3).

The Shark® 100 meter provides a host of additional capabilities, including either standard RS485 Modbus® or RJ45 Ethernet, DNP Protocols and an IrDA Port panel mount interrogation. The Shark® 50 meter has optional RS485 Modbus communication.

Shark[®] 100 meter features that are detailed in this manual are as follows:

- 0.2% class revenue certifiable energy and demand metering
- Meets ANSI C12.20 (0.2 CL) and IEC 62053-22 (0.2S) accuracy classes
- Multifunction measurement including voltage, current, power, frequency, energy, etc.
- Power quality measurements (THD and Alarm Limits)



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- V-Switch[™] key technology field upgrade without removing installed meter
- Percentage of Load bar for analog meter perception
- Easy to use faceplate programming
- IrDA port for laptop PC reading and programming
- RS485 or RJ45 Modbus communication

The Shark® 100 comes in either of two models - the Meter/Transducer or the Transducer only.

Shark® 100 Meter/Digital Transducer

Meter and transducer in one compact unit. Features an IrDA port as well as either an RS485 or RJ45 port, and can be programmed using the faceplate of the meter. ANSI or DIN mounting may be used (see Figure 2.1).

Shark® 100T Digital Transducer

A Digital Transducer only unit providing either RS485 or RJ45 communication via Modbus RTU, Modbus ASCII and DNP3 (V3 and V4) protocols. The unit is designed to install using DIN Rail Mounting (see Section 3.4).

Shark® 100B Meter/Digital Transducer

The Building Automation and Control Network (BACnet®), described in the



ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 135-1995, is one Figure 2.2: Digital Transducer Only Model of the most widely used building management systems protocols. The Shark® 100B meter has embedded BACnet/IP communication. It communicates in native BACnet/ IP over Ethernet to seamlessly integrate with most building automation/control systems. The Shark® 100B meter's BACnet/IP has 62 predefined BACnet objects that let you track up to 62 measurements. No programming or mapping is necessary to use the BACnet objects. (The Shark® 50B also supports BACnet communication - see the next page for a description.)



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The Shark® 100B meter also comes with a Web interface that is very easy to set up and use. This lets you remotely configure BACnet/IP and track energy usage through the Internet using a standard browser. You can also access all of the Shark® 100B meter's readings through CommunicatorPQA® software. See chapters 6 and 7 for more information on the BACnet/IP webpages and CommunicatorPQA® software. NOTE: The Shark® 100B meter comes standard with RJ45 Ethernet. It does not have the RS485 Option. See Chapter 7 for detailed instructions on using the Shark® 100B meter.

Shark® 50 meter

The Shark® 50 meter is similar in functionality to the Shark® 100 meter, except that it is a 0.5% class energy meter with basic features. It is intended as an option when the Shark® 100 meter's advanced features are not needed. For communication, it has an RS485/Pulse Outputs option (Option 485P). Since it doesn't have an IrDA port, Limits, or THD readings, its faceplate is slightly different from the images shown of the Shark® 100 meter's faceplate.

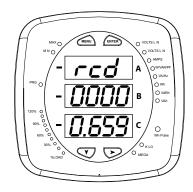


Figure 2.3: Shark® 50 Meter Faceplate

Shark® 50B meter

The Shark® 50B meter also offers BACnet protocol communication. While the Shark®100B supports BACnet/IP, which is the fastest communication mode for BACnet, the Shark® 50B meter uses BACnet MS/TP (master-slave/token-passing), which was designed by ASHRAE for devices with lower requirements in terms of speed. BACnet MS/TP is designed to run at speeds of 1 Mbps or less over twisted pair wiring.

The Shark® 50B meter has dual communication ports, so in addition to the RS485 port speaking BACnet MS/TP, it has an RJ45 Ethernet port speaking Modbus TCP/IP. The Ethernet port supports a Web interface that is very easy to set up and use. This lets you remotely configure the BACnet MS/TP settings and track energy usage through the Internet using a standard browser. You can also access all of the Shark® 50B meter's readings through CommunicatorPQA® software. See Chapter 6 for more



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information on the CommunicatorPQA® software and Chapter 8 for detailed instructions on using the Shark® 50B meter.

2.1.1: Voltage and Current Inputs

Universal Voltage Inputs

Voltage inputs allow measurement to 416 volts Line-to-Neutral and 721 volts Line-to-Line. One unit will perform to specification when directly connected to 69 volt, 120 volt, 230 volt, 277 volt, 277 volt and 347 volt power systems.

Current Inputs

The Shark® 100/50 meter's current inputs use a unique dual input method:

Method 1: CT Pass Through

The CT wire passes directly through the meter without any physical termination on the meter. This insures that the meter cannot be a point of failure on the CT circuit. This is preferable for utility users when sharing relay class CTs.

Method 2: Current "Gills"

This unit additionally provides ultra-rugged termination pass through bars that allow CT leads to be terminated on the meter. This, too, eliminates any possible point of failure at the meter. This is a preferred technique for insuring that relay class CT integrity is not compromised (the CT will not open in a fault condition).



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2.1.2: Model Number plus Option Numbers

Model	Freq.	Current Class	V- Switch™ Pack	Power Supply	COM (Meter Only)	Mounting (Meter Only)
Shark® 100 Meter/ Transducer	50 50 Hz System	10 5 Amp Secondary	V1 Default V- Switch™ Volts/ Amps	D2 90-265 VAC/ 100-370 VDC	X No Com	X ANSI Mounting
Shark® 100T Trans- ducer Only	60 60 Hz System	2 1 Amp Secondary	V2 above with Power and Freq	D 18-60 VDC	485P RS485 + Pulse (Standard in Trans- ducer Only)	DIN DIN Mounting
			V3 above with DNP 3.0 and Energy Counters		INP10 10/100 BaseT Ethernet	
			V4 above with Har- monics and Limits			

Shark® 100/100T Ordering chart

Shark® 100B/100BT Ordering chart

Model	Frequency	Current Class	Power Supply	Mounting
Shark® 100B Meter/ Transducer	50 50 Hz System	10 5 Amp Secondary	D2 90-265 VAC or 100-370 VDC	X ANSI Mounting
Shark® 100BT Transducer Only	60 60 Hz System	2 1 Amp Secondary	D 18-60 VDC	DIN DIN Mounting

NOTE: INP10 (10/100BaseT Ethernet) is standard in the Shark® 100B/100BT meter.



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Shark® 50 Ordering Chart

Model	V- Switch™ Pack	СОМ	Mounting
Shark® 50 Meter/ Transducer	V1 Default V- Switch™ Volts/Amps	X No Com	X ANSI Mounting
	V2 Above, with Power & Frequency	485P RS485 + Pulse	DIN DIN Mounting
	V3 Above with Energy Counters		

Shark® 50B Ordering Chart

Model	Mounting
Shark®	Х
50B Meter/	ANSI
Transducer	Mounting
	DIN
	DIN
	Mounting

NOTE: INP10 (10/100BaseT Ethernet) is standard in the Shark® 50B meter.

Example:

Shark 100 - 60 - 10 - V2 - D - X - ANSI

which translates to a Shark® 100 meter/transducer, with 60Hz system, Class 10, V2 V-Switch[™] key, 24-48 VDC power supply, no optional Com, and ANSI Mounting.



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2.1.3: V-Switch™ Key Technology

EIG's exclusive V-Switch[™] key technology is a virtual firmware-based switch that lets you enable meter features through communication. This allows the Shark® 100/50 unit to be upgraded after installation to a higher model without removing the unit from service.

NOTE: See the Shark® 50 meter's Ordering chart on the previous page for its V-Switch[™] keys.

Available V-Switch™ Keys

V-Switch[™] Key 1 (V1): volts and amps Meter - Default

V-Switch™ Key 2 (V2): volts, amps, kW, kVAR, PF, kVA, Freq

V-Switch[™] Key 3 (V3): volts, amps, kW, kVAR, PF, kVA, Freq., kWh, kVAh, kVARh, and DNP3

V-Switch[™] Key 4 (V4): volts, amps, kW, kVAR, PF, kVA, Freq., kWh, kVAh, kVARh, THD Monitoring, Limit Exceeded Alarms and DNP3

Obtaining a V-Switch[™] Key:

Contact and provide the following information:

- Serial Number or Numbers of the meters you are upgrading. Use the number(s), with leading zeros, shown in the CommunicatorPQA® Device Status screen (from the CommunicatorPQA® Main screen, click **Tools>Device Status**).
- 2. Desired V-Switch[™] key.
- 3. Credit Card or Purchase Order Number. EIG will issue you the V-Switch™ key.



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Enabling the V-Switch[™] Key:

- 1. Open the CommunicatorPQA® application.
- 2. Power up your meter.
- 3. Connect to the Shark® 100/50 meter through the CommunicatorPQA® application (see Chapter 6).
- 4. Click the Profile icon.
- 5. Click the Settings tab.
- Click the Change button next to Change VSwitch[™]. A screen opens, requesting the encrypted key. Enter the V-Switch[™] key provided by EIG.
- 7. Click the Update

 encrypted key. Be ready with the V-Switch number you wish to change to and the serial number of your meter. The serial number can be found in device status under the tools menu.

 If you already have the encrypted key, enter the key below. Then, click ok to change the V-Switch.

 Image: Update image: Cancel image: Current V-Switch image: Cancel image: Current V-Switch image: Cancel image: Cance

To change the V-Switch, contact your vendor to purchase an

button. The V-Switch[™] key is enabled and the meter is reset.

Change V-Switch

NOTES:

- For more details on software configuration, refer to the *CommunicatorPQA®*, *MeterManagerPQA®*, and *EnergyPQA.com®* Software User Manual.
- The Shark[®] 50B and 100B meters do not have any V-Switch[™] key options.



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2.1.4: Measured Values

The following table lists the measured values available in Real Time, Average, Maximum, and Minimum.

Meter's Measured Values				
Measured Values	Real Time	Average	Мах	Min
Voltage L-N	Х		Х	Х
Voltage L-L	Х		Х	Х
Current per Phase	×	X	Х	Х
Current Neutral	×			
Watts	Х	Х	Х	Х
VAR	Х	Х	Х	Х
VA	Х	Х	Х	Х
PF	Х	Х	Х	Х
+Watt-hr	Х			
-Watt-hr	Х			
Watt-hr Net	Х			
+VAR-hr	Х			
-VAR-hr	Х			
VAR-hr Net	Х			
VA-hr	Х			
Frequency	Х		Х	Х
**%THD	Х		Х	Х
Voltage Angles	Х			
Current Angles	Х			
% of Load Bar	Х			

** The Shark® 100 meter measures harmonics up to the 7th order for current and up to the 3rd order for voltage. The Shark® 50/50B meter does not provide %THD.



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2.1.5: Utility Peak Demand

The Shark® 100/50 meter provides user-configured Block (Fixed) Window or Rolling Window Demand. This feature lets you set up a customized Demand profile. Block Window Demand is demand over a user-configured demand period (usually 5, 15 or 30 minutes). Rolling Window Demand is a fixed window demand that moves for a user-specified subinterval period. For example, a 15-minute demand using 3 subintervals and providing a new Demand reading every 5 minutes, based on the last 15 minutes.

Utility Demand features can be used to calculate kW, kVAR, kVA and PF readings. All other parameters offer Max and Min capability over the user-selectable averaging period. Voltage provides an instantaneous Max and Min reading which displays the highest surge and lowest sag seen by the meter.

2.2: Specifications

Power Supply		
Range:	D2 option: Universal, (90 to 265) V AC @50/60Hz or (100 to 370)V	
DC	D option: (18-60) V DC	
	(The Shark ${ m I}$ 50/50B meter has the D2 power supply, only)	
Power Consumption:	5 VA, 3.5 W	
Voltage Inputs (Measurement Category III)		
Range:	Universal, auto-ranging (20 to 416) V AC L-N, (0-721) V AC L-L	
Supported Hookups:	3 Element Wye, 2.5 Element Wye, 2 Element Delta, 4 Wire Delta	
Input Impedance:	1 MΩ/phase	
Burden:	0.36 VA/phase max @ 600 volts; 0.014 VA/phase at 120 volts	



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Pickup Voltage:	10 V AC
Connection:	Screw terminal (Diagram 4.4)
Max Input Wire Gauge:	AWG#12 / 2.5 mm ²
Fault Withstand:	Meets IEEE C37.90.1
Reading:	Programmable full scale to any PT ratio
Current Inputs	
Class 10:	5 A nominal CT Secondary, 10 A maximum
Class 2:	1 A nominal CT Secondary, 2 A maximum (Shark®50/50B is Class 10 only)
Burden:	0.005 VA per phase max at 11 A
Pickup Current:	0.1% of nominal
Connections:	O or U lug electrical connection (Figure 4.1)
	Pass through wire, 0.177" / 4.5mm maximum diameter (Figure 4.2)
	Quick connect, 0.25" male tab (Figure 4.3)
Fault Withstand (at 23 °C):	100 A/10 seconds, 300 A/3 seconds, 500 A/1 second
Reading:	Programmable full scale to any CT ratio

Isolation

All Inputs and Outputs are galvanically isolated to 2500 V AC



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Environmental Rating

Storage:	(-20 to +70) ^o C
Operating:	(-20 to +70) °C
Humidity:	To 95% RH non-condensing
Faceplate Rating:	NEMA 12; mounting gasket included
Protection DIN rail mounting	IP30 - meter front/back, optional
Measurement Methods	
Voltage, Current:	True RMS
Power:	Sampling at 400+ samples per cycle on all channels measured readings simultaneously
A/D Conversion:	6 simultaneous 24 bit analog to digital converters
A/D Conversion: Update Rate	-
	-

Communication Format

 Shark® 100 meter: RS485 (485P) or RJ45 (INP10) port through backplate* Shark® 100B meter: RJ45 (INP10) port through backplate is standard* Shark® 50 meter: RS485 (485P) port through backplate is optional* Shark® 50B meter: RS485 port and RJ45 port through backplate are standard** *KYZ pulse comes with both the RS485P and INP10 communication ports. **The Shark® 50B meter does not have KYZ pulse.



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2. IrDA Port through faceplate (Shark® 50/50B meter does not have the IrDA port) Modbus RTU, Modbus ASCII, DNP3 Protocols: (V3 and V4 for Shark® 100), Modbus TCP/IP, BACnet/IP (Shark® 100B meter), Modbus TCP/IP, BACnet MS/TP (Shark® 50B meter) Com Port Baud Rate: 9,600 to 57,600 b/s Com Port Address: 001-247 Data Format: 8 bit, no parity Shark® 100T Transducer Default initial communication baud 9600 (see Chapter 6) Mechanical Parameters Dimensions: (Height 4.85 x width 4.85 x depth 4.25) inches, (H 12.32 x W 12.32 x D 10.54) cm Mounts in 96 mm square DIN or Mounting: ANSI C39.1, 4" round cut-out Weight: 2 pounds, 0.907kg (ships in a 6"/ 152.4mm cube container) RS485/KYZ Port Specifications (485P Option) **RS485 RS485** Transceiver Meets or exceeds EIA/TIA-485 standard Type: Two-wire, half duplex

Max. Output Current:

Min. Input Impedance:



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96k Ω

±60m A

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Wh Pulse

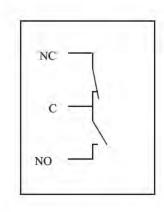
KYZ output contacts (and infrared LED light pulses through faceplate)	(See Section 6.4 for Kh values.)
Pulse Width:	40 ms
Full Scale Frequency:	~6 Hz
Contact type:	Solid state – SPDT (NO – C – NC)
Relay type:	Solid state
Peak switching voltage:	DC ±350 V
Continuous load current:	120 mA
Peak load current:	350m A for 10 ms
On resistance, max.:	35 Ω
Leakage current:	1µ A@350 V
Isolation:	AC 3750 V
Reset State:	(NC - C) Closed; (NO - C) Open
Infrared LED:	
Peak Spectral Wavelength:	940 nm
Reset State:	Off

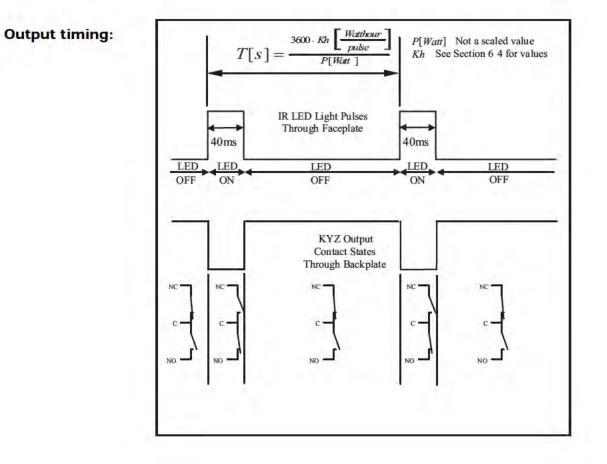


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Internal Schematic:







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2.3: Compliance

- ANSI C12.20-2010 Accuracy, Class 0.2 CL* **
- IEC 62053-22 Accuracy, Class 0.2S* **
- IEC 62053-23 Edition 1 Class 2
- CE (IEC 61000-6-2 & IEC 61000-6-4 & IEC 61326-1)*
 - IEC 61000-4-2 (Electrostatic Discharge)*
 - IEC 61000-4-3 (Radiated EM Immunity)*
 - IEC 61000-4-4 (EFT)*
 - IEC 61000-4-5 (Surge Immunity)*
 - IEC 61000-4-6 (Conducted Immunity)*
 - IEC 61000-4-8 (Magnetic Immunity)
 - IEC 61000-4-11 (Voltage Variations Immunity)*
 - IEC/CISPR 11, Class A (Conducted, Radiated Emissions)*
- IEEE C37.90.1 (Surge Withstand)
- IEEE C62.41 (Surge Immunity)
- EU Directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS 3 Directive)
- REACH Compliant
- Certified to UL 61010-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1, UL File: E250818
- * Third party lab tested
- ** 0.5 for the Shark® 50 meter



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2.4: Accuracy

For 23 °C, 3 Phase balanced Wye or Delta load, at 50 or 60 Hz (as per order), 5A (Class 10) nominal unit (see next page for Shark® 50 accuracy chart):

Parameter	Accuracy	Accuracy Input Range
Voltage L-N [V]	0.1% of reading ²	(69 to 480)V
Voltage L-L [V]	0.1% of reading	(120 to 600)V
Current Phase [A]	0.1% of reading ¹	(0.15 to 5)A
Current Neutral (calculated) [A]	2.0% of Full Scale ¹	(0.15 to 5)A @ (45 to 65)Hz
Active Power Total [W]	0.2% of reading ^{1,2}	(0.15 to 5)A @ (69 to 480)V @ +/- (0.5 to 1) lag/lead PF
Active Energy Total [Wh]	0.2% of reading ^{1,2}	(0.15 to 5)A @ (69 to 480)V @ +/- (0.5 to 1) lag/lead PF
Reactive Power Total [VAR]	0.2% of reading ^{1,2}	(0.15 to 5)A @ (69 to 480)V @ +/- (0 to 0.8) lag/lead PF
Reactive Energy Total [VARh]	0.2% of reading ^{1,2}	(0.15 to 5)A @ (69 to 480)V @ +/- (0 to 0.8) lag/lead PF
Apparent Power Total [VA]	0.2% of reading ^{1,2}	(0.15 to 5)A @ (69 to 480)V @ +/- (0.5 to 1) lag/lead PF
Apparent Energy Total [VAh]	0.2% of reading ^{1,2}	(0.15 to 5)A @ (69 to 480)V @ +/- (0.5 to 1) lag/lead PF
Power Factor	0.2% of reading ^{1,2}	(0.15 to 5)A @ (69 to 480)V @ +/- (0.5 to 1) lag/lead PF
Frequency	+/- 0.01Hz	(45 to 65)Hz
Total Harmonic Distortion (%)	5.0% ¹	(0.5 to 10)A or (69 to 480)V, measurement range (1 to 99.99)%
Load Bar	+/- 1 segment ¹	(0.005 to 6)A

¹ For 2.5 element programmed units, degrade accuracy by an additional 0.5% of reading.

• For 1 A (Class 2) Nominal, degrade accuracy by an additional 0.5% of reading.

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• For 1 A (Class 2) Nominal, the input current range for Accuracy specification is 20% of the values listed in the table.



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² For unbalanced voltage inputs where at least one crosses the 150 V auto-scale threshold (for example, 120 V/120 V/208 V system), degrade accuracy by additional 0.4%.

Parameter	Accuracy	Accuracy Input Range
Voltage L-N [V]	0.2% of reading ²	(69 to 480)V
Voltage L-L [V]	0.4% of reading	(120 to 600)V
Current Phase [A]	0.2% of reading ¹	(0.15 to 5)A
Current Neutral (calculated) [A]	2.0% of Full Scale ¹	(0.15 to 5)A @ (45 to 65)Hz
Active Power Total [W]	0.5% of reading ^{1,2}	(0.15 to 5)A @ (69 to 480)V @ +/- (0.5 to 1) lag/lead PF
Active Energy Total [Wh]	0.5% of reading ^{1,2}	(0.15 to 5)A @ (69 to 480)V @ +/- (0.5 to 1) lag/lead PF
Reactive Power Total [VAR]	1.0% of reading ^{1,2}	(0.15 to 5)A @ (69 to 480)V @ +/- (0 to 0.8) lag/lead PF
Reactive Energy Total [VARh]	1.0% of reading ^{1,2}	(0.15 to 5)A @ (69 to 480)V @ +/- (0 to 0.8) lag/lead PF
Apparent Power Total [VA]	1.0% of reading ^{1,2}	(0.15 to 5)A @ (69 to 480)V @ +/- (0.5 to 1) lag/lead PF
Apparent Energy Total [VAh]	1.0% of reading ^{1,2}	(0.15 to 5)A @ (69 to 480)V @ +/- (0.5 to 1) lag/lead PF
Power Factor	1.0% of reading ^{1,2}	(0.15 to 5)A @ (69 to 480)V @ +/- (0.5 to 1) lag/lead PF
Frequency	+/- 0.01Hz	(45 to 65)Hz
Load Bar	+/- 1 segment ¹	(0.005 to 6)A

Shark® 50 Accuracy - For 23° C, 3 Phase balanced Wye or Delta load:

¹ For 2.5 element programmed units, degrade accuracy by an additional 0.5% of reading.

² For unbalanced voltage inputs where at least one crosses the 150 V auto-scale threshold (for example, 120 V/120 V/208 V system), degrade accuracy by additional 0.4%

The Shark® 50 meter's accuracy meets the IEC62053-22 Accuracy Standards for 0.5% Class meters.



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3: Mechanical Installation

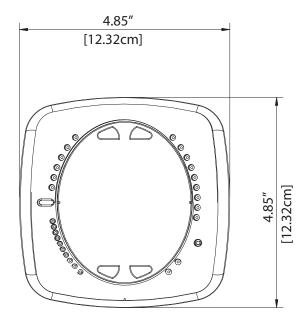
3.1: Introduction

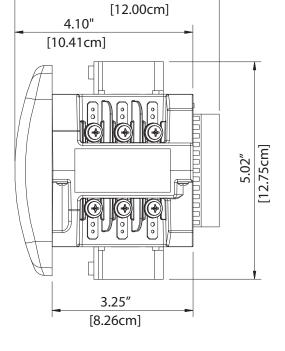
The Shark® 100/50 meter can be installed using a standard ANSI C39.1 (4" Round) or an IEC 96 mm DIN (Square) form. In new installations, simply use existing DIN or ANSI punches. For existing panels, pull out old analog meters and replace with the Shark® meter. See Section 3.4 for Shark® 100T Installation. See Chapter 4 for wiring diagrams.

Recommended Tools for Shark® 100/50 Meter Installation

#2 Phillips screwdriver, small wrench and wire cutters. Shark® 100T Installation requires no tools.

Mount the meter in a dry location, which is free from dirt and corrosive substances. The meter is designed to withstand harsh environmental conditions (see Environmental Specifications in Chapter 2).





4.71"

Figure 3.1: Meter Face

Figure 3.2: Meter Side



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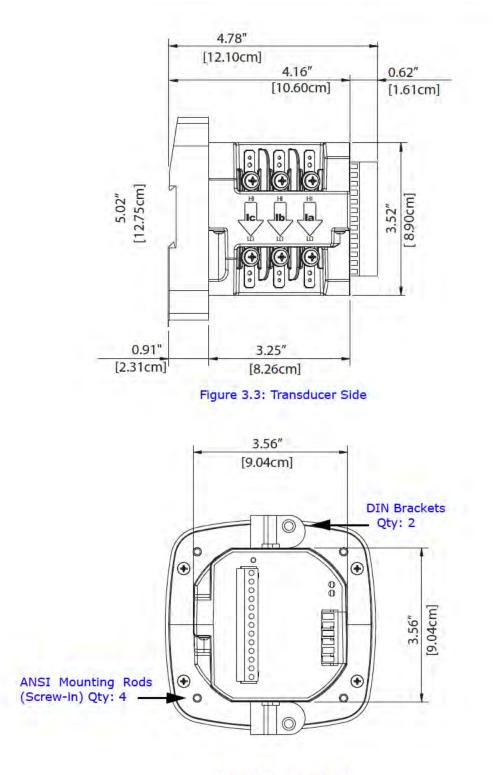


Figure 3.4: Meter Back



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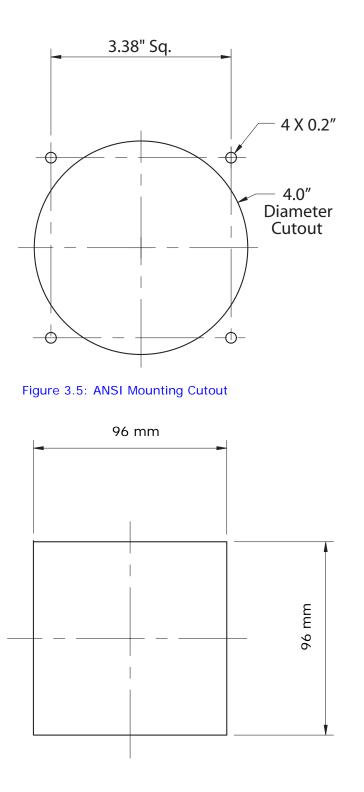


Figure 3.6: DIN Mounting Cutout



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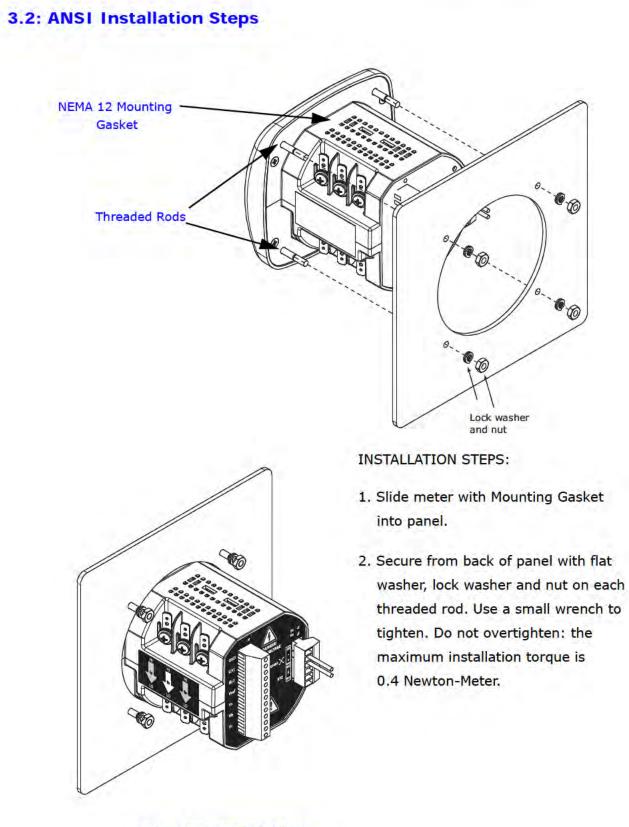


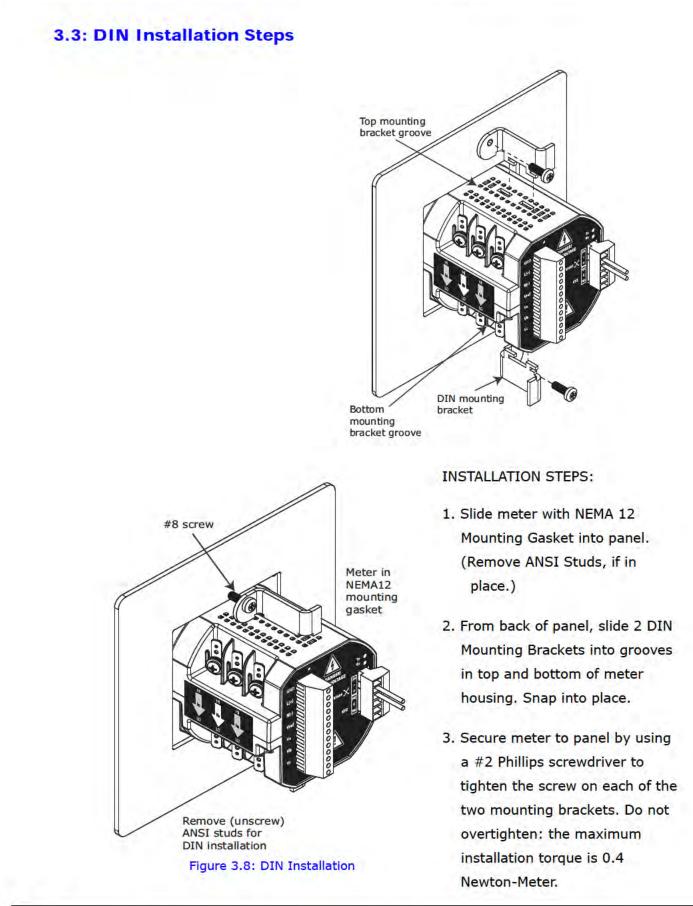
Figure 3.7: ANSI Installation



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3.4: Shark® 100T Transducer Installation

The Shark® 100T Transducer model is installed using DIN Rail Mounting.

Specs for DIN Rail Mounting

International Standards DIN 46277-3

DIN Rail (Slotted) Dimensions: 7.55mm x 35mm

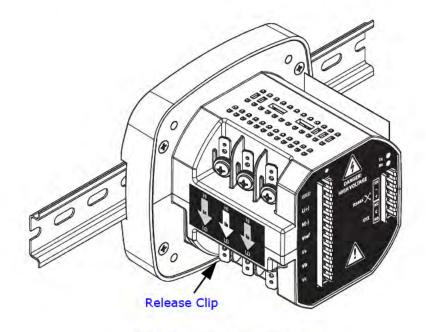


Figure 3.9: DIN Rail Mounting

DIN RAIL INSTALLATION STEPS:

- 1. Slide top groove of meter onto the DIN Rail.
- 2. Press gently until the meter clicks into place.



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NOTE: If mounting with the DIN Rail provided, use the Black Rubber Stoppers (also provided). See Figure 3.10.

TO REMOVE METER FROM DIN RAIL:

Pull down on Release clip to detach the unit from the DIN rail.

NOTE ON DIN RAILS:

DIN rails are commonly used as a mounting channel for most terminal blocks, control devices, circuit protection

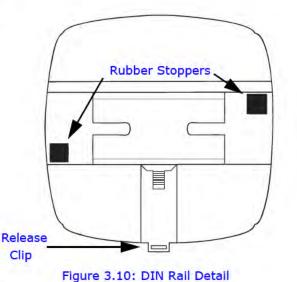
devices and PLCs. DIN Rails are made of electrolytically plated cold rolled steel but are also available in aluminum, PVC, stainless steel and copper.



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4: Electrical Installation

4.1: Considerations When Installing Meters



Installation of the Shark® 100/50 meter must be performed only by qualified personnel who follow standard safety precautions during all procedures. Those personnel should have appropriate training and experience with high voltage devices. Appropriate safety gloves, safety glasses and protective clothing is recommended.

During normal operation of the Shark® 100/50 meter, dangerous voltages flow through many parts of the meter, including: Terminals and any connected CTs (current transformers) and PTs (potential transformers), all I/O modules (inputs and outputs) and their circuits.

All Primary and Secondary circuits can, at times, produce lethal voltages and currents. Avoid contact with any current-carrying surfaces.

Do not use the meter or any I/O Output Device for primary protection or in an energy-limiting capacity. The meter can only be used as secondary protection.

Do not use the meter for applications where failure of the meter may cause harm or death.

Do not use the meter for any application where there may be a risk of fire.

All meter terminals should be inaccessible after installation.

Do not apply more than the maximum voltage the meter or any attached device can withstand. Refer to meter and/or device labels and to the Specifications for all devices before applying voltages.

Do not HIPOT/Dielectric test any Outputs, Inputs or Communications terminals.

EIG requires the use of Fuses for voltage leads and power supply and Shorting Blocks to prevent hazardous voltage conditions or damage to CTs, if the meter needs to be removed from service. CT grounding is optional, but recommended.

NOTE: The current inputs are only to be connected to external current transformers provided by the installer. The CT's shall be Listed or Approved and rated for the current of the meter used.



4-1

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L'installation des compteurs de Shark 50/50B/100/100B doit être effectuée seulement par un personnel qualifié qui suit les normes relatives aux précautions de sécurité pendant toute la procédure. Le personnel doit avoir la formation appropriée et l'expérience avec les appareils de haute tension. Des gants de sécurité, des verres et des

vêtements de protection appropriés sont recommandés.

AVERTISSEMENT! Pendant le fonctionnement normal du compteur Shark 50/50B/ 100/100B des tensions dangereuses suivant de nombreuses pièces, notamment, les bornes et tous les transformateurs de courant branchés, les transformateurs de tension, toutes les sorties, les entrées et leurs circuits. Tous les circuits secondaires et primaires peuvent parfois produire des tensions de létal et des courants. Évitez le contact avec les surfaces sous tensions. Avant de faire un travail dans le compteur, assurez-vous d'éteindre l'alimentation et de mettre tous les circuits branchés hors tension.

Ne pas utiliser les compteurs ou sorties d'appareil pour une protection primaire ou capacité de limite d'énergie. Le compteur peut seulement être utilisé comme une protection secondaire.

Ne pas utiliser le compteur pour application dans laquelle une panne de compteur peut causer la mort ou des blessures graves.

Ne pas utiliser le compteur ou pour toute application dans laquelle un risque d'incendie est susceptible.

Toutes les bornes de compteur doivent être inaccessibles après l'installation.

Ne pas appliquer plus que la tension maximale que le compteur ou appareil relatif peut résister. Référez-vous au compteur ou aux étiquettes de l'appareil et les spécifications de tous les appareils avant d'appliquer les tensions. Ne pas faire de test HIPOT/diélectrique, une sortie, une entrée ou un terminal de réseau.

Les entrées actuelles doivent seulement être branchées aux transformateurs externes actuels.

EIG nécessite l'utilisation de les fusibles pour les fils de tension et alimentations électriques, ainsi que des coupe-circuits pour prévenir les tensions dangereuses ou endommagements de transformateur de courant si l'unité Shark 50/50B/100/100B



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doit être enlevée du service. Un côté du transformateur de courant doit être mis à terre.

NOTE: les entrées actuelles doivent seulement être branchées dans le transformateur externe actuel par l'installateur. Le transformateur de courant doit être approuvé ou certifié et déterminé pour le compteur actuel utilisé.

IMPORTANT!



IF THE EQUIPMENT IS USED IN A MANNER NOT SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER, THE PROTECTION PROVIDED BY THE EQUIPMENT MAY BE IMPAIRED.

 THERE IS NO REQUIRED PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE OR INSPEC-TION NECESSARY FOR SAFETY. HOWEVER, ANY REPAIR OR MAIN-TENANCE SHOULD BE PERFORMED BY THE FACTORY.



DISCONNECT DEVICE: The following part is considered the equipment disconnect device. A SWITCH OR CIRCUIT-BREAKER SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE END-USE EQUIPMENT OR BUILDING INSTALLA-TION. THE SWITCH SHALL BE IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO THE EQUIP-MENT AND WITHIN EASY REACH OF THE OPERATOR. THE SWITCH SHALL BE MARKED AS THE DISCONNECTING DEVICE FOR THE EQUIPMENT.



IMPORTANT! SI L'ÉQUIPEMENT EST UTILISÉ D'UNE FAÇON NON SPÉCIFIÉE PAR LE FABRICANT, LA PROTECTION FOURNIE PAR L'ÉQUIPEMENT PEUT ÊTRE ENDOMMAGÉE.

NOTE: Il N'Y A AUCUNE MAINTENANCE REQUISE POUR LA PRÉVENTION OU INSPEC-TION NÉCESSAIRE POUR LA SÉCURITÉ. CEPENDANT, TOUTE RÉPARATION OU MAIN-TENANCE DEVRAIT ÊTRE RÉALISÉE PAR LE FABRICANT.

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DÉBRANCHEMENT DE L'APPAREIL : la partie suivante est considérée l'appareil de débranchement de l'équipement. UN INTERRUPTEUR OU UN DISJONCTEUR DEVRAIT ÊTRE INCLUS DANS L'UTILISATION FINALE DE L'ÉQUIPEMENT OU L'INSTALLATION. L'INTERRUPTEUR DOIT ÊTRE DANS UNE PROXIMITÉ PROCHE DE



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L'ÉQUIPEMENT ET A LA PORTÉE DE L'OPÉRATEUR. L'INTERRUPTEUR DOIT AVOIR LA MENTION DÉBRANCHEMENT DE L'APPAREIL POUR L'ÉQUIPEMENT.

4.2: CT Leads Terminated to Meter

The Shark® 100/50 meter is designed to have current inputs wired in one of three ways. Figure 4.1 shows the most typical connection where CT Leads are terminated to the meter at the current gills. This connection uses nickel-plated brass studs (current gills) with screws at each end. This connection allows the CT wires to be terminated using either an "O" or a "U" lug. Tighten the screws with a #2 Phillips screwdriver. The maximum installation torque is 1 Newton-Meter.

Other current connections are shown in Figures 4.2 and 4.3. Voltage and RS485/KYZ Connection is shown in Figure 4.4.

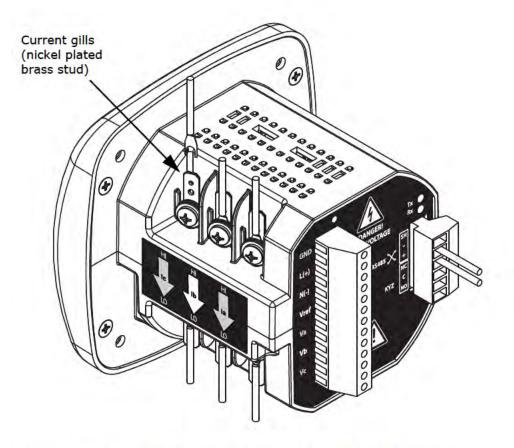


Figure 4.1: CT Leads terminated to Meter, #8 Screw for Lug Connection

Wiring diagrams are shown in Section 4.8 of this chapter.



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Communication connections are detailed in Chapter 5.

NOTE: Figures 4.1 - 4.4 show the back of a meter with the 485P option. If your meter is a Shark® 100B or is a Shark® 100 with the INP10 option, you will see an RJ45 port and KYZ Pulse Output on the back of the meter. If your meter is a Shark® 50B, you will see both an RS485 and RJ45 port, but no KYZ Pulse Output.

4.3: CT Leads Pass Through (No Meter Termination)

The second method allows the CT wires to pass through the CT inputs without terminating at the meter. In this case, remove the current gills and place the CT wire directly through the CT opening. The opening accommodates up to 0.177" / 4.5mm maximum diameter CT wire.

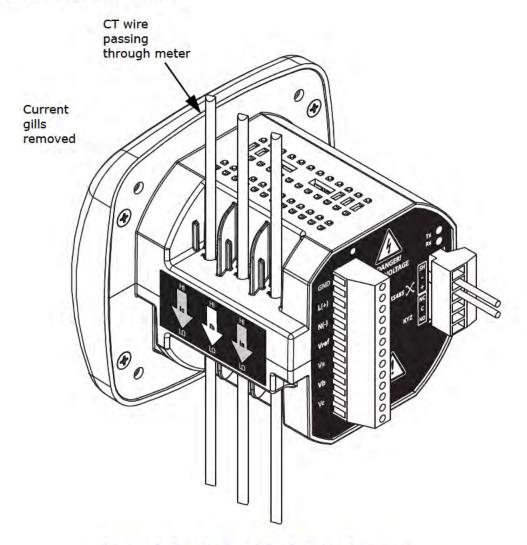


Figure 4.2: Pass Through Wire Electrical Connection



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4.4: Quick Connect Crimp-on Terminations

For quick termination or for portable applications, 0.25" quick connect crimp-on connectors can also be used.

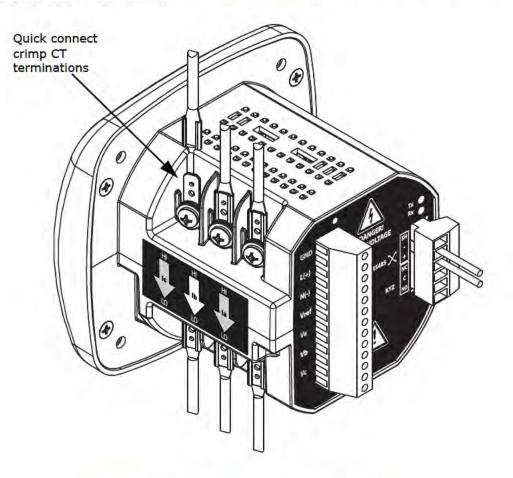


Figure 4.3: Quick Connect Electrical Connection



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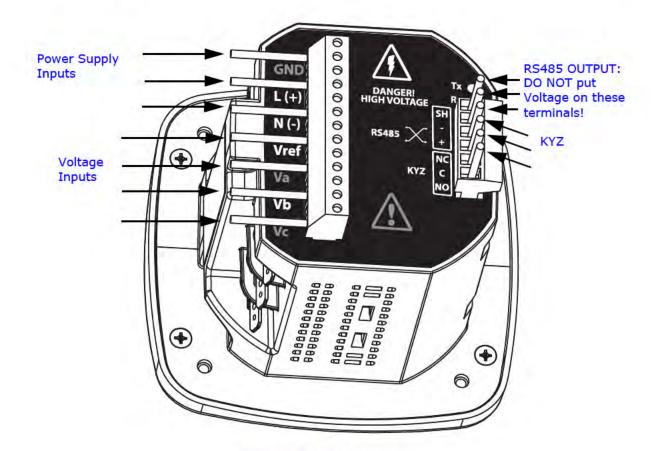
4-6

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4.5: Voltage and Power Supply Connections

Voltage inputs are connected to the back of the unit via wire connectors. The connectors accommodate AWG# 12-26/(0.129 - 3.31)mm². The diagram below shows the back of a meter with the RS485P Option. If your meter has the INP10 option or is a Shark® 50B meter, the back will look somewhat different (see figures 5.8 and 8.1).





4.6: Ground Connections

The meter's Ground terminals should be connected directly to the installation's protective earth ground. Use AWG# 12/2.5 mm² wire for this connection.

4.7: Voltage Fuses

EIG requires the use of fuses on each of the sense Voltages and on the control power.

• Use a 0.1 Amp fuse on each Voltage input.



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Use a 3 Amp Slow Blow fuse on the power supply.
 EIG offers the EI-CP Panel meter protective fuse kit, which can be ordered

4.8: Electrical Connection Diagrams

The following pages contain electrical connection diagrams for the Shark® 100/50 meter. Choose the diagram that best suits your application. Be sure to maintain the CT polarity when wiring.

The diagrams are presented in the following order:

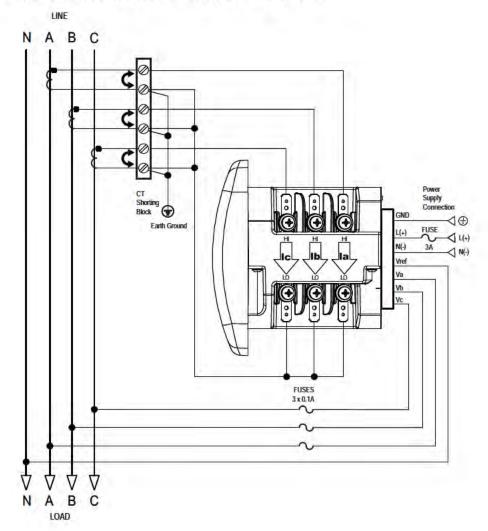
- 1. Three Phase, Four-Wire System Wye with Direct Voltage, 3 Element
 - a. Example of Dual-Phase Hookup
 - b. Example of Single Phase Hookup
- 2. Three Phase, Four-Wire System Wye with Direct Voltage, 2.5 Element
- 3. Three-Phase, Four-Wire Wye with PTs, 3 Element
- 4. Three-Phase, Four-Wire Wye with PTs, 2.5 Element
- 5. Three-Phase, Three-Wire Delta with Direct Voltage
- 6. Three-Phase, Three-Wire Delta with 2 PTs
- 7. Three-Phase, Three-Wire Delta with 3 PTs
- 8. Current Only Measurement (Three Phase)
- 9. Current Only Measurement (Dual Phase)
- 10.Current Only Measurement (Single Phase)

G Electro Industries GaugeTech

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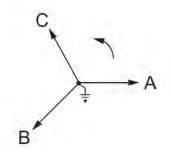
4-8

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1. Service: WYE, 4-Wire with No PTs, 3 CTs

Select: " 3 EL WYE " (3 Element Wye) from the Shark® meter's Front Panel Display. (See Chapter 6.)

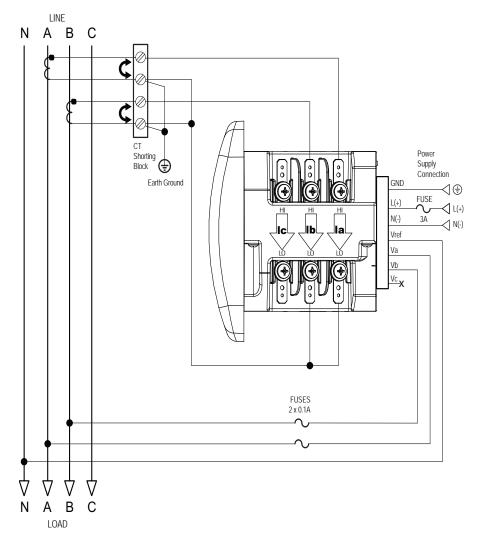


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1a. Example of Dual Phase Hookup

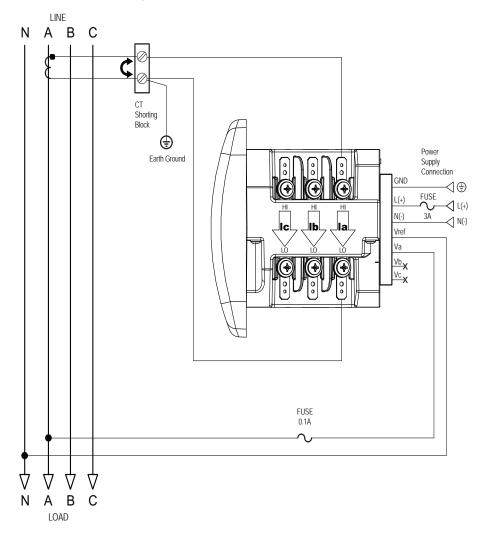
Select: " 3 EL WYE " (3 Element Wye) from the Shark® meter's Front Panel Display. (See Chapter 6.)



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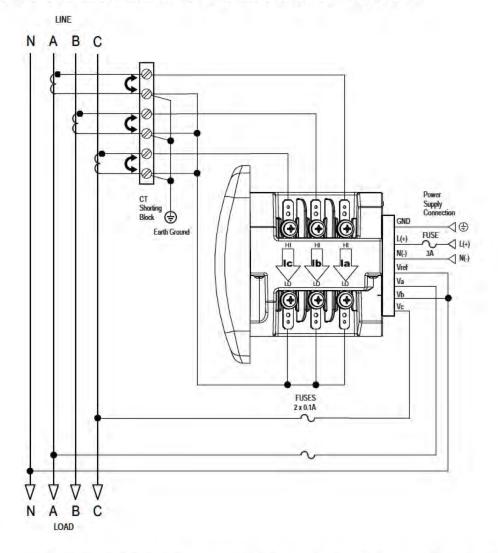
1b. Example of Single Phase Hookup

Select: " 3 EL WYE " (3 Element Wye) from the Shark® meter's Front Panel Display. (See Chapter 6.)



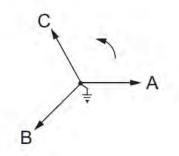
4-11

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2. Service: 2.5 Element WYE, 4-Wire with No PTs, 3 CTs

Select: "2.5 EL WYE" (2.5 Element Wye) from the Shark® meter's Front Panel Display. (See Chapter 6.)

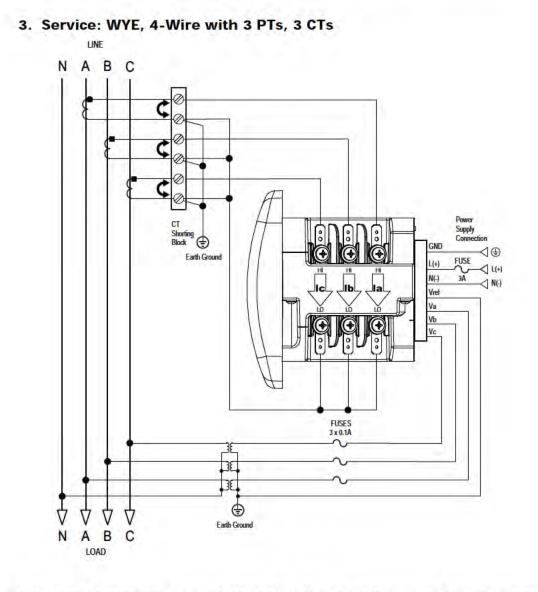


Electro Industries

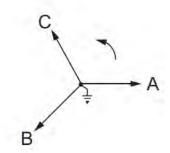
Doc# E145701

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Select: "3 EL WYE" (3 Element Wye) from the Shark® meter's Front Panel Display. (See Chapter 6.)



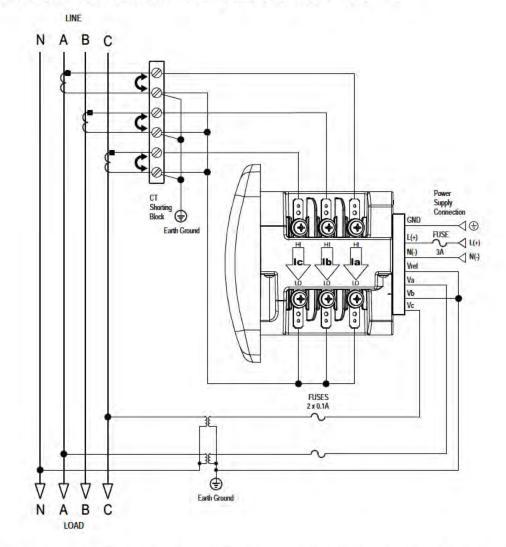


Doc# E145701

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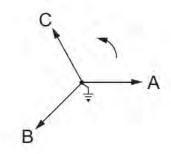
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4. Service: 2.5 Element WYE, 4-Wire with 2 PTs, 3 CTs

Select: "2.5 EL WYE" (2.5 Element Wye) from the Shark® meter's Front Panel Display. (See Chapter 6.)



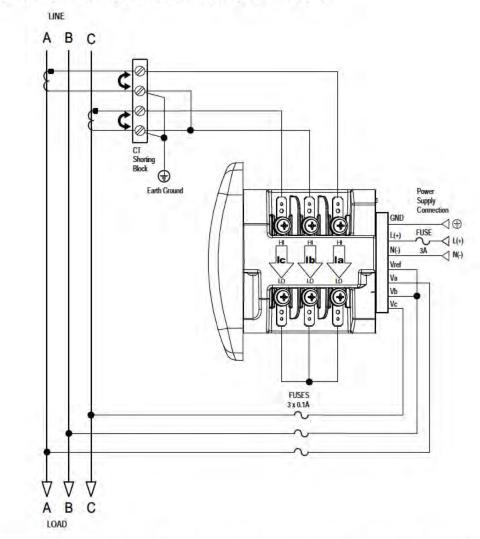
G Electro Industries GaugeTech

Doc# E145701

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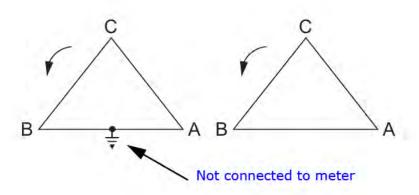
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5. Service: Delta, 3-Wire with No PTs, 2 CTs

Select: "2 CT DEL" (2 CT Delta) from the Shark® meter's Front Panel Display. (See Chapter 6.)



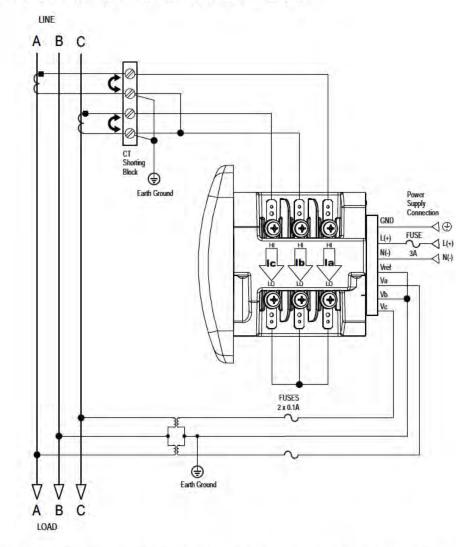


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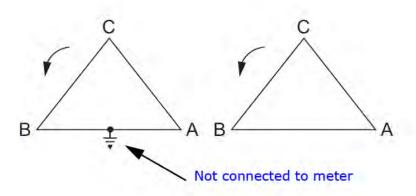
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6. Service: Delta, 3-Wire with 2 PTs, 2 CTs

Select: "2 CT DEL" (2 CT Delta) from the Shark® meter's Front Panel Display. (See Chapter 6.)

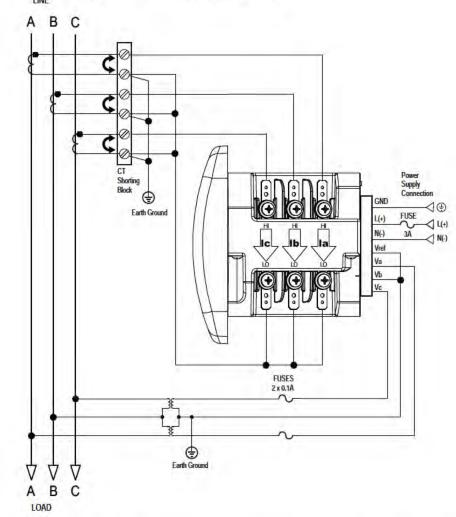


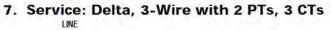


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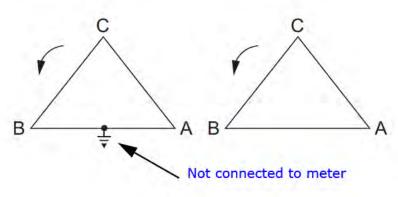
4-16





Select: "2 CT DEL" (2 CT Delta) from the Shark® meter's Front Panel Display. (See Chapter 6.)

NOTE: The third CT for hookup is optional, and is used only for current measurement.



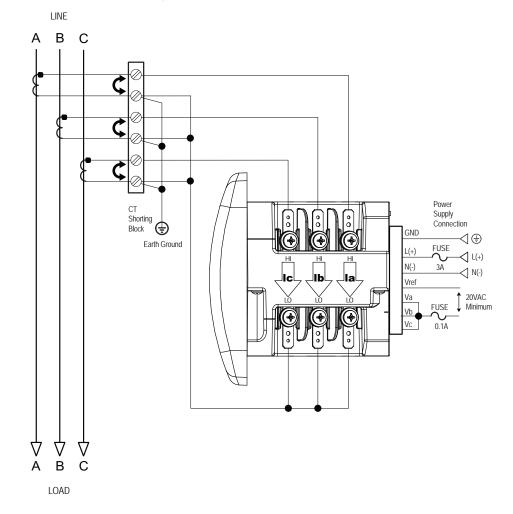


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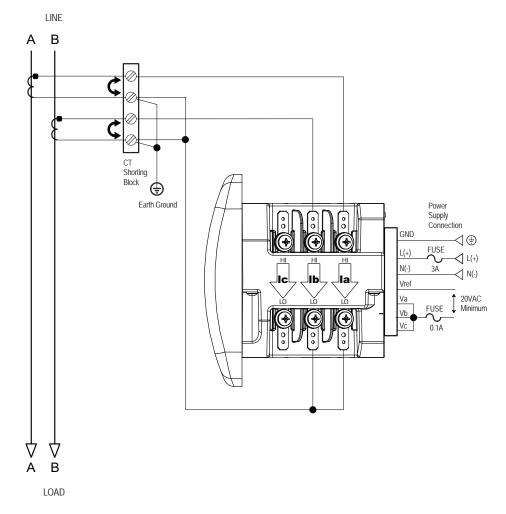
8. Service: Current Only Measurement (Three Phase)

Select: "3 EL WYE" (3 Element Wye) from the Shark® meter's Front Panel Display. (See Chapter 6.)



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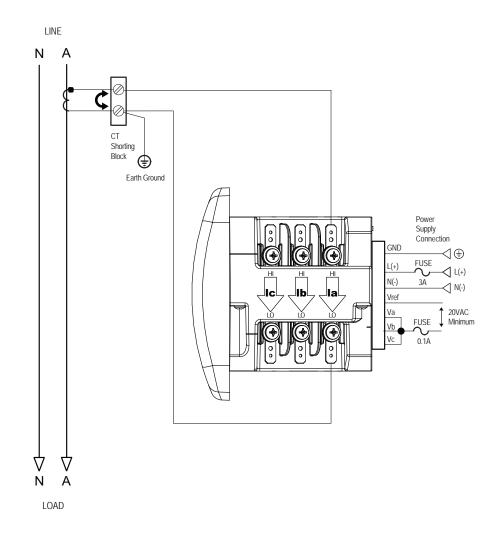
9. Service: Current Only Measurement (Dual Phase)

Select: "3 EL WYE" (3 Element Wye) from the Shark® meter's Front Panel Display. (See Chapter 6.)



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10. Service: Current Only Measurement (Single Phase)

Select: "3 EL WYE" (3 Element Wye) from the Shark® meter's Front Panel Display. (See Chapter 6.)

NOTE: The diagram shows a connection to Phase A, but you can also connect to Phase B or Phase C.



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4.9: Extended Surge Protection for Substation Instrumentation

EIG offers a surge protector for applications with harsh electrical conditions. The surge protector is EI-MSB10-400 and it can be ordered

The EI-MSB10-400 surge protector is designed to protect sensitive equipment from the damaging effects of lightning strikes and/or industrial switching surges in single phase AC networks up to 320VAC (L-N / L-G), and DC networks up to 400 VDC. The protectors are ideal for metering systems, RTUs, PLCs and protective relays. They are used specifically to extend the life and increase reliability of critical control apparatus.

For best protection, it is recommended to use two protectors. These will protect the instrument on the line inputs and on the reference input to ground. The protectors have LED indication to annunciate when the protection has worn out.

The EI-MSB10-400 is connected by wires in parallel with the network to be protected. It can be easily mounted on a wall or plate with self-adhesive tape.

See the wiring diagram below.

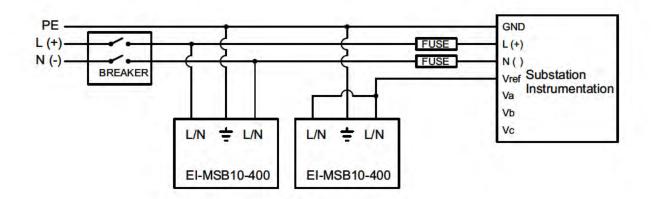


Figure 4.5: Wiring Schematic for Extended Surge Suppression Suitable for Substation Instrumentation



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5: Communication Installation

The Shark® 100/50 meter is designed in four forms that each have communication capability. The first form uses RS485 serial communication. This allows the meter to be wired in a daisy chain connection along with other meters, and to communicate data back via serial protocol. The available protocols are Modbus RTU/ASCII or DNP3. **NOTE:** The RS485 option is the only communication mode available for the Shark® 50 meter.

The second form of the meter is the Shark® 100 - INP10. This meter provides similar communication capability, but communicates over a 10/100BaseT Modbus TCP/IP Ethernet connection.

The third form of the meter is the Shark® 100B. This unit adds the capability of communicating over BACnet/IP. This allows the meter to act as a BACnet server and to transfer data to a BACnet client over an IP architecture. This meter also provides a basic web interface and a Modbus TCP/IP connection.

The fourth form of the meter is the Shark® 50B. This unit adds the capability of communicating BACnet MS/TP through serial RS485. This meter also provides a basic web interface and a Modbus TCP/IP connection.

5.1: Shark® 100/50 Meter Serial Based Communication

The basic Shark® 100 meter provides two independent Communication ports. The first port, Com 1, is an optical IrDA port. The second port, Com 2, provides RS485 communication speaking Modbus ASCII, Modbus RTU and DNP3 (V3 and V4) protocols. The Shark® 100B meter and Shark® 100 with the INP10 option have an RJ45 port instead of an RS485 port (see Section 5.3). The Shark® 50 meter has the RS485 port as an option, but no IrDA port. The Shark® 50B meter has both RS485 and RJ45 Ethernet ports, but no IrDA port; its RS485 port is dedicated to BACnet MS/TP communication, and its RJ45 Ethernet port to Modbus TCP/IP communication. Note that the Shark® 50B meter's RJ45 Ethernet port is limited in connection counts (EIG recommends a maximum of 2 connections at a time) and speed, which may become slower as communication increases. Its recommended use is for setting up BACnet variables and light meter Modbus polling.



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5.1.1: IrDA Port (Com 1)

The Shark® 100 meter's Com 1 IrDA port is on the face of the meter. The IrDA port allows the unit to be set up and programmed without the need for a communication cable. Just point at the meter with an IrDA-enabled PC to configure it.



Figure 5.1: IrDA Communication

Com 1 (IrDA port) settings

Address: 1

Baud Rate: 57.6k

Protocol: Modbus ASCII

Additional settings are configured using CommunicatorPQA® software. Refer to the *CommunicatorPQA®*, *MeterManagerPQA®*, and *EnergyPQA.com*[™] Software User *Manual* for instructions. EIG recommends the CAB6490 USB to IrDA adapter, which can be ordered



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5.1.2: RS485/KYZ Output Com 2 (485P Option)

The 485P Option provides a combination RS485 and KYZ Pulse Output for pulsing energy values. The RS485/KYZ Combo is located on the terminal section of the meter. **NOTES:**

- The Shark® 100B meter and Shark® 100 meters with the INP10 option also have a KYZ pulse output, but do not have an RS485 option (see Section 5.2 and Chapter 7).
- The Shark® 50B meter has an RS485 port, but it is a dedicated BACnet MS/TP Protocol port, used to connect to a BACnet system. It does not have a KYZ pulse.

See Section 2.2 for the KYZ Output specifications, and Section 6.3.1 for pulse constants.

The Shark® 100/50/50B meter's RS485 can be programmed with the buttons on the face of the meter or by using CommunicatorPQA® software. See Chapter 6 for instructions on these two modes.

Standard RS485 Port Settings

Address: 001 to 247

Baud Rate: 9600, 19200, 38400 or 57600

Protocol: Modbus RTU, Modbus ASCII, DNP3 (DNP3 is available with the Shark® 100 meter's V3 and V4 only.)

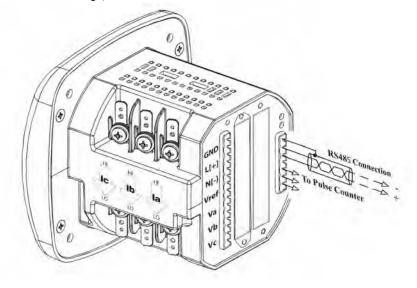


Figure 5.2: 485P Option with RS485 Communication



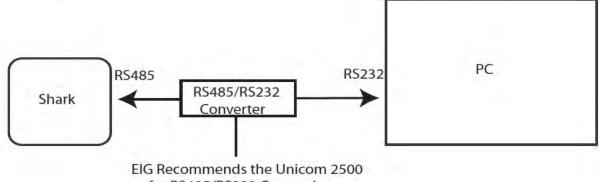
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RS485 allows you to connect one or multiple Shark® 100/50 meters to a PC or other device, at either a local or remote site. All RS485 connections are viable for up to 4000 feet (1219.20 meters).



for RS485/RS232 Conversion



As shown in Figure 5.3, to connect a Shark® 100/50 to a PC, you need to use an RS485 to RS232 converter, such as EIG's Unicom 2500. See Section 5.1.2.1 for information on using the Unicom 2500 with the Shark® 100/50. Figure 5.4 shows the detail of a 2-wire RS485 connection.

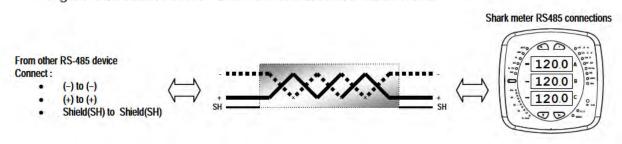


Figure 5.4: 2-wire RS485 Connection

NOTES For All RS485 Connections:

- Use a shielded twisted pair cable 22 AWG (0.33 mm2) or larger, grounding the shield at one end only.
- Establish point-to-point configurations for each device on a RS485 bus: connect (+) terminals to (+) terminals; connect (-) terminals to (-) terminals.



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- You may connect up to 31 meters on a single bus using RS485. Before assembling the bus, each meter must be assigned a unique address: refer to Chapter 9 of the *CommunicatorPQA®*, *MeterManagerPQA®*, and *EnergyPQA.com™ Software User Manual* for instructions.
- · Protect cables from sources of electrical noise.
- Avoid both "Star" and "Tee" connections (see Figure 5.6).
- No more than two cables should be connected at any one point on an RS485 network, whether the connections are for devices, converters, or terminal strips.
- Include all segments when calculating the total cable length of a network. If you are not using an RS485 repeater, the maximum length for cable connecting all devices is 4000 feet (1219.20 meters).
- Connect shield to RS485 Master and individual devices as shown in Figure 5.5. You
 may also connect the shield to earth-ground at one point.
- Termination Resistors (RT) may be needed on both ends of longer length transmission lines. However, since the meter has some level of termination internally, Termination Resistors may not be needed. When they are used, the value of the Termination Resistors is determined by the electrical parameters of the cable.

Figure 5.5 shows a representation of an RS485 Daisy Chain connection. Refer to Section 5.1.2.1 for details on RS485 connection for the Unicom 2500.

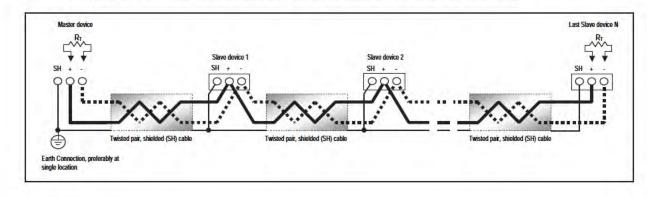


Figure 5.5: RS485 Daisy Chain Connection



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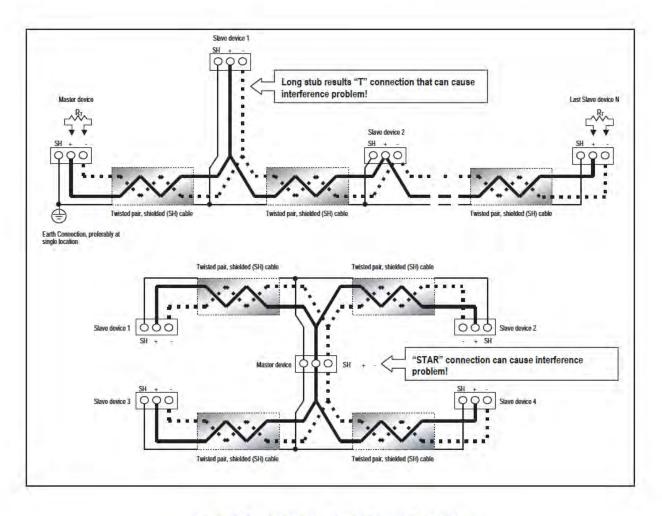


Figure 5.6: Incorrect "T" and "Star" Topologies



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5.1.2.1: Using the Unicom 2500

The Unicom 2500 provides RS485/RS232 conversion. In doing so it allows a Shark® 100/50 with the RS485 option to communicate with a PC. See the *Unicom 2500 Installation and Operation Manual* for additional information. You can order the Unicom 2500

Figure 5.7 illustrates the Unicom 2500 connections for RS485.

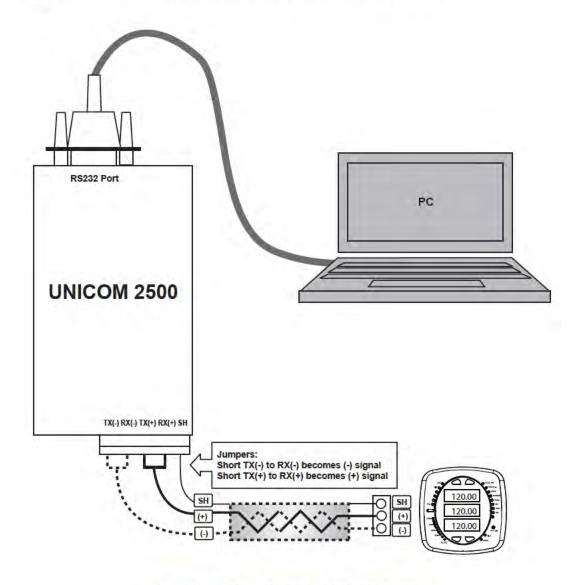


Figure 5.7: Unicom 2500 with Connections

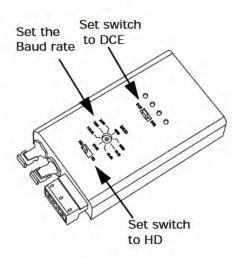


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The Unicom 2500 can be configured for either 4wire or 2-wire RS485 connections. Since the Shark® 100/50 uses a 2-wire connection, you need to add jumper wires to convert the Unicom 2500 to the 2-wire configuration. As shown in Figure 5.7, you connect the "RX -" and "TX -" terminals with a jumper wire to make the "-" terminal, and connect the "RX +" and "TX +" terminals with a jumper wire to make the "+" terminals with a jumper wire to make the "+" terminal. See the figure on the right for the Unicom 2500's settings. The Unicom's Baud rate



must match the Baud rate of the meter's RS485 port: you set the Baud rate by turning the screw to point at the rate you want.

Baud Rate: 9600

Address: 001

Protocol: Modbus RTU

5.2: Configuring the Shark® 100 - INP10 Ethernet Connection

The INP10 option is the Ethernet option for the standard Shark® 100 meter. It allows the Shark® 100 to communicate on a Local Area Network (LAN). The meter is easily configured through a host PC using a Telnet connection. Once configured, you can access the meter directly through any computer on your LAN.

NOTE: If you are using Windows 7 you need to enable Telnet before using it. See the instructions on page 5-11.

This section outlines the procedures for setting up the parameters for Ethernet communication:

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- Host PC setup Section 5.3.1
- Shark® meter setup Section 5.3.2



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5.2.1: Setting up the Host PC to Communicate with the Shark® 100 - INP10 meter

Consult with your Network Administrator before performing these steps because some of the functions may be restricted to Administrator privileges.

The Host PC could have multiple Ethernet Adapters (Network Cards) installed. Identify and configure the one that will be used for accessing the Shark® 100 - INP10 meter.

The PC's Ethernet Adapter must be set up for point-to-point communication when configuring the Shark® 100 meter's INP10 option. The Factory Default IP parameters programmed in the INP10 card are:

IP Address: 10.0.0.1 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0 See Section 5.3.2. for additional parameters.

5.2.1.1: Configuring the Host PC's Ethernet Adapter through Windows©

The following example shows the PC configuration settings that allow you to access the Shark® 100 - INP10 meter configured with default parameters. Use the same procedure when the settings differ from the default settings.

- From the Start Menu, select Control Panel>Network Connections. You will see the window shown on the right.
- Right click on the Local Area Network Connection you will use to connect to the Shark® 100 meter and select Properties from the dropdown menu.





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3. You will see the window shown on the right.

Select Internet Protocol [TCP/IP] and click the **Properties** button.

ieneral	Advanced			
Connec	et using:			
日本 日本	Broadcom NetLink	< (TM) Fast Ethern	e Co	nfigure
This co	nnection uses the	e following items:		
23	Pure Networks Pure Networks Internet Protoco		Driver	<
(<)		Im		>
	install	Uninstall	Pro	perties
Desc	ription			
wide	area network pro	Protocol/Internet F otocol that provide nnected networks	s communica	
		tion area when cor connection has limi		nectivity
-	ing the which this c			
-	ily me wilen this c			

- 4. You will see the window shown on the right. Click the Use the Following IP Address radio button and enter these parameters:
 IP Address: 10.0.0.2
 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- 5. Click the **OK** button. You have completed the setup procedure.

ieneral	Alternate Configuration	
this cap		tomatically if your network supports to ask your network administrator fo
٥ OI	otain an IP address automati	cally
OU	e the following IP address:	
IP as	ldress:	
Subr	iet mask:	
Defa	ult gateway:	
() OI	otain DNS server address au	tomatically
OU	e the following DNS server	addresses:
Prefe	arred DNS server.	
Alter	nate DNS server	
		Advanced
		OK. Car



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5.2.2: Setting up the Shark® 100 - INP10 Meter for Ethernet Communication

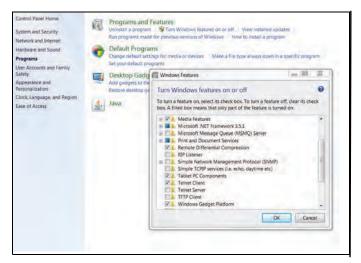
Below are the Factory Default settings for the Shark® 100 - INP10 meter's Ethernet card. These are programmed into the meter before it is shipped out from the factory. Parameters in group 1 may need to be altered to satisfy the local Ethernet configuration requirements. **Other parameters (2, 3, 4) should not be altered.**

1) Network/IP Settings: IP Address 10.0.0.1
Default Gateway not set
Netmask
2) Serial & Mode Settings:
Protocol Modbus/RTU,Slave(s) attached
Serial Interface 57600,8,N,1,RS232
3) Modem/Configurable Pin Settings:
CP1Not Used
CP2Not Used
CP3Not Used
4) Advanced Modbus Protocol settings:
Slave Addr/Unit Id Source Modbus/TCP header
Modbus Serial Broadcasts Disabled (Id=0 auto-mapped to 1)
MB/TCP Exception Codes Yes (return 00AH and 00BH)
Char, Message Timeout 00050msec, 05000msec

The Ethernet card in the Shark® 100 meter can be locally or remotely configured using a Telnet connection over the network.

NOTE: If you are using Windows

- 7, you need to enable Telnet before using it:
- 1. Open the Control Panel.
- 2. Select Programs.
- 3. Select Turn Windows features on or off.
- 4. Check the box for Telnet Client.
- 5. Click OK. The Telnet client is now available.





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The configuration parameters can be changed at any time and are retained when the meter is not powered up. After the configuration has been changed and saved, the Ethernet card performs a reset.

Only one person at a time should be logged into the network port used for setting up the meter. This eliminates the possibility of several people trying to configure the Ethernet interface simultaneously.

It is possible to reset the Ethernet card to its default values. Follow the procedure in Section 5.2.2.2.

5.2.2.1: Configuring the Shark® 100 - INP10 Meter's Ethernet Connection on the Host Computer

Establish a Telnet connection on port 9999. Follow these steps:

- 1. From the Windows Start menu, click Run and type 'cmd'.
- 2. Click the **OK** button to bring up the Windows' Command Prompt window.
- In the Command Prompt window, type: "telnet 10.0.0.1 9999" and press the Enter key.

NOTE: Make sure there is a space between the IP address and 9999.

When the Telnet connection is established you will see a message similar to the example shown below.

Serial Number 5415404 MAC Address 00:20:4A:54:3C:2C Software Version V01.2 (000719) Press Enter to go into Setup Mode

4. To proceed to Setup Mode press Enter again. You will see a screen similar to the one shown on the next page.



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1) Network/IP Settings:	
IP Address 10.0.0.1	
Default Gatewaynot set	
Netmask	
2) Serial & Mode Settings:	
Protocol Modbus/RTU,Slave(s) attached	
Serial Interface 57600,8,N,1,RS232,CH1	
3) Modem/Configurable Pin Settings:	
CP1Not Used	
CP2Not Used	
CP3Not Used	
4) Advanced Modbus Protocol settings:	
Slave Addr/Unit Id Source Modbus/TCP header	
Modbus Serial Broadcasts Disabled (Id=0 auto-mapped to 1)	
MB/TCP Exception Codes Yes (return 00AH and 00BH)	
Char, Message Timeout 00050msec, 05000msec	
D)efault settings, S)ave, Q)uit without save	
Select Command or parameter set (14) to change:	

- 5. Change ONLY the parameters in group 1. To do so:
 - a. Type number "1."

b. Once group 1 is selected, the individual parameters display for editing. Either:

- Enter a new parameter if a change is required.
- Press Enter to proceed to the next parameter without changing the current setting.

IMPORTANT! Settings 2, 3, and 4 must have the default values shown above.

(Example: Setting device with static IP Address.)

IP Address <010> 192.<000> 168.<000> .<000> .<001>

Set Gateway IP Address <N>?Y

Gateway IP Address: <192> .<168> .<000> .<001>

Set Netmask <N for default> <Y>?Y



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6. Continue setting up parameters as needed. After you finish your modifications, make sure to press the "S" key on the keyboard. This saves the new values and causes a Reset in the Ethernet card.

CAUTION! DO NOT PRESS 'D' as it will overwrite any changes and save the default values.

5.2.2.2: Resetting the Ethernet Card (INP10)

If the IP Address of the Ethernet card is unknown, you can restore the factory default settings by pressing the Reset button on the card. The INP10 card's Reset button is accessed from the back of the Shark® 100 - INP10 meter. See the figure below.

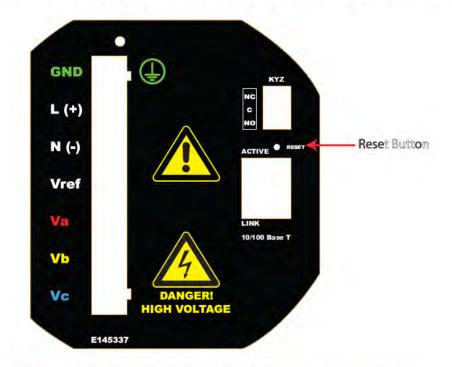


Figure 5.8: Backplate of Shark® 100 - INP10 meter, showing Reset button

Using an implement such as a ballpoint pen tip, press and hold the Reset button for 30 seconds. The INP10 card will be reset to the default settings shown in Section 5.2.2.

5.3: Shark® 50B/100B Meter Ethernet Configuration

See Chapter 7 for detailed instructions on configuring the Shark® 100B meter's Ethernet communication and Chapter 8 for detailed instructions on configuring the Shark® 50B meter's Ethernet communication.



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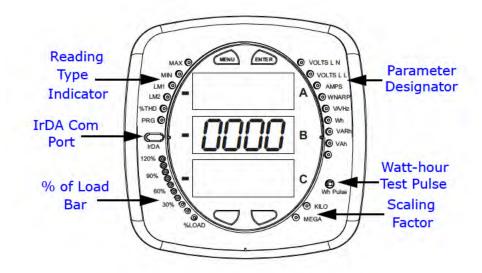
6: Using the Shark® 100/50 Meter

If you have a Shark® 100/100B/50/50B meter, you can use the Elements and Buttons on the meter's face to view meter readings, reset and/or configure the meter, and perform related functions. Since the Shark® 100T/100BT transducer does not have a faceplate, you configure the transducer through communication (see Chapter 5 for an explanation of meter/transducer communication options) using CommunicatorPQA® software. You can also use this software to configure the Shark® 100/100B/ 50/50B meters through communication.

The following sections explain meter programming, first by using the faceplate and then with CommunicatorPQA® software.

6.1: Programming the Shark® 100/100B/50/50B Meter Using the Faceplate

The following sections explain meter programming using the buttons and elements on the meter's faceplate.



6.1.1: Understanding Meter Face Elements

Figure 6.1: Faceplate with Elements

The meter face features the following elements:

 Reading Type Indicator: e.g., Max (The Shark® 50/50B meter has Max and Min only.)



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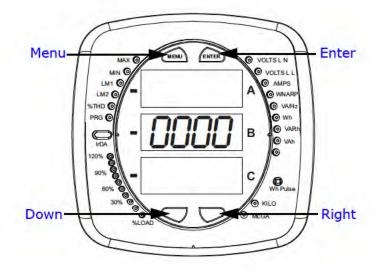
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- Parameter Designator: e.g., volts L-N
- Watt-Hour Test Pulse: Energy pulse output to test accuracy
- Scaling Factor: Kilo or Mega multiplier of displayed readings
- % of Load Bar: Graphic display of amps as % of the load (Refer to Section 6.3 for additional information.)
- IrDA Communication Port: Com 1 port for wireless communication (The Shark® 50/50B meter does not have the IrDA port.)

6.1.2: Understanding Meter Face Buttons





The meter face has **Menu**, **Enter**, **Down** and **Right** buttons, which let you perform the following functions:

- View Meter Information
- Enter Display Modes
- Configure Parameters (may be Password Protected)
- Perform Resets (may be Password Protected)



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- Perform LED Checks
- Change Settings
- View Parameter Values
- Scroll Parameter Values
- View Limit States

6.2: Using the Front Panel

You can access four modes using the Shark® 100/100B/50/50B meter's front panel buttons:

- Operating mode (Default)
- Reset mode
- Configuration mode
- Information mode Information mode displays a sequence of screens that show model information, such as frequency, amps, V-Switch[™] key, etc.

Use the **Menu**, **Enter**, **Down** and **Right** buttons to navigate through each mode and its related screens.

NOTES: See Appendix A for the complete display mode Navigation maps.

6.2.1: Understanding Startup and Default Displays

Upon Power Up, the meter displays a sequence of screens:

- Lamp Test screen where all LEDs are lit
- · Lamp Test screen where all digits are lit
- Firmware screen showing build number
- Error screen (if an error exists)

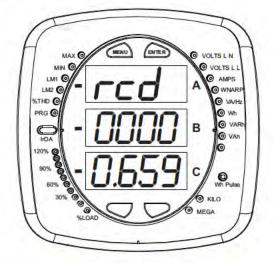
After startup, if auto-scrolling is enabled, the Shark® 100/100B/50/50B meter scrolls the parameter readings on the right side of the front panel. The Kilo or Mega LED



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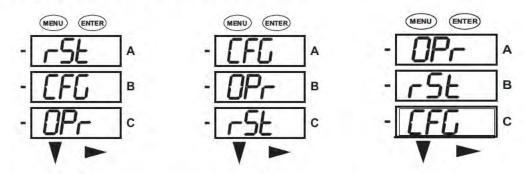
lights, showing the scale for the Wh, VARh and VAh readings. Figure 6.3 shows an example of a Wh reading.

Figure 6.3: Display Showing Watt-hr Reading

The meter continues to provide scrolling readings until one of the buttons on the front panel is pressed, causing the meter to enter one of the other modes.

6.2.2: Using the Main Menu

- 1. Press the Menu button. The Main Menu screen appears.
- The Reset mode (rSt) appears in the A window. Use the Down button to scroll, causing the Configuration (CFG), Operating (OPr), and Information (InFo) modes to move to the A window.
- The mode that is currently flashing in the A window is the "Active" mode, which means it is the mode that can be configured.



For example: Press Down Once - CFG moves to A window. Press Down Once - OPr moves to A window.



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Press the Enter button from the Main Menu to view the Parameters screen for the mode that is currently active.

6.2.3: Using Reset Mode

- Press the Enter button while rSt is in the A window. The "rSt (Reset) ALL? no" screen appears.
 - If you press the Enter button again, the Main Menu appears, with the next mode in the A window. (The Down button does not affect this screen.)
 - If you press the Right button, the "rSt ALL? YES" screen appears. Press Enter to perform a reset.
 CAUTION! All Max and Min values will be reset.

NOTE: If Password protection is enabled for reset, you must enter the four digit password before you can reset the meter (see Chapter 6 for information on Password protection). To enter a password, follow the instructions in Section 6.2.4.

 Once you have performed a reset, the screen displays "rSt ALL donE" and then resumes auto-scrolling parameters.









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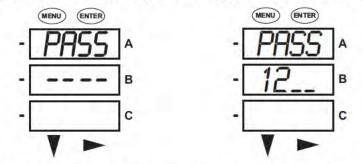
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6.2.4: Entering a Password

If Password protection has been enabled in the software for reset and/or configuration (see Section 6.5.3 for information), a screen appears requesting a password when you try to reset the meter and/or configure settings through the front panel.

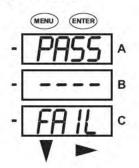
- PASS appears in the A window and 4 dashes appear in the B window. The leftmost dash is flashing.
- Press the **Down** button to scroll numbers from 0 to 9 for the flashing dash. When the correct number appears for that dash, use the **Right** button to move to the next dash.

Example: The left screen, below, shows four dashes. The right screen shows the display after the first two digits of the password have been entered.



2. When all 4 digits of the password have been selected, press the Enter button.

- If you are in Reset Mode and you enter the correct password, "rSt ALL donE" appears and the screen resumes auto-scrolling parameters.
- If you are in Configuration Mode and you enter the correct password, the display returns to the screen that required a password.
- If you enter an incorrect password, "PASS ---- FAIL" appears and:
 - The previous screen is re-displayed, if you are in Reset Mode.
 - The previous Operating mode screen is re-displayed, if you are in Configuration mode.





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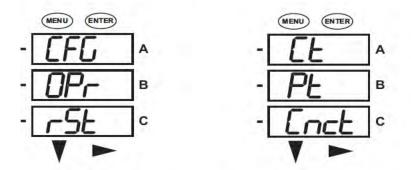
6.2.5: Using Configuration Mode

Configuration mode follows Reset: Energy on the Main Menu.

To access Configuration mode

- 1. Press the Menu button while the meter is auto-scrolling parameters.
- Press the **Down** button until the Configuration Mode option (CFG) is in the A window.
- 3. Press the Enter button. The Configuration Parameters screen appears.
- Press the Down button to scroll through the configuration parameters: Scroll (SCrL), CT, PT, Connection (Cnct) and Port. The parameter currently 'Active," i.e., configurable, flashes in the A window.
- Press the Enter button to access the Setting screen for the currently active parameter.

NOTE: You can use the **Enter** button to scroll through all of the Configuration parameters and their Setting screens, in order.



Press Enter when CFG is in A window - Parameter screen appears -

Press Down- Press Enter when

Parameter you want is in A window

- The parameter screen appears, showing the current settings. To change the settings:
 - Use either the **Down** button or the **Right** button to select an option.



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• To enter a number value, use the **Down** button to select the number value for a digit and the **Right** button to move to the next digit.

NOTE: When you try to change the current setting and Password protection is enabled for the meter, the Password screen appears. See Section 6.2.4 for instructions on entering a password.

7. Once you have entered the new setting, press the Menu button twice.

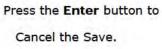
8. The Store ALL YES screen appears. You can either:

- Press the Enter button to save the new setting.
- Press the Right button to access the Store ALL no screen; then press the Enter button to cancel the Save.
- If you have saved the settings, the Store ALL done screen appears and the meter resets.





Press the **Enter** button to save the settings. Press the **Right** button for Stor All no screen.





The settings have been

saved.



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6.2.5.1: Configuring the Scroll Feature

When in Auto Scroll mode, the meter performs a scrolling display, showing each parameter for 7 seconds, with a 1 second pause between parameters. The parameters that the meter displays are determined by the following conditions:

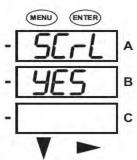
- They have been selected through software (refer to the CommunicatorPQA®, MeterManagerPQA®, and EnergyPQA.com[™] Software User Manual for instructions).
- They are enabled by the installed V-Switch[™] key. Refer to Section 2.1.3 for information on V-Switch[™] keys.

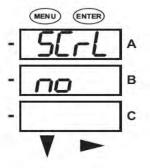
To enable or disable Auto-scrolling:

- Press the Enter button when SCrl is in the A window. The Scroll YES screen appears.
- Press either the **Right** or **Down** button if you want to access the Scroll no screen. To return to the Scroll YES screen, press either button.
- Press the Enter button on either the Scroll YES screen (to enable auto-scrolling) or the Scroll no screen (to disable auto-scrolling).
- 4. The CT- n screen appears (this is the next Configuration mode parameter).

NOTES:

- To exit the screen without changing scrolling options, press the Menu button.
- To return to the Main Menu screen, press the Menu button twice.
- To return to the scrolling (or non-scrolling) parameters display, press the Menu button three times.





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6.2.5.2: Configuring CT Setting

The CT Setting has three parts: Ct-n (numerator), Ct-d (denominator), and Ct-S (scaling).

- 1. Press the **Enter** button when Ct is in the A window. The Ct-n screen appears. You can either:
 - Change the value for the CT numerator.
 - Access one of the other CT screens by pressing the Enter button: press Enter once to access the Ct-d screen, twice to access the Ct-S screen.

NOTE: The Ct-d screen is preset to a 5 amp or 1 amp value at the factory and cannot be changed.

a. To change the value for the CT numerator:

From the Ct-n screen:

- Use the Down button to select the number value for a digit.
- Use the Right button to move to the next digit.
- b. To change the value for CT scaling

From the Ct-S screen:

Use the **Right** button or the **Down** button to choose the scaling you want. The Ct-S setting can be 1, 10, or 100.

NOTE: If you are prompted to enter a password, refer to Section 6.2.4 for instructions on doing so.

2. When the new setting is entered, press the Menu button twice.

3. The Store ALL YES screen appears. Press Enter to save the new CT setting.

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Example CT Settings:

200/5 amps: Set the Ct-n value for 200 and the Ct-S value for 1.

800/5 amps: Set the Ct-n value for 800 and the Ct-S value for 1.



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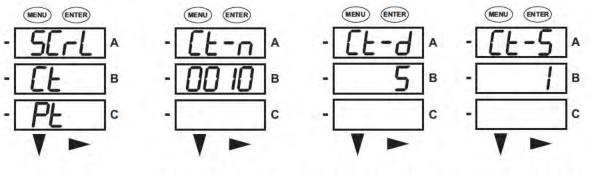
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2,000/5 amps: Set the Ct-n value for 2000 and the Ct-S value for 1.

10,000/5 amps: Set the Ct-n value for 1000 and the Ct-S value for 10.

NOTES:

- The value for amps is a product of the Ct-n value and the Ct-S value.
- Ct-n and Ct-S are dictated by primary current; Ct-d is secondary current.



Press Enter

Use buttons to set Ct-n Ct-d cannot be changed Use buttons to select

scaling

6.2.5.3: Configuring PT Setting

The PT Setting has three parts: Pt-n (numerator), Pt-d (denominator), and Pt-S (scaling).

- 1. Press the **Enter** button when Pt is in the A window. The PT-n screen appears. You can either:
 - Change the value for the PT numerator.
 - Access one of the other PT screens by pressing the Enter button: press Enter once to access the Pt-d screen, twice to access the Pt-S screen.
 - a. To change the value for the PT numerator or denominator:

From the Pt-n or Pt-d screen:

- Use the **Down** button to select the number value for a digit.
- Use the Right button to move to the next digit.



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b. To change the value for the PT scaling:

From the Pt-S screen:

Use the **Right** button or the **Down** button to choose the scaling you want. The Pt-S setting can be 1, 10, 100, or 1000.

NOTE: If you are prompted to enter a password, refer to Section 6.2.4 for instructions on doing so.

2. When the new setting is entered, press the Menu button twice.

3. The STOR ALL YES screen appears. Press Enter to save the new PT setting.

Example PT Settings:

277/277 volts: Pt-n value is 277, Pt-d value is 277, Pt-S value is 1.

14,400/120 volts: Pt-n value is 1440, Pt-d value is 120, Pt-S value is 10.

138,000/69 volts: Pt-n value is 1380, Pt-d value is 69, Pt-S value is 100.

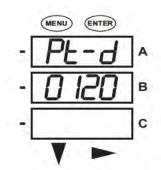
345,000/115 volts: Pt-n value is 3450, Pt-d value is 115, Pt-S value is 100.

345,000/69 volts: Pt-n value is 345, Pt-d value is 69, Pt-S value is 1000.

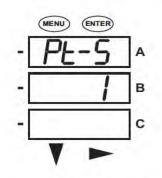
NOTE: Pt-n and Pt-S are dictated by primary Voltage; Pt-d is secondary Voltage.



Use buttons to set Pt-n



Use buttons to set Pt-d



Use buttons to select scaling



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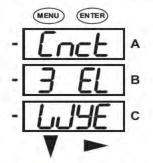
6.2.5.4: Configuring Connection Setting

- 1. Press the Enter button when Cnct is in the A window. The Cnct screen appears.
- 2. Press the Right button or Down button to select a configuration. The choices are:
 - 3 Element Wye (3 EL WYE)
 - 2.5 Element Wye (2.5EL WYE)
 - 2 CT Delta (2 Ct dEL)

NOTE: If you are prompted to enter a password, refer to Section 6.2.4 for instructions on doing so.

3. When you have made your selection, press the Menu button twice.

4. The STOR ALL YES screen appears. Press Enter to save the setting.



Use buttons to select configuration

6.2.5.5: Configuring Communication Port Setting

Port configuration consists of: Address (a three digit number), Baud Rate (9600; 19200; 38400; or 57600), and Protocol (DNP 3.0; Modbus RTU; or Modbus ASCII).

- 1. Press the **Enter** button when POrt is in the A window. The Adr (address) screen appears. You can either:
 - Enter the address.
 - Access one of the other Port screens by pressing the Enter button: press Enter once to access the bAUd screen (Baud Rate), twice to access the Prot screen (Protocol).



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a. To enter the Address

From the Adr screen:

- Use the **Down** button to select the number value for a digit.
- Use the Right button to move to the next digit.

b. To select the Baud Rate:

From the bAUd screen:

Use the Right button or the Down button to select the setting you want.

c. To select the Protocol:

From the Prot screen:

Press the Right button or the Down button to select the setting you want.

NOTE: If you are prompted to enter a password, refer to Section 6.2.4 for instructions on doing so.

2. When you have finished making your selections, press the Menu button twice.

3. The STOR ALL YES screen appears. Press Enter to save the settings.



Use buttons to enter Address Use buttons to select Baud Rate Use buttons to select Protocol



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6.2.6: Using Operating Mode

Operating mode is the Shark® 100/100B/50/50B meter's default mode, that is, the standard front panel display. After starting up, the meter automatically scrolls through the parameter screens, if scrolling is enabled. Each parameter is shown for 7 seconds, with a 1 second pause between parameters. Scrolling is suspended for 3 minutes after any button is pressed.

- Press the **Down** button to scroll all the parameters in Operating mode. The currently "Active," i.e., displayed, parameter has the Indicator light next to it, on the right face of the meter.
- Press the **Right** button to view additional readings for that parameter. The table below shows possible readings for Operating mode. Sheet 2 in Appendix A shows the Operating mode Navigation map.

NOTE: Readings or groups of readings are skipped if not applicable to the meter type or hookup, or if they are disabled in the programmable settings.

VOLTS L-N	VOLTS_LN	VOLTS_L- N_MAX	VOLTS_L- N_MIN		VOLTS_L- N_THD
VOLTS L-L	VOLTS_LL	VOLTS_LL_ MAX	VOLTS_LL_ MIN		
AMPS	AMPS	AMPS NEUTRAL	AMPS_MAX	AMPS_MIN	AMPS_THD
W/VAR/PF	W_VAR_PF	W_VAR_P- F_MAX POS	W_VAR_P- F_MIN_POS	W_VAR_P- F_MIN_NE G	
VA/Hz	VA_FREQ	VA_FREQ MAX	VA_FRE- Q_MIN		
Wh	KWH_REC	KWH_DEL	KWH_NET	KWH_TOT	
VARh	KVARH POS	KVAR- H_NEG	KVAR- H_NET	KVARH TOT	
VAh	КVАН				

OPERATING MODE PARAMETER READINGS

POSSIBLE READINGS



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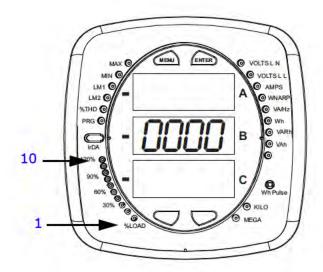
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6.3: Understanding the % of Load Bar

The 10-segment LED bar graph at the bottom left of the Shark® 100/100B/50/50B meter's front panel provides a graphic representation of amps. The segments light according to the load, as shown in the table below.

When the Load is over 120% of Full Load, all segments flash "On" (1.5 secs) and "Off" (0.5 secs).

Segments	Load >= % Full Load no load		
none			
1	1%		
1-2	15%		
1-3	30%		
1-4	45%		
1-5	60%		
1-6	72%		
1-7	84%		
1-8	96%		
1-9	108%		
1-10	120%		
All Blink	>120%		





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6.4: Performing Watt-Hour Accuracy Testing (Verification)

To be certified for revenue metering, power providers and utility companies must verify that the billing energy meter performs to the stated accuracy. To confirm the meter's performance and calibration, power providers use field test standards to ensure that the unit's energy measurements are correct. Since the Shark® 100/ 100B/50 meter is a traceable revenue meter, it contains a utility grade test pulse that can be used to gate an accuracy standard. This is an essential feature required of all billing grade meters.

- Refer to Figure 6.5 for an example of how this process works.
- Refer to Table 6.1 for the Wh/Pulse constants for accuracy testing.

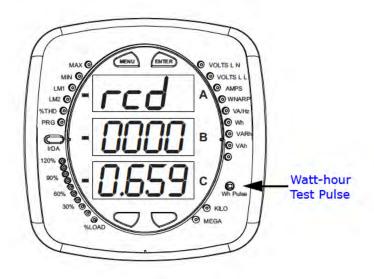


Figure 6.4: Watt-hour Test Pulse



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6: Using the Shark® 100 Meter

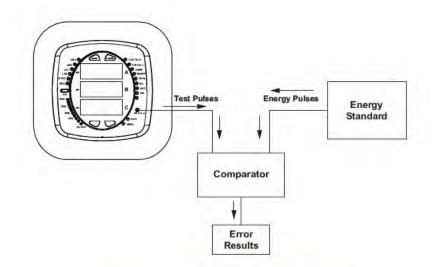


Figure 6.5: Using the Watt-hour Test Pulse

Input Voltage Level	Class 10 Models	Class 2 Models
Below 150V	0.2505759630	0.0501151926
Above 150V	1.0023038521	0.2004607704

Table 6.1: Infrared & KYZ Pulse Constants for Accuracy Testing - Kh Watt-hour per pulse

NOTES:

- Minimum pulse width is 40 milliseconds.
- Refer to Chapter 2, Section 2.2, for Wh Pulse specifications.
- The Shark® 50B meter does not have a KYZ Pulse output.
- Typical standards are: Radian Research RD20 & RD21 or a Watt hour Engineering Company Three Phase Automated Test System.

NOTE: Watt hour Standards offer pulse inputs that take in the CPU's test pulses. The accuracy is computed by ratio-metrically comparing the period of the meter's pulse to the period of the Standard's internal pulse. You must program the test pulse value (Kh) into the Standard for the results to be accurate.



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The example test procedure that follows covers the testing of the Shark® meter. The test procedure used for the Standard shall be determined by the manufacturer of the Standard used.

Test Procedure

- 1. All circuits and equipment must be de-energized.
- 2. Connect the three phase potential input lines to "Va", "Vb", and "Vc" and the neutral to "V-Ref" & "GND."
- 3. Connect power leads to the "L" and "N" connections.
- 4. Monitor the #1 test pulse by placing the photo detector over the #1 LED.
- 5. Connect the three phase current inputs to the current terminals associated with the test pulse LED being monitored. There must be no other current inputs connected.
- 6. Energize the Standard and the Shark® meter. To assure accuracy, both must be on for a minimum of 30 minutes.
- 7. Energize the sources and wait for the outputs to stabilize before starting the test.
- 8. Start the test as per the appropriate procedure for the Standard and/or comparator used.
- 9. When the test is completed, de-energize the sources.
- 10. Place the photo detector over the next test pulse to be monitored.
- 11. Repeat steps 5 through 10 until all test pulses are checked.
- 12. De-energize all circuits and remove power from the Standard, sources, and the Shark® meter.
- 13. Disconnect all connections from the Shark® meter.



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6.5: Programming the Transducer or Meter Using Software

As mentioned in the beginning of the chapter, you must program the Shark® 100T/ 100BT transducer using communication and software. You can also configure the Shark® 100/100B/50/50B meter this way.

6.5.1: Accessing the Transducer/Meter in Default Communication Mode (RS485 Communication)

You can connect to the Shark® transducer or meter in Default communication mode if you are using the RS485 port. This feature is useful in debugging or if you do not know the meter's programmed settings and want to find them. For 5 seconds after the Shark® transducer or meter is powered up, you can use the RS485 port with Default communication mode to poll the Name Register. You do this by connecting to the transducer/meter with the following default settings (see Section 6.5.2 on the next page):

Baud Rate: 9600

Address: 001

Protocol: Modbus RTU

The transducer/meter continues to operate with these default settings for 5 minutes. During this time, you can access the transducer/meter's Device Profile to ascertain/ change device information. After 5 minutes of no activity, the transducer/meter reverts to the programmed Device Profile settings.

IMPORTANT! In Normal operating mode the initial factory communication settings are:

Baud Rate: 57600

Address: 001

Protocol: Modbus RTU



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6.5.2: Connecting to the Transducer/Meter through CommunicatorPQA® Software

How to Connect:

- 1. Open CommunicatorPQA® software.
- 2. From the Main screen, click the Connect icon in the Icon bar.

File Con	nection	Real-Time Poll	Tools	I/O Devices	TOU Caler	idar Logs	View Hel	р
	10				1	0	-	
profile	ret lag	open log	conn mgr	meter mgr	connect	dis-crict	polling	energy
					Clic	k the Con	nect Icon	

3. The Connect screen opens. If you are connecting via RS485, make sure your settings are the same as shown here. Use the pull-down menus to make any necessary changes to the settings.

Serial Port	C Network	
Device Address	1	
Baud Rate	9600 🔻	
	C Available Ports • All Ports	
Port	СОМ1	
Protocol	Modbus RTU 🔹	
Flow Control	None •	
Echo Mode	No Echo 🔹	
Parity	None	

a. If you are connecting with either a Shark® 100 - INP10 meter/transducer, a Shark® 100B/100BT meter, or a Shark® 50B meter, click the Network radio button. Your screen changes to the Connect screen shown on the next page.

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- b. Enter the IP address of the INP10 card (see Chapter 5), of the Shark® 100B/
 100BT Ethernet card (see Chapter 7), or of the Shark® 50B Ethernet card (see Chapter 8) in the Host field.
- 4. Click the Connect button. If you have a problem connecting, you may have to disconnect power to the meter, then reconnect power and click the Connect button, again.
- 5. You will see the Device Status screen, confirming connection to your meter. Click OK.

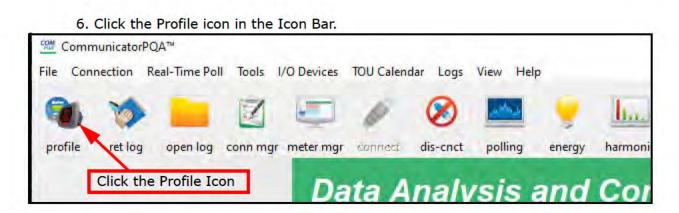
	List of C	urrent	ly Connec	ted Devices	
Device	Device Type	Run-time	Serial Number	V-Switch	
Shark100_IP120	Shark 100	0051	0119596637		3
Shark too_ii 120	Shark 100	0051	011000001		
-		OK		Help	

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7.You will see the Device Profile screen. The tabs at the top of the screen allow you to navigate between setting screens (see below).

	Ratios and System Wiring
T Numerator (Primary)	5
T Denominator (Secondary)	5
T Multiplier	1 👻
T Fullscale	5,000 amps
T Numerator (Primary)	120
T Denominator (Secondary)	120
T Multiplier	1
T Fullscale	120.0 volts
ystem Wiring	3 element wye
Phases Displayed	ABC



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 Click the Communications tab. You will see the screen shown below. Use this screen to enter communication settings for the meter's two on-board ports: the IrDA port (COM 1) and RS485 port (COM 2). Make any necessary changes to settings.

NOTES:

- If you have a Shark® 100 INP10 or a Shark® 100B/100BT, you don't program the RS485 port.
- If you have a Shark® 50/50B meter, you won't see the IrDA port settings.

	Communication Settings
COM1 (IrDA) Response Delay (msec) COM2 (RS485) Address Protocol Baud Rate Response Delay (msec)	0 1 Modbus RTU ♥ 57600 ♥ 0 ♥ Set COM2 to default
Lindale	Load Save Report Help

9. Valid Communication Settings are as follows:

COM1	(IrDA)
Response Delay	(0-750 msec)
COM2	(RS485)
Address	(1-247)
Protocol	(Modbus RTU, Modbus ASCII or DNP)
Baud Rate	(9600 to 57600)
Response Delay	(0-750 msec)
DNP Options for \	/oltage, Current, and Power - these fields allow you to choose
Primary or Second	dary Units for DNP, and to set custom scaling if you choose



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Primary. See Chapter 9 in the *CommunicatorPQA®*, *MeterManagerPQA®*, and *EnergyPQA.com® Software User Manual* for more information.

- 10. When changes are complete, click the Update Device button to send the new profile to the meter.
- 11. Click Exit to leave the Device Profile or click other tabs to change other aspects of the Device Profile (see the following section for instructions).

6.5.3: Device Profile Settings

NOTE: Only the basic Device Profile settings are explained in this manual. Refer to Chapter 9 in the *CommunicatorPQA®*, *MeterManagerPQA®*, and *EnergyPQA.com® Software User Manual* for detailed information concerning and instructions on configuring all settings of the meter's Device Profile. You can view the manual online by clicking Help>Contents from the CommunicatorPQA® application's Main screen.

and a start of the start of the	Ratios and System Wiring
T Numerator (Primary)	5
T Denominator (Secondary)	5
CT Multiplier	1 👻
T Fullscale	5.000 amps
T Numerator (Primary)	120
PT Denominator (Secondary)	120
T Multiplier	1
PT Fullscale	120.0 volts
system Wiring	3 element wye
Phases Displayed	ABC

CT, PT Ratios and System Hookup



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The screen fields and acceptable entries are as follows:

CT Ratios

CT Numerator (Primary): 1 - 9999

CT Denominator (Secondary): 5 or 1 Amp

NOTE: This field is display only.

CT Multiplier: 1, 10 or 100

Current Full Scale: Calculations based on selections. Click **Recalculate** to see the result of changes.

PT Ratios

PT Numerator (Primary): 1 - 9999

PT Denominator (Secondary): 40 - 600

PT Multiplier: 1, 10, 100, or 1000

Voltage Full Scale: Calculations based on selections. Click **Recalculate** to see the result of changes.

System Wiring

3 Element Wye; 2.5 Element Wye; 2 CT Delta

Phases Displayed

A, AB, or ABC

NOTE: Voltage Full Scale = PT Numerator x PT Multiplier

10

Example:

A 14400/120 PT would be entered as:

PT Numerator: 1440

PT Denominator: 120

Multiplier:



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This example would display a 14.40kV.

Example CT Settings:

200/5 amps: Set the Ct-n value for 200, Ct-Multiplier value for 1

800/5 amps: Set the Ct-n value for 800, Ct-Multiplier value for 1

2,000/5 amps: Set the Ct-n value for 2000, Ct-Multiplier value for 1

10,000/5 amps: Set the Ct-n value for 1000, Ct-Multiplier value for 10

Example PT Settings:

277/277 volts: Pt-n value is 277, Pt-d value is 277, Pt-Multiplier is 1

14,400/120 volts: Pt-n value is 1440, Pt-d value is 120, Pt-Multiplier value is 10

138,000/69 volts: Pt-n value is 1380, Pt-d value is 69, Pt-Multiplier value is 100

345,000/115 volts: Pt-n value is 3450, Pt-d value is 115, Pt-Multiplier value is 100

345,000/69 volts: Pt-n value is 345, Pt-d value is 69, Pt-Multiplier value is 1000

NOTE: Settings are the same for Wye and Delta configurations.

Energy and Display

The settings on this screen determine the display configuration of the meter's faceplate.



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NOTE: For a Shark ® 100T/100BT transducer, the Display Configuration setting does not apply as there is no display.

	Power and Energy Format	
Power Scale	auto	
Power Direction	view as load	¥
Energy Decimal Places	0	¥
Energy Scale	kilo (k)	¥
Example	12345678k	Recalculate
Energy Digits	8	*
Demand Averaging		
Averging Method	Block	¥
Interval(Minutes)	15	¥
Sub Interval	1	×
Auto Scroll Display	I₹ On	
Display Configuration	I Volts L-N I Volts L-L I Amps I W/VAR/PF	VA/Hz Wh VARh VARh
Lipdate Cancel	Load Save	Report Help

The screen fields and acceptable entries are as follows:

Power and Energy Format

Power Scale: Unit, kilo (k), Mega (M), or auto.

Energy Digits: 5, 6, 7, or 8

Energy Decimal Places: 0-6

Energy Scale: Unit, kilo (k), or Mega (M)

For Example: a reading for Digits: 8; Decimals: 3; Scale: k would be formatted:

00123.456k

Power Direction: View as Load or View as Generator



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Demand Averaging

Averaging Method: Block or Rolling

Interval (Minutes): 5, 15, 30, or 60

Sub Interval (if Rolling is selected): 1-4

Auto Scroll

Click to set On or Off.

Display Configuration:

Click Values to be displayed.

NOTE: You MUST select at least ONE.

NOTE: If incorrect values are entered on this screen the following message appears: WARNING: Current, CT, PT and Energy Settings will cause invalid energy accumulator values. Change the settings until the message disappears.



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Settings

caling Energy And Display Communication	Settings Limits	
	Password	
Enable password for reset	□ Off	
Enable password for configuration	□ Off	
Change Password	Change	
Change VSwitch	Change	
Device Designation		-
Lindale Cancel L	pad Save	Report Help

The screen fields are as follows:

Password

NOTE: The meter is shipped with Password Disabled. There is NO DEFAULT PASSWORD.

Enable Password for Reset: click to enable.

Enable Password for Configuration: click to enable.

Change Password: click to change.

Change VSwitch: click to change (see Section 2.1.3 for instructions).

Device Designation: optional user-assigned label.



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Limit 1 : volts	a-n	•				
Address	1000	-				
abel	volts a-n		_	Change	1	
	Set Point	Return Hyste	resis			
ligh	105.0%	105.0%				
ow	095.0%	095.0%				
Full Scale	14.40k					
full Scale	14.40k imit Label	Above			lysteresis	
full Scale	imit Label 1 volts a-n	Above 105.0%	105.0%	095.0%	095.0%	_
full Scale	imit Label 1 volts a-n 2 volts b-n	Above 105.0% 105.0%	105.0% 105.0%	095.0% 095.0%	095.0% 095.0%	
full Scale	imit Label volts a-n volts b-n 3 volts c-n	Above 105.0% 105.0% 105.0%	105.0% 105.0% 105.0%	095.0% 095.0% 095.0%	095.0% 095.0% 095.0%	
full Scale	imit Label 1 volts a-n 2 volts b-n 3 volts c-n 4 amps a	Above 105.0% 105.0% 105.0% 025.0%	105.0% 105.0% 105.0% 025.0%	095.0% 095.0% 095.0% 015.0%	095.0% 095.0% 095.0% 015.0%	
full Scale	Imit Label 1 voits a-n 2 voits b-n 3 voits c-n 4 amps a 5 amps b	Above 105.0% 105.0% 105.0% 025.0% 105.0%	105.0% 105.0% 105.0% 025.0% 105.0%	095.0% 095.0% 095.0% 015.0% 095.0%	095.0% 095.0% 095.0% 015.0% 095.0%	
full Scale	imit Label 1 volts a-n 2 volts b-n 3 volts c-n 4 amps a	Above 105.0% 105.0% 105.0% 025.0%	105.0% 105.0% 105.0% 025.0% 105.0%	095.0% 095.0% 095.0% 015.0%	095.0% 095.0% 095.0% 015.0%	

Limits (Shark® 100 Meter V-Switch V4, Only)

Limits are transition points used to divide acceptable and unacceptable measurements. When a value goes above or below the limit, an out-of-limit condition occurs. Once they are configured, you can view the out-of-Limits (or Alarm) conditions in the Limits Log or Limits Polling screen. You can also use Limits to trigger relays. See the *CommunicatorPQA®*, *MeterManagerPQA®*, and EnergyPQA.com[™] Software User Manual for details.

For up to 8 Limits, set:

Address: Modbus Address (1 based)

Label: Your designation for the limit

High Set Point: % of Full Scale

Example: 100% of 120VFS = 120V; 90% of 120V FS = 108V

Return Hysteresis: Point to go back in Limit



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Example: High Set Point = 110% (Out of Limit at 132V); Return Hysteresis = 105% (Stay Out until 126V)

Low Set Point: % of Full Scale

Return Hysteresis: Point to go back in Limit.

Your settings appear in the Table at the bottom of the screen

NOTES: If Return Hysteresis is > High Set Point, the Limit is Disabled.

IMPORTANT! When you have finished making changes to the Device Profile, click **Update Device** to send the new Profile settings to the meter.

NOTE: Refer to Chapter 9 of the *CommunicatorPQA®*, *MeterManagerPQA®*, and *EnergyPQA.com[™] Software User Manual* for additional instructions on configuring the Shark® 100/50 transducer/meter settings.



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7: Using the Shark[®] 100B Meter

7.1: Introduction

The Shark® 100B meter has native BACnet/IP that lets it act as a BACnet server in any BACnet application. The meter has a Web interface you can use to remotely set up the BACnet/IP and Modbus configuration and track energy readings through the Internet using any standard Web browser.

7.1.1: About BACnet

BACnet is a data communication protocol developed for Building Control applications in 1987. BACnet allows applications to process data from many different kinds of equipment and manufacturers. Originally it was used for HVAC control systems, but it has been extended to other building systems, including lighting and energy management. Today BACnet is one of the two most widely used Building Automation protocols in use. It is an ASHRAE/ANSI/ISO standard protocol.

The BACnet protocol consists of Objects that contain different kinds of information. Each Object has properties that contain data related to it. Below is the example of an **Object for Total Watts:**

Object_Name, PWR_ELEC Object_Type, Analog Input Object_Instance, AI-101018 Present_Value, watt, tot (value in watts)

BACnet operates in a client-server environment. A client machine sends a service request (message) to a server machine; once the service is performed the results are reported back to the client machine. BACnet defines 5 groups (or classes) of 35 message types. For example, one class contains messages for retrieving and manipulating the object properties described above. An example of a common service request in this class is "ReadProperty." When the server machine receives this message from a client machine, it locates the requested property of the requested object and sends the value to the client. Other classes of service requests have to do with alarms and events; file uploading/downloading; managing remote device operation; and virtual terminal functions.



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BACnet/IP, which is used by the Shark® 100B meter, is a newer implementation of the BACnet standard, which allows users to perform BACnet communication through the Internet or Intranet.

For more detailed information, visit the BACnet website at www.bacnet.org.

7.2: Shark® 100B Meter's BACnet Objects

The Shark® 100B meter's BACnet/IP has 62 predefined objects of electrical measurements. No programming or mapping is necessary to use the BACnet objects. The object's names easily identify the measurements they contain.

All of the objects, with the exception of Modbus Meter and POLL_DELAY are AI (analog input) Object type. The following table lists each of the objects with their units of measurement and description.

Object Name	Unit of Measurement	Description
Modbus Meter-147222	er-147222 none (Addr	
POLL_DELAY	AV-1	Polling Delay
VOLTAGE_LN-A	volt	Voltage A-N
VOLTAGE_LN-B	volt	Voltage B-N
VOLTAGE_LN-C	volt	Voltage C-N
VOLTAGE_LL-AB	volt	Voltage A-B
VOLTAGE_LL-BC	volt	Voltage B-C
VOLTAGE_LL-CA	volt	Voltage C-A
CURRENT_LN-A	amp	Current A
CURRENT_LN-B	amp	Current B
CURRENT_LN-C	amp	Current C
PWR_ELEC	watt	Total Active Power
PWR_ELEC_K	kilowatt	Total kWatt
PWR_ELEC_REACT	volt-amp-reactive	Total Reactive Power
PWR_ELEC_REACT_K	kilovolt-amp-reactive	Total kVAR
PWR_ELEC_APPAR	volt-amp	Total Apparent Power
PWR_ELEC_APPAR_K	kilovolt-amp	Total kVA
PWR_FACTOR		Total Power Factor
FREQUENCY	Hertz	Frequency



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Object Name	Unit of Measurement	Description
CURRENT_NG	amp	Neutral Current
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REC*	watt-hour	Active Energy Received
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REC_K	kilowatt-hour	kWh Received
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_DEL*	watt-hour	Active Energy Delivered
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_DEL_K	kilowatt-hour	kWh Delivered
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_NET*	watt-hour	Active Energy Net
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_NET_K	kilowatt-hour	kWh Net
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM*	watt-hour	Total Active Energy
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_K	kilowatt-hour	Total kWh
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REACT_REC*	volt-amp-hours-reactive	Positive Reactive Energy
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REACT_REC_K	kilovolt-amp-hours-reactive	Positive kVARh
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REACT_DEL*	volt-amp-hours-reactive	Negative Reactive Energy
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REACT_DEL_K	kilovolt-amp-hours-reactive	Negative kVARh
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REACT_NET*	volt-amp-hours-reactive	Reactive Energy Net
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REACT_NET_K	kilovolt-amp-hours-reactive	kVARh Net
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REACT*	volt-amp-hours-reactive	Total Reactive Energy
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REACT_K	kilovolt-amp-hours-reactive	Total kVARh
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_APPAR*	volt-amp-hours	Total Apparent Energy
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_APPAR_K	kilovolt-amp-hours	Total kVAh
DEMAND_POS	watt	Positive Active Demand, 3-Phase, Average Demand
DEMAND_POS_K	kilowatt	Positive kW, 3-Phase Average Demand
DEMAND_REACT_POS	volt-amp-reactive	Positive Reactive Demand, 3- Phase, Average Demand
DEMAND_REACT_POS_K	kilovolt-amp-reactive	Positive kVAR, 3-Phase, Average Demand
DEMAND_NEG	watt	Negative Active Demand, 3- Phase, Average Demand
DEMAND_NEG_K	kilowatt	Negative kW, 3-Phase, Average Demand
DEMAND_REACT_NEG	volt-amp-reactive	Negative Reactive Demand, 3- Phase, Average Demand



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Object Name	Unit of Measurement	Description		
DEMAND_REACT_NEG_K	kilovolt-amp-reactive	Negative kVAR, 3-Phase, Aver- age Demand		
DEMAND_APPAR	volt-amp	Apparent Demand, 3-Phase, Average Demand		
DEMAND_APPAR_K	kilovolt-amp	kVA, 3-Phase, Average Demand		
DEMAND_PEAK_POS	AND_PEAK_POS watt Positive Active Max Average I			
DEMAND_PEAK_POS_K	kilowatt	Positive kW, 3-Phase Max Aver- age Demand		
DEMAND_REACT_PEAK_POS	ND_REACT_PEAK_POS volt-amp-reactive Positive Real phase, Max			
DEMAND_REACT_PEAK_POS_K	ND_REACT_PEAK_POS_K kilovolt-amp-reactive Positi Avera			
DEMAND_PEAK_NEG	watt	Negative Active Demand, 3- Phase, Max Average Demand		
DEMAND_PEAK_NEG_K	kilowatt	Negative kW, 3-Phase, Max Aver- age Demand		
DEMAND_REACT_PEAK_NEG	volt-amp-reactive	Negative Reactive Demand, 3- Phase, Max Average Demand		
DEMAND_REACT_PEAK_NEG_K	kilovolt-amp-reactive	Negative kVAR, 3-Phase, Max Average Demand		
DEMAND_APPAR_PEAK	volt-amp	Apparent Demand, 3-Phase, Max Average Demand		
DEMAND_APPAR_PEAK_K	kilovolt-amp	kVA, 3-Phase, Max Average Demand		
VOLTAGE_THD-A	percent	Voltage A-N %THD		
VOLTAGE_THD-B	percent	Voltage, B-N %THD		
VOLTAGE_THD-C	percent	Voltage, C-N % THD		
CURRENT-THD-A	percent	Current, A %THD		
CURRENT-THD-B	percent	Current, B % THD		
CURRENT-THD-C	percent	Current, C % THD		

* For optimal accuracy and resolution, these accumulators' attributes are factory preset to: 6 digits, no fractions - zero decimal places and kilo multiplier (Modbus register address: 30,006, decimal). We recommended you maintain these settings all of the time.



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7.3: Configuring the Shark® 100B Meter

You must first set the Network configuration so you can communicate with the Shark® 100B meter. Follow these steps:

- 1. Configure your LAN connection to IP address 10.0.0.100, subnet mask 255.255.255.0:
 - a. Click Start>Control Panel>Network Connections. You will see a screen like the one shown below.





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b. Right-click on the LAN connection you want to use and click **Properties**.You will see the screen shown below.

Connect using:		
Broadcom NetLini	k (TM) Fast Etherne	Configure
his connection uses the	e following items:	
Thernet Protoco	the second second	
Install	Uninstall	Properties
Description	E) (III (A) (A)	
Transmission Control wide area network pro across diverse interco	otocol that provides c	

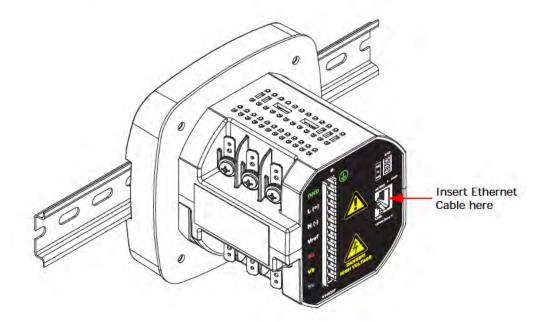
c. Scroll and highlight Internet Protocol TCP/IP and then click the **Properties** button. You will see the screen shown below.

eneral	Alternate Configuration			-
this cap	n get IP settings assigne ability. Otherwise, you no ropriate IP settings.			
٥ OI	otain an IP address autor	natically		
OU	se the following IP addre	:8:		
IP as	idress.			
Subr	net mask;			
Defa	uli gateway:			
00	otain DNS server addres:	automatically		
OU	se the following DNS ser	ver addresses: —		
Prefe	erred DNS server.			
Alter	nate DNS server	-	-	
			Adv	anced
			ОК	Cano



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- d. Click the Use the Following IP Address radio button and enter: IP Address: 10.0.0.100
 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- e. Click OK.
- f. The Local Area Connection Properties screen redisplays. Click OK.
- 2. Use an Ethernet cable to connect the meter to your LAN port.



3. Open your web browser and connect to the meter at the default address by typing http://10.0.0.1.

NOTE: If this doesn't work, reset the meter to this default address by pressing the Reset button for 30 seconds. See Section 5.3.2.2 for instructions.

You will see a User Authentication screen. Enter the following default settings:
 User name: admin
 Password: admin



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5. Click **OK**. You will see the BACnet Home webpage, shown below.

NOTE: The screen captures shown here may have slight variations from the ones you see, but the functionality is the same.

Reset Configuration DEMAND_PEAK_POS 8.03851 watts Downloa				
BACnet/IP settings BACnet/IP settings BACnet/IP settings BACnet/Dbjects Status Change Password PWR_ELEC 6.44807 watts PWR_FACTOR 0.64501 ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM 2 watt-hou DEMAND_PEAK_POS 8.03851 watts Downloa	• Home			
BACnet Objects Status Data Snapshot Change Password PWR_ELEC 6.44807 watts Statistics PWR_FACTOR 0.64501 Image: Configuration Image: Co	BACnet/IP settings			
• Change Password PWR_ELEC 6.44807 watts • Statistics PWR_FACTOR 0.64501 • Reset Configuration ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM 2 watts • Activate Configuration DEMAND_PEAK_POS 8.03851 watts	BACnet Objects Status	MAC: 00/2014	R.ASTO.OU	
Statistics PWR_FACTOR 0.64501 Reset Configuration DEMAND_PEAK_POS 8.03851	Channe Bassured	Data Sn	apshot	
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM 2 watt-hou Reset Configuration DEMAND_PEAK_POS 8.03851 watts	Change Password	PWR_ELEC	6.44807	watts
Reset Configuration DEMAND_PEAK_POS 8.03851 watts Downloa	Statistics	PWR_FACTOR	0.64501	
Activate Configuration Downloa		ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM	2	watt-hours
Downloa	Reset Configuration	DEMAND_PEAK_POS	8.03851	watts
Downloa	Activate Configuration			
lopyright © 2011. v1.1	Activate configuration			Download data.cs
	Copyright © 2011			v1.1-k3-c1327-1.

6. Click BACnet/IP Settings on the left side of the webpage to see the page shown on the next page. Use this page to change the default IP address (10.0.0.1) to an IP address in the same subnet as your Network. Contact your System Administrator if you are unsure of the correct address to use.



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	BACnet/IP Interface						
Home	BACnet/IP Settings						
BACnet/IP settings	This page allows you view current BACnet	This page allows you view current BACnet/IP settings. change BACnet/IP settings or restore them to factory default.					
BACnet Objects Status	Parameter	Value	Description				
Change Password	IP Address	10.0.0.1	IP address of the Device.				
	Network Mask	255 255 255 0	Subnet mask				
 Statistics 	Default Gateway	10 0 0 224	IP address of default gateway.				
Reset Configuration	BACnet UDP Port	47808	BACnet/IP UDP port number				
Activate Configuration	BACnet Device Number	1472876	Device ID. Default = 1472876 generated from MAC.				
	BBMD IP Address		IP address of target BBMD for the Foreign Device to register. Entering IP address of target BBMD enables Foreign Device mode				
	BACnet Device Location/Application		Location/application string (0-63 characters) to help user find the Device Object Name				
	Meter Description		Description of the meter (up to 63 characters).				
	Modbus/TCP Port for TCP to RTU Router	502	Default = 502. Enter 0 to disable TCP to RTU Router.				
	Enable BACnet/IP Control Objects		Enable/Disable direct access to Modbus registers.				

You can also change the following fields:

- Network Mask the subnet mask. The default is 255.255.255.0.
- Default Gateway the IP address of the gateway. The default is 10.0.0.224.
- BACnet UDP Port the BACnet/IP UDP port number. The default is 47808. In some cases, e.g., if it is necessary for two groups of BACnet devices to be set up independently on the same IP subnet, the UDP port can be configured locally to a different value.
- BACnet Device Number a numeric code used to identify the meter. This number is auto-generated from the MAC address.
- BBMD IP Address when a BBMD IP address is entered here it enables Foreign Device mode.
- BACnet Device Location/Application a readable string of up to 63 characters that you can use to find the Device Object Name.



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- Meter Description optional field where you can enter a description of up to 63 characters which will be added as a prefix in the name of all registers representing the meter's BACnet objects.
- Modbus TCP Port for TCP to RTU Router the default port is 502. As long as this field is not 0, the router is enabled, which lets the meter communicate with Modbus TCP/IP Master devices.

NOTE: Using the Modbus connection, the meter cannot be connected to multiple Modbus Masters at the same time; only one Modbus Master will work properly.

- Enable BACnet/IP Control Objects Check this box to allow direct access to Modbus registers. If enabled, the Control Objects are represented by the following three Analog-Value BACnet Objects:
 - 500001 is a writeable object called MOD_ID_TARGET ("target device identifier to be read/written"). Since the meter has a hard-coded Modbus address of "1" only this value needs to be entered before first access to a Modbus register. The default = -1.0. -1.0 also means do not execute #500003 (neither read nor write).
 - 2. 500002 is a writeable object called MOD_REGISTER ("register to be read/written"); for example, "1000" to access the first register of volts A-N. The default
 = -1.0 after any reboot. -1.0 also means do not execute #500003 (neither read nor write).
 - 500003 is a readable/writeable value called MOD_VALUE ("value to be read from or written to select register"). The MOD_REGISTER resets with -1.0 after each Read/Write (whether or not successful), from/to MOD_VALUE with valid MOD_ID_TARGET and MOD_REG-ISTER. MOD_REGISTER will also be set to -1.0 30 seconds after it is written to.
- Click the Advanced button to display additional settings. We recommend you do not change any Advanced setting.

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8. Click **OK** process your changes. You will see the following message:

	BACnet/IP Interface		
• Home	BACnet/IP Settings		
BACnet/IP settings	This page allows you view current f	BACnet/IP settings, change BACnet/IP	settings or restore them to factory default.
- BACnet Objects Status	The changes will take effect of	only after choosing 'Activate Config	uration'
	Parameter	Value	Description
Change Password	IF Address	192.168.1 3	IP address of the Device.
Statistics	Network Mask	265 255 255 0	Subnet mask
8	Default Gateway	192 168 1 1	IP address of default gateway
 Reset Configuration 	BACnet UDP Port	47808	BACnet/IP UDP port number
- Activate Configuration	BACnet Device Number	1472876	Device ID. Default = 1472876 generated from MAC
Changes are not activated yet	BBMD IP Address		IP address of target BBMD for the Foreign Device to register Entering IP address of target BBMD enables Foreign Device mode

You still need to activate the configuration for the changes to take effect. **NOTE:** You can change all settings back to their default by clicking the **Restore Default** button at the bottom of the page.

9. Click Activate Configuration from the left side of the webpage to implement any changes you made. You will see the page shown below.

	BACnet/IP Interface
Home BACnet/IP settings BACnet Objects Status Change Password Statistics Reset Configuration Activate Configuration	Activate Configuration Press "Confirm" button if you are sure you want to activate changes and reboot the device Rebooting may take up to ten seconds. Confirm
Cooyright © 2011	v1.143-p1327.1



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10. Click the **Confirm** button to process the changes. You will see the message shown below

	BACnet/IP Interface	
	Configuration saved. Now rebooting the device	
	This may take up to ten seconds You may need to change network settings of your PC to reconnect to the device After ten seconds follow the link below 192 158 1 2	
Copyright @ 2011		v1.1-k2-c1327-1.11

11. The meter resets. Connect the meter's Ethernet cable to your Network (remove it from your PC). You can now connect to the meter through your Network using the new IP address.

NOTE: If you are able to connect to the meter's BACnet web interface but not to the meter via CommunicatorPQA® software, use the meter's display to make sure the default settings for Com2 have not been changed (see Chapter 6 for instructions). The settings should be:

Address: 1 Protocol: Modbus RTU Baud Rate: 57600 Response Delay: 0

7.4: Using the Shark® 100B Meter's Web Interface

As shown in Section 7.3, you can use the meter's web interface to change the IP address and other Network parameters. You can also view information and readings using the web interface. This section explains the webpages other than the BACnet/IP Settings and Activate Configuration webpages, which are explained in Section 7.3.

Home Webpage

The Home webpage is shown at the top of page 6. It is the first page you see when you connect to the meter.

NOTE: To access this webpage from any of the other pages, click Home on the left side of the page.

This webpage shows the current power, power factor, accumulated energy, and peak demand readings from the meter. You can download all of the meter's BACnet data by clicking the **Download data.csv** button. You will see the following screen.



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Find Quality Products Online at:



This screen gives you the option to open or save an Excel file with the BACnet meter data.

- Click **Open** to open an Excel file with the meter's BACnet data.
- Click **Save** to save a copy of the Excel file.
- Click Cancel to close the screen without opening or saving the file.

An example file is shown below:

Pa	ste	BIU	* 11 * *	· A A	==	■ 建建	■	\$ - % ,	€.0 .00 0.€ 00.	Conditional	Format
		b 1 <u>0</u>								Formatting	as Table
110	board 🗔		Font	1		Alignment	is .	Numbe	r G		Styles
-	A1			∫∗ Nam							
	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	. (L.	1	K
1	Name	Object		Units	Reliable	Description	1				
2	VOLTAGE			volts	yes	Volts A-N					
3	VOLTAGE			volts	yes	Volts B-N					
4	VOLTAGE	AI-1004		volts	yes	Volts C-N					
5	VOLTAGE	AI-1006	0	volts	yes	Volts A-B					
6	VOLTAGE	AI-1008	0	volts	yes	Volts B-C					
7	VOLTAGE	AI-1010	0	volts	yes	Volts C-A					
8	CURRENT	AI-1012	0	amperes	yes	Amps A					
9	CURRENT	AI-1014	0	amperes	yes	Amps B					
10	CURRENT	AI-1016	0	amperes	yes	Amps C					
11	PWR_ELEC	AI-1018	0	watts	yes	Watts,tot					
12	PWR_ELEC	AI-11018	0	kilowatts	yes	kWatts,tot					
13	PWR_ELEC	AI-1020	0	volt-ampe	yes	VARs,tot					
14	PWR_ELEC	AI-11020	0	kilovolt-a	yes	kVARs,tot					
15	PWR_ELEC	AI-1022	0	volt-ampe	yes	VAs,tot					
16	PWR_ELEC	AI-11022	0	kilovolt-a	yes	kVAs,tot					
17	PWR_FAC	AI-1024	0	-	yes	PF,tot					
18	FREQUEN	AI-1026	0	hertz	yes	Frequency					
19	CURRENT	AI-1028	0	amperes	yes	Current N					
20	ENERGY E	AI-1100	12655.27	watt-hour	yes	Wh, Rec					
21	ENERGY E	AI-11100	12.65527	kilowatt-h	yes	kWh, Rec					
22	ENERGY E	AI-1102	-17.917	watt-hour	ves	Wh, Del					
23	ENERGY E	AI-11102	-0.01792	kilowatt-h	ves	kWh, Del					
24	ENERGY E			watt-hour		Wh,Net					
	ENERGY E			kilowatt-h		kWh,Net					
	ENERGY E		12673.18	watt-hour	ves	Wh,Tot					
	ENERGY E			kilowatt-h		kWh,Tot					
	ENERGY E			volt-ampe		VARh,Pos					
	ENERGY E			kvolt-amp		kVARh,Pos					
30	ENERGY E			volt-ampe		VARh,Neg					
31	ENERGY E			kvolt-amp		kVARh,Neg	7				
	ENERGY E			volt-ampe		VARh,Net					
	ENERGY E			kvolt-amp		kVARh,Net					
-	ENERGY E			volt-ampe		VARh,Tot					
						VANILITOL		-			
-	dv Me	eter_data e	energy kilo	meter2	<u>u/</u>				-		_



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BACnet Objects Status Webpage

Click BACnet Objects Status on the left side of the webpage to view readings for the meter's embedded BACnet objects. You will see a screen like the one shown below.

	BACnet/IP Interface					
• Home	BACnet Objects Status					
BACnet/IP settings	Configuration: /P=192.168.1.2/258	5.255.255 0. Defai	./t gateway=	192 168 1.1	BACh	et.port=47808: Baud rate=57500: Mode=8-
BACnet Objects Status	Name	Object	Value	Units	OK	Description
- Change Password	Modbus Meter-1472876	1472876	-	-	-	(addr 1)
- Change Password	POLL_DELAY	AV-1	10	seconds	yes	Polling Delay
Statistics	VOLTAGE_LN-A	Al- 101000	121.37459	volts	yes	Volts A-N
Reset Configuration	VOLTAGE_LN-B	Al- 101002	121.36093	volts	yes	Volts B-N
Activate Configuration	VOLTAGE_LN-C	Al- 101004	121 36691	volts	yes	Valts C-N
	VOLTAGE_LL-AB	Al- 101006	G	volts	yes	Volts A-B
	VOLTAGE_LL-BC	Al- 101008	٥	volts	yes	Volts B-C
	VOLTAGE_LL-CA	Al- 101010	a	volts	yes	Volts C-A
	CURRENT_LN-A	Al- 101012	0.02538	amperes	yes	Amps A
	CURRENT_LN-5	Al- 101014	0.03189	amperes	yes	Amps B
	CURRENT_LN-C	Al- 101016	0 032	amperes	yes	Amps C

Scroll to see all of the objects on the screen. The following items are shown for each BACnet Object:

- Name
- Object
- Value
- Units
- OK (Reliability)
- Description



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Change Password Webpage

Click Change Password on the left side of the webpage to access the page shown below.

• Home	Change Administrator Login and Password				
<u>BACnet/IP settings</u>	Parameter	Value	Description		
BACnet Objects Status	Login:	admin	Login to access this WebSetup (up to 15 symbols).		
Channel I	Current password		Current administrator password.		
Change Password	New password:		New administrator password (up to 15 symbols).		
Statistics	Confirm new password:		The same password.		
Reset Configuration	ОК				
Activate Configuration					
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Use this page to change the Administrator Login and Password for this interface. We recommend that you change the Login and Password rather than continuing to use the default sign-on (be sure to store this information someplace safe).



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Statistics Webpage

Click Statistics on the left side of the webpage to access the page shown below.

Home	Statistics				
BACnet/IP settings	Statistics				
BACnet Objects Status	Parameter	Value		Description	
	Count of Reboots	1059		How many times the box has restarted	
Change Password	Last polling time	112 ms		Total time of the last polling for all Periodically polled meters.	
Statistics	Current Seconds	25805		Time elapsed since power on	
Statistics	FD Status	Disabled		BBMD address not configured	
Reset Configuration	BACnet/IP Packets	8 sent, 11 received			
	Modbus/RTU Packets	12760 sent, 12760 received			
Activate Configuration	Modbus/TCP Packets	0 sent, 0 re	sceived		
	Error Log (Up to 40 last	records mos	st recent first)		
	Seconds	Stage	Address	Message	
	Clear log				
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This page lists information and any Error log for the meter. To erase the Error log, click the **Clear Log** button.



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Reset Configuration Webpage

Click Reset Configuration on the left side of the webpage if you want to set the configuration back to its default or last configuration. You will see the page shown below.

	BACnet/IP Interface
Home	Restore all settings to factory default
BACnet/IP settings	Restore default
BACnet Objects Status	or
Change Password	Discard all changes and revert to active configuration
Statistics	Discard changes
Reset Configuration	
Activate Configuration	
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- · Click the Restore Default button to restore all settings to the factory default values.
- Click the **Discard Changes** button to restore all settings to the last saved configuration.



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7.5: Using the Shark® 100B in a BACnet Application

Once you have configured the Shark® 100B meter, you can use it as a standard BACnet server in any BACnet application. As there are many kinds of BACnet applications, we recommend you consult your application's instructions for details.

In addition to integrating with BACnet applications, the Shark® 100B meter can also be accessed through CommunicatorPQA® software (see Chapter 6 and the *CommunicatorPQA®*, *MeterManagerPQA®*, and EnergyPQA.com® Software User Manual). Additionally, all of the BACnet data can be polled through the Modbus registers (see Appendix B for the Modbus map).

7.6: Troubleshooting BACnet Communication

If you experience problems communicating to your Shark @ 100B meter with CommunicatorPQA @ software, follow these steps:

- 1. Make sure you can access the meter's BACnet Ethernet webpage (see Section 7.4).
 - If you can access the webpage, continue to step 2.
 - If you cannot access the webpage, make sure the module is wired correctly. Your company's IT department may be able to help with this.
- 2. Check that the meter's COM2 settings are configured correctly. If they are not configured correctly, the link between the network and meter will not work successfully.
 - a. Access the Communication Settings for Port 2 from the meter's display (see Section 6.2.5.5).
 - b. Make sure the COM PORT 2 settings are the same as shown below:
 - Address 1.
 - Protocol Modbus RTU.
 - Baud Rate 57600.
 - c. Follow the instructions in Section 6.2.5.5 to save the settings.

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8: Using the Shark® 50B Meter

8.1: Introduction

The Shark® 50B power meter communicates BACnet MS/TP protocol though its RS485 serial port, allowing it to act as a BACnet device in any BACnet application. The meter also has a Web interface via its RJ45 Ethernet port that you can use to remotely set up the BACnet MS/TP and for Modbus TCP/IP configuration. The Ethernet port can also track energy readings through the internet using any standard Web browser. Section 7.1.1 gives an introduction to the BACnet protocol. The Shark® 50B meter uses BACnet MS/TP (master-slave/token-passing), which is designed to run at speeds of 1 Mbps or less over twisted pair wiring, and in which the device takes turns being a master and a slave, dependent on whether it is sending or receiving data.

8.2: Shark® 50B Meter's BACnet Objects

The Shark® 50B meter's BACnet/MSTP implementation has 56 predefined objects of electrical measurements. No programming or mapping is necessary to use these BACnet objects. The object's names easily identify the measurements they contain.

All of the objects, with the exception of Modbus Meter and POLL_DELAY are AI (analog input) Object type. The following table lists each of the objects with their units of measurement and description.

Object Name	Unit of Measurement	Description
Modbus Meter-147222	none	(Addr. 1)
POLL_DELAY	AV-1	Polling Delay
VOLTAGE_LN-A	volt	Voltage A-N
VOLTAGE_LN-B	volt	Voltage B-N
VOLTAGE_LN-C	volt	Voltage C-N
VOLTAGE_LL-AB	volt	Voltage A-B
VOLTAGE_LL-BC	volt	Voltage B-C
VOLTAGE_LL-CA	volt	Voltage C-A
CURRENT_LN-A	amp	Current A
CURRENT_LN-B	amp	Current B
CURRENT_LN-C	amp	Current C
PWR_ELEC	watt	Total Active Power



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Object Name	Unit of Measurement	Description
PWR_ELEC_K	kilowatt	Total kWatt
PWR_ELEC_REACT	volt-amp-reactive	Total Reactive Power
PWR_ELEC_REACT_K	kilovolt-amp-reactive	Total kVAR
PWR_ELEC_APPAR	volt-amp	Total Apparent Power
PWR_ELEC_APPAR_K	kilovolt-amp	Total kVA
PWR_FACTOR		Total Power Factor
FREQUENCY	Hertz	Frequency
CURRENT_NG	amp	Neutral Current
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REC*	watt-hour	Active Energy Received
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REC_K	kilowatt-hour	kWh Received
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_DEL*	watt-hour	Active Energy Delivered
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_DEL_K	kilowatt-hour	kWh Delivered
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_NET*	watt-hour	Active Energy Net
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_NET_K	kilowatt-hour	kWh Net
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM*	watt-hour	Total Active Energy
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_K	kilowatt-hour	Total kWh
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REACT_REC*	volt-amp-hours-reactive	Positive Reactive Energy
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REACT_REC_K	kilovolt-amp-hours-reactive	Positive kVARh
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REACT_DEL*	volt-amp-hours-reactive	Negative Reactive Energy
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REACT_DEL_K	kilovolt-amp-hours-reactive	Negative kVARh
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REACT_NET*	volt-amp-hours-reactive	Reactive Energy Net
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REACT_NET_K	kilovolt-amp-hours-reactive	kVARh Net
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REACT*	volt-amp-hours-reactive	Total Reactive Energy
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REACT_K	kilovolt-amp-hours-reactive	Total kVARh
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_APPAR*	volt-amp-hours	Total Apparent Energy
ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_APPAR_K	kilovolt-amp-hours	Total kVAh
DEMAND_POS	watt	Positive Active Demand, 3-Phase, Average Demand
DEMAND_POS_K	kilowatt	Positive kW, 3-Phase Average Demand
DEMAND_REACT_POS	volt-amp-reactive	Positive Reactive Demand, 3- Phase, Average Demand



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Object Name	Unit of Measurement	Description
DEMAND_REACT_POS_K	kilovolt-amp-reactive	Positive kVAR, 3-Phase, Average Demand
DEMAND_NEG	watt	Negative Active Demand, 3- Phase, Average Demand
DEMAND_NEG_K	kilowatt	Negative kW, 3-Phase, Average Demand
DEMAND_REACT_NEG	volt-amp-reactive	Negative Reactive Demand, 3- Phase, Average Demand
DEMAND_REACT_NEG_K	kilovolt-amp-reactive	Negative kVAR, 3-Phase, Aver- age Demand
DEMAND_APPAR	volt-amp	Apparent Demand, 3-Phase, Average Demand
DEMAND_APPAR_K	kilovolt-amp	kVA, 3-Phase, Average Demand
DEMAND_PEAK_POS	watt	Positive Active Demand, 3-Phase, Max Average Demand
DEMAND_PEAK_POS_K	kilowatt	Positive kW, 3-Phase Max Aver- age Demand
DEMAND_REACT_PEAK_POS	volt-amp-reactive	Positive Reactive Demand, 3- phase, Max Average Demand
DEMAND_REACT_PEAK_POS_K	kilovolt-amp-reactive	Positive kVAR, 3-Phase, Max Average Demand
DEMAND_PEAK_NEG	watt	Negative Active Demand, 3- Phase, Max Average Demand
DEMAND_PEAK_NEG_K	kilowatt	Negative kW, 3-Phase, Max Aver- age Demand
DEMAND_REACT_PEAK_NEG	volt-amp-reactive	Negative Reactive Demand, 3- Phase, Max Average Demand
DEMAND_REACT_PEAK_NEG_K	kilovolt-amp-reactive	Negative kVAR, 3-Phase, Max Average Demand
DEMAND_APPAR_PEAK	volt-amp	Apparent Demand, 3-Phase, Max Average Demand
DEMAND_APPAR_PEAK_K	kilovolt-amp	kVA, 3-Phase, Max Average Demand

* For optimal accuracy and resolution, these accumulators' attributes are factory preset to: 6 digits, no fractions – zero decimal places and kilo multiplier (Modbus register address: 30006, decimal). We recommended you maintain these settings all of the time.



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8.3: Configuring the Shark® 50B Meter

You must first set the Network configuration so you can communicate with the Shark® 50B meter through its Ethernet port. Follow these steps:

- 1. Configure your LAN connection to IP address 10.0.0.100, subnet mask 255.255.255.0:
 - a. Click Start>Control Panel>Network Connections. You will see a screen like the one shown below.





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b. Right-click on the LAN connection you want to use and click Properties. You will see the screen shown below.

aeneral	Advanced		
Connec	at using:		
田野 日	Broadcom N	etLink (TM) Fast Etherne	Configure
This co	nnection us	es the following items:	
1000	Pure Netv	iorks Device Discovery Dri iorks Wireless Driver rotocol (TCP/IP)	×
	nstall	Uninstall	Properties
Tran wide	area netwo	ntrol Protocol/Internet Prot rk protocol that provides c terconnected networks.	
		tification area when conne this connection has limited	

c. Scroll and highlight Internet Protocol TCP/IP and then click the Properties button. You will see the screen shown below.

ieneral	Alternate Configuration		
this cap		matically if your network suppo ask your network administrato	
💿 Ot	tain an IP address automatica	lly	
OUs	e the following IP address: —		-
IP ac	dress:		
Subr	et mask:		
Defa	ult gateway:		
💿 Ot	tain DNS server address auto	matically	
OUs	e the following DNS server ad	dresses:	
Prefe	rred DNS server,		
Alten	ate DNS server		
		Advance	ed

d. Click the Use the Following IP Address radio button and enter: IP Address: 10.0.0.100
Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

e. Click OK.



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f. The Local Area Connection Properties screen redisplays. Click OK.

2. Use an Ethernet cable to connect the meter to your LAN port.

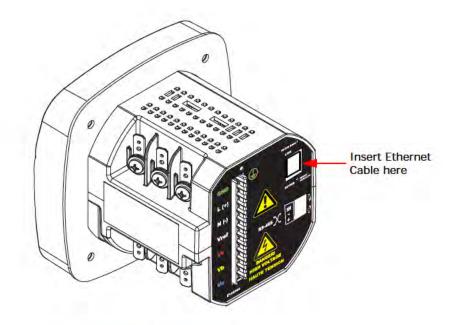


Figure 8.1: Shark® 50B Meter Back

3. Open your web browser and connect to the meter at the default address by typing http://10.0.0.1.

NOTE: If this doesn't work, reset the meter to this default address by pressing the Reset button for 30 seconds. See Section 5.3.2.2 for instructions.

4. You will see a User Authentication screen. Enter the following default settings:

User name: admin

Password: admin



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C 10.0.0.1					7 2
	BACnet MS/TP Interface				
• Home					
 TCP/IP and BACnet settings 		BACnet MS/TP to Modbus RTU MAC: D0:90:A3:93:BA:4E			
• MS/TP settings		Data Snapshot			
BACnet Objects Status	PWR_ELEC		0	watts	
archite addition archite	PWR_FACTOR		1		
Change Password	ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM		0	watt-hours	
- Statistics	DEMAND_PEAK_POS		0	watts	
Reset Configuration					Download data.cs
 Activate Configuration 					

5. Click **OK**. You will see the BACnet MS/TP Interface webpage, shown below.

6. Click TCP/IP and BACnet Settings on the left side of the webpage to see the page shown below. Use this page to change the default IP address (10.0.0.1) to an IP address in the same subnet as your Network. Contact your System Administrator if you are unsure of the correct address to use.

🛅 BACnet MS/TP Interface 🛛 🕷				- 0 X
← - C 10.0,0.1/a	dmin/?page=bip			7. E
	BACnet MS/TP Interface			
• Home	TCP/IP and BACnet Settings			
 TCP/IP and BACnet settings 	This page allows you view current TCP/IP	settings, change TCP/IP settings or r	estore them to factory default	
- MS/TP settings	Parameter	Value	Description	
• MS/TP settings	IP Address	10.0.0.1	IP address of the Device.	
- BACnet Objects Status	Network Mask	255.255.255.0	Subnet mask.	
 Change Password 	Default Gateway	10.0.0.254	IP address of default gateway.	
- Statistics	BACnet Device Number	1481486	Device ID. Default = 1481486 generated from MAC.	
Reset Configuration	BACnet Device Name	Modbus Meter-1481486	Name of the Device(up to 63 characters).	
	BACnet Device Description		Description of the Device (up to 63 characters).	
 Activate Configuration 	Modbus/TCP Port for TCP to RTU Router	502	Default = 502. Enter 0 to disable TCP to RTU Router.	
	Enable BACnet Control Objects		Enable/Disable direct access to Modbus registers.	
	ок			Restore default
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You can also change the following fields:

• Network Mask - the subnet mask. The default is 255.255.255.0.



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- Default Gateway the IP address of the gateway. The default is 10.0.0.224.
- BACnet Device Number a numeric code used to identify the meter. This number is auto-generated from the MAC address.
- BACnet Device Name field for the device name, which can be up to 63 characters in length.
- BACnet Device Description optional field where you can enter a description of up to 63 characters which will be added as a prefix in the name of all registers representing the meter's BACnet objects.
- Modbus TCP Port for TCP to RTU Router the default port is 502. As long as this field is not 0, the router is enabled, which lets the meter communicate with Modbus TCP/IP Master devices.

NOTE: Using the Modbus connection, the meter cannot be connected to multiple Modbus Masters at the same time; only one Modbus Master will work properly.

- Enable BACnet/IP Control Objects Check this box to allow direct access to Modbus registers. If enabled, the Control Objects are represented by the following three Analog-Value BACnet Objects:
 - a. 500001 is a writeable object called MOD_ID_TARGET ("target device identifier to be read/written"). Since the meter has a hard-coded Modbus address of "1" only this value needs to be entered before first access to a Modbus register. The default = -1.0. -1.0 also means do not execute #500003 (neither read nor write).
 - b. 500002 is a writeable object called MOD_REGISTER ("register to be read/written"); for example, "1000" to access the first register of volts A-N. The default = -1.0 after any reboot. -1.0 also means do not execute #500003 (neither read nor write).
 - c. 500003 is a readable/writeable value called MOD_VALUE ("value to be read from or written to select register").
 The MOD_REGISTER resets with -1.0 after each Read/Write (whether or not successful), from/to MOD_VALUE with valid MOD_ID_TARGET and MOD_REGISTER. MOD_REGISTER will also be set to -1.0 30 seconds after it is written to.



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7. Click OK to process your changes. You will see the following message:

The changes will take effect only after choosing 'Activate Configuration' Parameter Value

You still need to activate the configuration for the changes to take effect. **NOTE:** You can change all settings back to their default by clicking the Restore Default button at the bottom right of the page.

Click MS/TP Settings on the left side of the webpage to see the page shown below.
 Use this page to make any necessary changes to your MS/TP settings.

🗋 10.0.0.1 🗶			x <u>6</u> _
C 🖸 10.0.0.1			13 13
	BACnet MS/TP I	nterface	
• Home	MS/TP Settings		
 TCP/IP and BACnet settings 	This page allows you vi	ew current MS/TP settings, change MS	/TP settings or restore them to factory default.
NC TD	Parameter	Value	Description
 MS/TP settings 	Baud Rate	57600 • bps	Baud rate.
 BACnet Objects Status 	This Station (MAC)	14	MAC address of this MS/TP node.
Change Password	Max Info Frames	2	Maximum number of information frames the node may send before it must pass the token.
- Statistics	Max Master	127	The highest allowable address for master nodes (not to exceed 127). MAX master greater than 36 recommend for device sets.
 Reset Configuration 			
• Activate Configuration	OK Advanced		Restore default
Copyright © 2014			v1.143-04248-1,11

You can change the following fields:

- Baud Rate select the baud rate you need from the pull-down menu.
- This station (MAC) the MAC address of this MS/TP node (the Shark® 50B meter).
- Max Info Frames this is the maximum number of information frames the node is allowed to send before it needs to pass the token.
- Max Master this is the highest allowable address for master nodes (cannot be higher than 127); a Max master greater than 36 is recommended for data sets.
- 9. Click the Advanced button to display additional settings.

NOTE: We recommend you do not change any Advanced setting.

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- 10. Click OK to process your changes.
- 11. Click Activate Configuration from the left side of the webpage to implement any changes you made. You will see the page shown below.

🛅 BACnet MS/TP Interface		_ @ X
← - € 🗋 10.0.0.1/	admin/?page=save	2
	BACnet MS/TP Interface	
• Home	Activate Configuration	
 TCP/IP and BACnet settings 	Press "Confirm" button if you are sure you want to activate changes and reboot the device. Rebooting may take up to ten seconds.	
• MS/TP settings	Confirm	
 BACnet Objects Status 		
Change Password		
Statistics		
Reset Configuration		
< Activate Configuration		
Copyright @ 2014		v1.1-K3-o4248-1.11

12. Click the Confirm button to process the changes. You will see the message shown below (the IP Address shown in the link is just an example).

Configuration saved. Now rebooting the device
This may take up to ten seconds. You may need to change network settings of your PC to reconnect to the device After ten exconde follow the link below 192/158.1.2

13. The meter resets. Connect the meter's Ethernet cable to your Network (remove it from your PC). You can now connect to the meter through your Network using the new IP address.

NOTE: If you are able to connect to the meter's BACnet web interface but not to the meter via CommunicatorPQA® software, use the meter's display to make sure the default settings for Com2 have not been changed (see Chapter 6 for instructions). The settings should be:

Address: 1 Protocol: Modbus RTU Baud Rate: 57600 Response Delay: 0



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8.4: Using the Shark® 50B Meter's Web Interface

As shown in Section 8.3, you can use the meter's web interface to change the IP address and other Network parameters. You can also view information and readings using the web interface. This section explains the webpages other than the BACnet/IP Settings and Activate Configuration webpages, which are explained in Section 8.3.

Home Webpage

The Home webpage is shown at the top of page 6. It is the first page you see when you connect to the meter.

NOTES:

- To access this webpage from any of the other pages, click Home on the left side of the page.
- The screen captures shown here may have slight variations from the ones you see, but the functionality is the same.

This webpage shows the current power, power factor, accumulated energy, and peak demand readings from the meter. You can download all of the meter's BACnet data by clicking the Download data.csv button. You will see the following screen:



This screen gives you the option to open or save an Excel file with the BACnet meter data.

• Click Open to open an Excel file with the meter's BACnet data.



Click Save to save a copy of the Excel file.

• Click Cancel to close the screen without opening or saving the file. An example file is shown below:

cirils	board 🔤		Font	<i>f</i> ∗ Nam	- 1	Alignment	_
7	A	В	c	D	E	F	(
1	Name	Object	Value	Units	Reliable	Description	
2	VOLTAGE	and have been a second second		volts	ves	Volts A-N	
3	VOLTAGE	AI-1002	0	volts	yes	Volts B-N	
4	VOLTAGE	AI-1004	0	volts	yes	Volts C-N	
5	VOLTAGE	AI-1006	0	volts	yes	Volts A-B	
6	VOLTAGE	AI-1008	0	volts	yes	Volts B-C	
7	VOLTAGE	AI-1010	0	volts	yes	Volts C-A	
8	CURRENT	AI-1012	0	amperes	yes	Amps A	
9	CURRENT	AI-1014	0	amperes	yes	Amps B	
10	CURRENT	AI-1016	0	amperes	yes	Amps C	
11	PWR_ELEC	AI-1018	0	watts	yes	Watts,tot	
12	PWR_ELEC	AI-11018	0	kilowatts	yes	kWatts,tot	
13	PWR_ELEC	AI-1020	0	volt-ampe	yes	VARs,tot	
14	PWR_ELEC	AI-11020	0	kilovolt-a	yes	kVARs,tot	
15	PWR_ELEC	AI-1022	0	volt-ampe	yes	VAs,tot	
16	PWR_ELEC	AI-11022	0	kilovolt-a	yes	kVAs,tot	
17	PWR_FAC	AI-1024	0	-	yes	PF,tot	
18	FREQUEN	AI-1026	0	hertz	yes	Frequency	
19	CURRENT	AI-1028	0	amperes	yes	Current N	
20	ENERGY_E	AI-1100	12655.27	watt-hour	yes	Wh, Rec	
21	ENERGY_E	AI-11100	12.65527	kilowatt-ł	yes	kWh, Rec	
22	ENERGY_E	AI-1102	-17.917	watt-hour	yes	Wh, Del	
23	ENERGY_E	AI-11102	-0.01792	kilowatt-ł	yes	kWh, Del	
24	ENERGY_E	AI-1104	12637.35	watt-hour	yes	Wh,Net	
25	ENERGY_E	AI-11104	12.63735	kilowatt-h	yes	kWh,Net	
26	ENERGY_E	AI-1106	12673.18	watt-hour	yes	Wh,Tot	
27	ENERGY_E	AI-11106	12.67318	kilowatt-h	yes	kWh,Tot	
28	ENERGY_E	AI-1108	303.204	volt-ampe	yes	VARh,Pos	
29	ENERGY_E	AI-11108	0.303204	kvolt-amp	yes	kVARh,Pos	
	ENERGY_E			volt-ampe		VARh,Neg	
31	ENERGY_E	AI-11110	-0.08792	kvolt-amp	yes	kVARh,Neg	
-	ENERGY_E			volt-ampe		VARh,Net	
33	ENERGY E	AI-11112	0.215281	kvolt-amp	ves	kVARh,Net	



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BACnet Objects Status Webpage

Click BACnet Objects Status on the left side of the webpage to view readings for the meter's embedded BACnet objects. You will see a screen like the one shown below.

BACnet MS/TP Interface ×	Verse ditte							
C 🗋 10.0.0.1/a	dmin/?page=showdata						23	1
	BACnet MS/TP Interface							
• Home	BACnet Objects Status							
 TCP/IP and BACnet settings 	Configuration: IP=10.0.0.1/255.255.255.0; Defai Object Name		.254; Baud rate=5 Present Value		T OK	Description		
	Modbus Meter-1481486	1481486		-	4			
 MS/TP settings 	POLL DELAY	AV-1	10	-	yes	Polling Delay		
- BACnet Objects Status	VOLTAGE LN-A	AI-1001	121.60356	volts	ves	Volts A-N		
	VOLTAGE LN-B	AI-1003	121.5973	volts	yes	Volts B-N		
 Change Password 	VOLTAGE_LN-C	AI-1005	121.63878	volts	yes	Volts C-N		
 Statistics 	VOLTAGE_LL-AB	AI-1007	0	volts	yes	Volts A-B		
	VOLTAGE_LL-BC	AI-1009	0	volts	yes	Volts B-C		
 Reset Configuration 	VOLTAGE_LL-CA	AI-1011	0	volts	yes	Volts C-A		
 Activate Configuration 	CURRENT_LN-A	AI-1013	0	amperes	yes	Amps A		
- Activate Contiguration	CURRENT_LN-B	AI-1015	D	amperes	yes	Amps B		ļ
	CURRENT_LN-C	AI-1017	0	amperes	yes	Amps C		
	PWR_ELEC	AI-1019	0	watts	yes	Watts,tot		
	PWR_ELEC_REACT	AI-1021	0	volt-amperes- reactive	yes	VARs,tot		
	PWR_ELEC_APPAR	Al-1023	0	volt-amperes	yes	VAs,tot		
	PWR_FACTOR	Al-1025	1	-	yes	PF,tot		
	FREQUENCY	AI-1027	60.01939	hertz	yes	Frequency		
	CURRENT_NG	Al-1029	0	amperes	yes	Current N		
	ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REC	AI-1101	D	watt-hours	yes	Wh, Rec		
	ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_DEL	AI-1103	0	watt-hours	yes	Wh, Del		
	ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_NET	AI-1105	0	watt-hours	yes	Wh,Net		
	ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM	AI-1107	0	watt-hours	yes	Wh,Tot		
	ENERGY_ELEC_ACCUM_REACT_REC	AI-1109	0	volt-ampere- hours-reactive	yes	VARh,Pos		
	ENERGY ELEC ACCUM REACT DEL	AI-1111	n	volt-ampere-	ves	VARh,Neg		

Scroll to see all of the objects on the screen. The following items are shown for each BACnet Object:

- Object Name
- Object ID
- Present Value
- Units
- OK (Reliability)



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Description

Change Password Webpage

Click Change Password on the left side of the webpage to access the page shown below.

- C [] 10.0.0.1/a	idmin/?page=passwd			2
	BACnet MS/TP In	terface		
• Home	Change Administrat	or Login and Password		
 TCP/IP and BACnet settings 	Parameter	Value	Description	
• MS/TP settings	Login:	admin	Login to access this WebSetup (up to 15 symbols).	
	Current password:		Current administrator password.	
BACnet Objects Status	New password:		New administrator password (up to 15 symbols).	
Change Password	Confirm new password:		The same password.	
Statistics	ок			
Reset Configuration				
 Activate Configuration 				

Use this page to change the Administrator Login and Password for this interface. We recommend that you change the Login and Password rather than continuing to use the default sign-on (be sure to store this information someplace safe).



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Statistics Webpage

Click Statistics on the left side of the webpage to access the page shown below.

🛅 BACnet MS/TP Interface 🛛 🗴						- @ X
← - C 🗋 10.0.0.1/a	idmin/?page=logstat					
	BACnet MS/TP Interfa	ace				
• Home	Statistics					
- TCP/IP and BACnet	Statistics					
settings	Parameter	v	alue		Description	
• MS/TP settings	Count of Reboots	50		How many times the box h	as restarted	
e morti ocunga	Last polling time	0 sec		Total time of the last polling	g for all Periodically polled meters.	
 BACnet Objects Status 	Current Seconds	410		Time elapsed since power	on.	
Character Barrand	MS/TP Status	SoleMaster		No Master nodes found on	the MS/TP network	
 Change Password 	MS/TP Packets	2 sent, 0 received				
<u>Statistics</u>	Modbus/RTU Packets	206 sent, 206 rec	eived			
• Reset Configuration	Modbus/TCP Packets	Q sent, Q received	2			
	Error Log (Up to 40 last record	ls, most recent first)				
 Activate Configuration 	Seconds	Stage	Address		Message	
	Clear log					
Copyright © 2014						v1,1-k3-64248-1.11

This page lists information and any Error log for the meter. To erase the Error log, click the Clear Log button.



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Reset Configuration Webpage

Click Reset Configuration on the left side of the webpage if you want to set the configuration back to its default or last configuration. You will see the page shown below.

🛅 BACnet MS/TP Interface 🛛 🗙		
← - € 🗋 10.0.0.1/2	dmin/?page=setdef	ta ≡
	BACnet MS/TP Interface	
• Home	Restore all settings to factory default	
 TCP/IP and BACnet settings 	Restore default	
• MS/TP settings	or Discard all changes and revert to active configuration	
 BACnet Objects Status 	Discard changes	
Change Password		
Statistics Reset Configuration		
Activate Configuration		
Copyright @ 2014		v1.143-04248-1.11

- Click the Restore Default button to restore all settings to the factory default values.
- Click the Discard Changes button to restore all settings to the last saved configuration.



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8.5: Using the Shark® 50B in a BACnet Application

Once you have configured the Shark® 50B meter, you can use it as a standard BACnet client in any BACnet application, using the RS485 port which communicates BACnet MS/TP. As there are many kinds of BACnet applications, we recommend you consult your application's instructions for details.

In addition to integrating with BACnet applications, the Shark® 50B meter can also be accessed through CommunicatorPQA® software (see Chapter 6 and the *CommunicatorPQA® and MeterManagerPQA® Software User Manual*). Additionally, all of the BACnet data can be polled through the Modbus registers (see Appendix B for the meter's Modbus map).

8.6: Troubleshooting BACnet Communication

If you experience problems communicating to your Shark® 50B meter with CommunicatorPQA® software, follow these steps:

- 1. Make sure you can access the meter's BACnet Ethernet webpage (see Section 8.4).
 - If you can access the webpage, continue to step 2.
 - If you cannot access the webpage, make sure the module is wired correctly. Your company's IT department may be able to help with this.
- Check that the meter's COM2 settings are configured correctly. If they are not configured correctly, the link between the network and meter will not work successfully.
 - a. Access the Communication Settings for Port 2 from the meter's display (see Section 6.2.5.5).
 - b. Make sure the COM PORT 2 settings are the same as shown below:
 - Address 1.
 - Protocol Modbus RTU.
 - Baud Rate 57600.
 - c. Follow the instructions in Section 6.2.5.5 to save the settings.
 - d. If you are still having communication problems, contact



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A: Shark® 100/50 Meter Navigation Maps

A.1: Introduction

You can configure the Shark® 100/50 meter and perform related tasks using the buttons on the meter face. Chapter 6 contains a description of the buttons on the meter face and instructions for programming the meter using them. The meter can also be programmed using software (see Chapter 6 and the *CommunicatorPQA®*, *MeterManagerPQA®*, and EnergyPQA.com® Software User Manual).

A.2: Navigation Maps (Sheets 1 to 4)

The Shark® 100/50 meter's Navigation maps begin on the next page. The maps show in detail how to move from one screen to another and from one display mode to another using the buttons on the face of the meter. All display modes automatically return to Operating mode after 10 minutes with no user activity.

Shark® 100/50 meter Navigation map titles

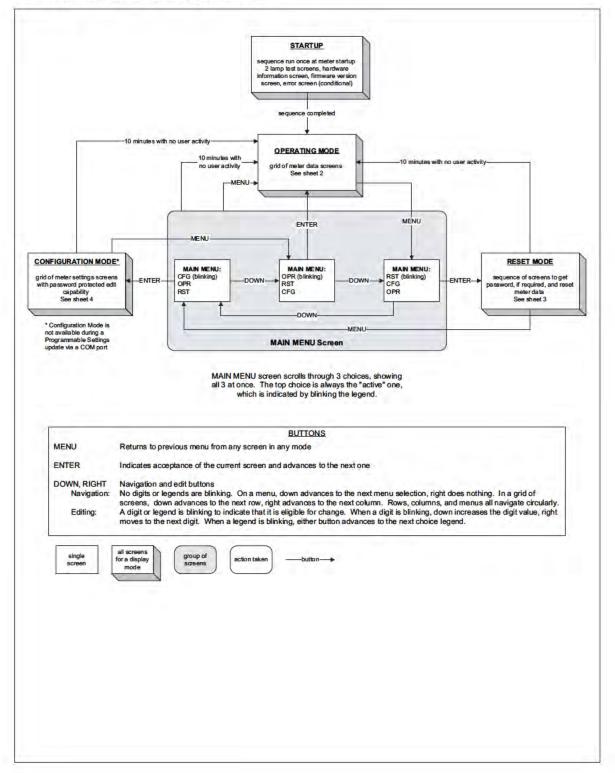
- Main Menu Screens (Sheet 1)
- Operating mode screens (Sheet 2)
- Reset mode screens (Sheet 3)
- Configuration mode screens (Sheet 4)



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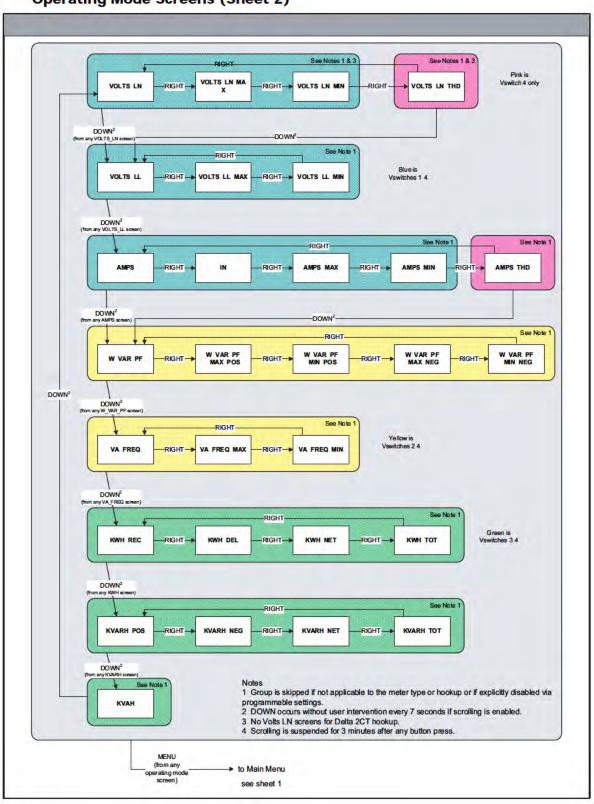


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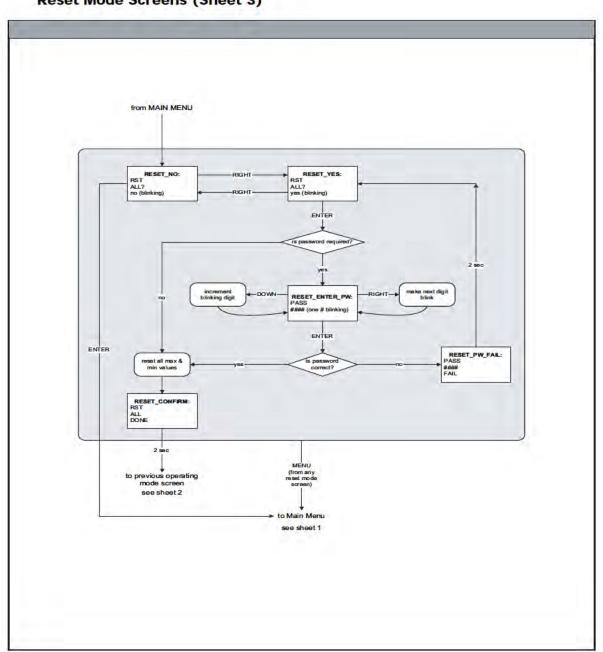
Operating Mode Screens (Sheet 2)



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Reset Mode Screens (Sheet 3)

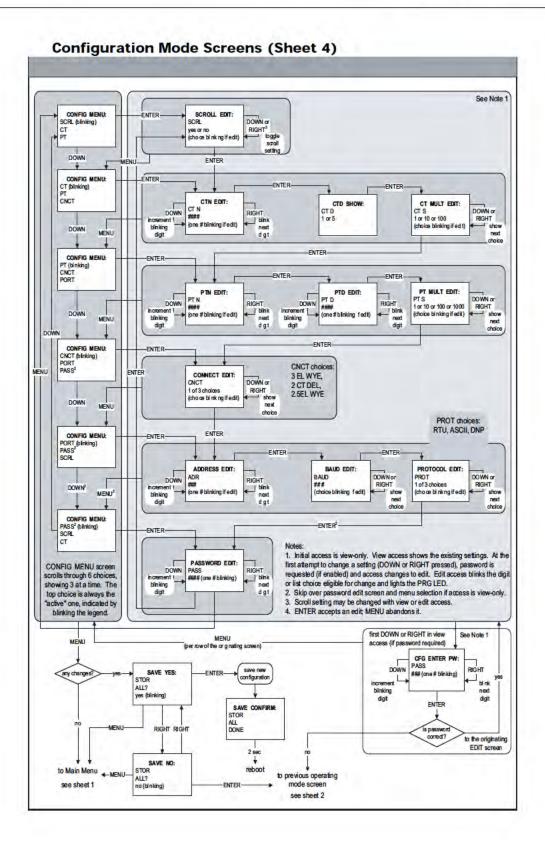


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B: Shark® 100 and 50 Meter Modbus Maps

B.1: Introduction

The Modbus maps for the Shark® 100/50 meter gives details and information about the possible readings of the meter and about the programming of the meter. The Shark® 100/50 can be programmed using the buttons on the face plate of the meter (Chapter 6). The meter can also be programmed using software (Chapter 6).

B.2: Modbus Register Map Sections

The Shark® 100/50 Modbus register map includes the following sections:

Fixed Data Section, Registers 1- 47, details the Meter's Fixed Information

Meter Data Section, Registers 1000 - 5003, details the Meter's Readings, including Primary Readings, Energy Block, Demand Block, Maximum and Minimum Blocks, THD Block, Phase Angle Block and Status Block. Operating Mode readings are described in Section 6.2.6

Commands Section, Registers 20000 - 26011, details the Meter's Resets Block, Programming Block, Other Commands Block and Encryption Block

Programmable Settings Section, Registers 30000 - 30067, details the Meter's Basic Setups

Secondary Readings Section, Registers 40001 - 40100, details the Meter's Secondary Readings Setups

B.3: Data Formats

ASCII:	ASCII characters packed 2 per register in high,
	low order and without any termination characters.
SINT16/UINT16:	16-bit signed/unsigned integer.
SINT32/UINT32:	32-bit signed/unsigned integer spanning 2
	registers. The lower-addressed register is the
	high order half.



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FLOAT:

32-bit IEEE floating point number spanning 2 registers. The lower-addressed register is the high order half (i.e., contains the exponent).

B.4: Floating Point Values

Floating Point Values are represented in the following format:

Register		0																		1												
Byte				0								1								0								1				
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Meaning	S	е	е	е	е	е	е	е	е	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m
	sign	ех	pon	ent						m	anti	ssa																				

The formula to interpret a Floating Point Value is:

-1^{sign} x 2 exponent-127 x 1.mantissa = 0x0C4E11DB9

-1^{sign} x 2 ¹³⁷⁻¹²⁷ x 1· 100001000111011011001

-1 x 2¹⁰ x 1.75871956

-1800.929

Register		0x0C4I					E1								0x01DB9																	
Byte			C)x0C	:4							0x0)E1							0x0)1D							0x0)B9v	/		
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1
Meaning	s	е	е	е	е	е	е	е	е	m	m	m	m	m	m	m																
	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m	m																
:	sign	ех	por	nent						m	anti	ssa																				
	1 0x089 + 137						0b011000010001110110111001																									

Formula Explanation:

C4E11DB9 (hex)

11000100 11100001 00011101 10111001

(binary)

The sign of the mantissa (and therefore the number) is 1, which represents a negative value.

The Exponent is 10001001 (binary) or 137 decimal.



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The Exponent is a value in excess 127. So, the Exponent value is 10.

The Mantissa is 1100001000111011011001 binary.

With the implied leading 1, the Mantissa is (1).611DB9 (hex).

The Floating Point Representation is therefore -1.75871956 times 2 to the 10.

Decimal equivalent: -1800.929

NOTES:

- Exponent = the whole number before the decimal point.
- Mantissa = the positive fraction after the decimal point.

B.5: Modbus Register Map

The Shark® 100 and 50 meter's Modbus register maps begin on the following page.



B-3

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Modbus	Address						
Hex	Decimal	Description ¹	Format	Range ⁶	Units or Resolution	Comments	# Re
			Fixed Data S	ection			Τ
lentification E	llock					read-only	У
000 - 0007	1 - 8	Meter Name	ASCII	16 char	none		
008 - 000F	9 - 16	Meter Serial Number	ASCII	16 char	none		
010 - 0010	17 - 17	Meter Type	UINT16	bit-mapped	tvvv	t = transducer model (1=yes, 0=no), vvv = V-switch(1 to 4)	
011 - 0012	18 - 19	Firmware Version	ASCII	4 char	none		
013 - 0013	20 - 20	Map Version	UINT16	0 to 65535	none		
014 - 0014	21 - 21	Meter Configuration	UINT16	bit-mapped	fffff	ffffff = calibration frequency (50 or 60)	
015 - 0015	22 - 22	ASIC Version	UINT16	0-65535	none		
016 - 0026	23 - 39	Reserved					
027 - 002E	40 - 47	Reserved					
						Block Size	e:
			Meter Data Se	ection ²		1	T
rimary Readir	ngs Block, 6 cycle	es (IEEE Floating Point				read-only	У
383 - 0384	900 - 901	Watts, 3-Ph total	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	watts		
385 - 0386	902 - 903	VARs, 3-Ph total	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	VARs		
387 - 0388	904 - 905	VAs, 3-Ph total	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	VAs	Diack Cine	_
						Block Size):
		cles (IEEE Floating Point)				read-only	y .
3E7 - 03E8	1000 - 1001	Volts A-N	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		
3E9 - 03EA	1002 - 1003	Volts B-N	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		1
BEB - 03EC	1004 - 1005	Volts C-N	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		4
BED - 03EE	1006 - 1007	Volts A-B	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		4
3EF - 03F0	1008 - 1009	Volts B-C	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		_
3F1 - 03F2	1010 - 1011	Volts C-A	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		4
3F3 - 03F4	1012 - 1013	Amps A	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		+
3F5 - 03F6 3F7 - 03F8	1014 - 1015 1016 - 1017	Amps B	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		+
3F7 - 03F8 3F9 - 03FA		Amps C Watts, 3-Ph total	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		+
3F9 - 03FA 3FB - 03FC	1018 - 1019 1020 - 1021		FLOAT FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M -9999 M to +9999 M	watts		+
3FB - 03FC 3FD - 03FE	1020 - 1021	VARs, 3-Ph total VAs, 3-Ph total	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M -9999 M to +9999 M	VARs		+
3FD - 03FE 3FF - 0400	1022 - 1023	Power Factor, 3-Ph total	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M -1.00 to +1.00	VAs		+
	1024 - 1025	Frequency	FLOAT	0 to 65.00	Hz		+-
		I IEUUEIIUV	IFLUAT				
401 - 0402	1028 - 1029	Neutral Current	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		—

Shark® 100 Meter Modbus Map

Electro Industries GaugeTech

	B:	Modbus	Map
--	----	--------	-----

Id (N	lodbus	s Address						
nd Quality Products Online				5 1		- 6	Units or		#
P	H	ex	Decimal	Description ¹	Format	Range ⁶	Resolution	Comments	Reg
5	Primar	y Energy			0.11.170.5			read-only	
du	_	- 044C	1100 - 1101	W-hours, Received	SINT32	0 to 99999999 or 0 to -99999999	Wh per energy format	* Wh received & delivered always have opposite signs	2
cts	044D	- 044E	1102 - 1103	W-hours, Delivered	SINT32	0 to 99999999 or 0 to -99999999	Wh per energy format	* Wh received is positive for "view as load",	2
2	044F	- 0450	1104 - 1105	W-hours, Net	SINT32	-999999999 to 99999999	Wh per energy format	delivered is positive for "view as generator"	2
≓	0451	- 0452	1106 - 1107	W-hours, Total	SINT32	0 to 99999999	Wh per energy format	* 5 to 8 digits	2
ne	0453	- 0454	1108 - 1109	VAR-hours, Positive	SINT32	0 to 99999999	VARh per energy format	-	2
eat:								* decimal point implied, per energy format	
••	0455	- 0456	1110 - 1111	VAR-hours, Negative	SINT32	0 to -99999999	VARh per energy format	* resolution of digit before decimal point =	2
<	0457	- 0458	1112 - 1113	VAR-hours, Net	SINT32	-999999999 to 99999999	VARh per energy format	units, kilo, or mega, per energy format	2
www.Glo	0459	- 045A	1114 - 1115	VAR-hours, Total	SINT32	0 to 99999999	VARh per energy format		2
Ĝ	045B	- 045C	1116 - 1117	VA-hours, Total	SINT32	0 to 99999999	VAh per energy format	* see note 10	2
0								Block Size:	18
Б									
ba	Primar	y Demar		oating Point)				read-only	
		- 07D0	2000 - 2001	Amps A, Average	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		2
		- 07D2	2002 - 2003	Amps B, Average	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		2
e S.		- 07D4	2004 - 2005	Amps C, Average	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		2
÷		- 07D6	2006 - 2007	Positive Watts, 3-Ph, Average	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	watts		2
S		- 07D8	2008 - 2009	Positive VARs, 3-Ph, Average	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	VARs		2
		- 07DA	2010 - 2011	Negative Watts, 3-Ph, Average	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	watts		2
		- 07DC	2012 - 2013	Negative VARs, 3-Ph, Average	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	VARs		2
-		- 07DE	2014 - 2015	VAs, 3-Ph, Average	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	VAs		2
tSupply		- 07E0	2016 - 2017	Positive PF, 3-Ph, Average	FLOAT	-1.00 to +1.00	none		2
Y.c	07E1	- 07E2	2018 - 2019	Negative PF, 3-PF, Average	FLOAT	-1.00 to +1.00	none	Block Size:	2 20
.com	Primar	v Minimi	um Block (IEEE F	loating Point)	_			read-only	
	0BB7	- 0BB8	3000 - 3001	Volts A-N, Minimum	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		2
		- 0BBA	3002 - 3003	Volts B-N, Minimum	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		2
	OBBB	- 0BBC	3004 - 3005	Volts C-N, Minimum	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		2
s	DBBD	- 0BBE	3006 - 3007	Volts A-B, Minimum	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		2
ä	OBBF	- 0BC0	3008 - 3009	Volts B-C, Minimum	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		2
es		- 0BC2	3010 - 3011	Volts C-A, Minimum	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		2
å	0BC3	- 0BC4	3012 - 3013	Amps A, Minimum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		2
Ö.	0BC5	- 0BC6	3014 - 3015	Amps B, Minimum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		2
Ĩ	0BC7	- 0BC8	3016 - 3017	Amps C, Minimum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		2
ğ	0BC9	- 0BCA	3018 - 3019	Positive Watts, 3-Ph, Minimum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to +9999 M	watts		2
al.	DBCB	- 0BCC	3020 - 3021	Positive VARs, 3-Ph, Minimum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to +9999 M	VARs		2
e)BCD	- 0BCE	3022 - 3023	Negative Watts, 3-Ph, Minimum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to +9999 M	watts		2
st	0BCF	- 0BD0	3024 - 3025	Negative VARs, 3-Ph, Minimum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to +9999 M	VARs		2
S	0BD1	- 0BD2	3026 - 3027	VAs, 3-Ph, Minimum Avg Demand	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	VAs		2
qı	0BD3	- 0BD4	3028 - 3029	Positive Power Factor, 3-Ph, Minimum Avg Demand	FLOAT	-1.00 to +1.00	none		2
sales@GlobalTestSupply.com									
3									

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		Destand	Provident of		D	Units or	0t.	#
0.01	Hex 05 - 0BD6	Decimal 3030 - 3031	Description	Format FLOAT	Range ^b -1.00 to +1.00	Resolution	Comments	Reg
0BI	D5 - 0BD6	3032 - 3033	Negative Power Factor, 3-Ph, Minimum Avg Demand Frequency, Minimum	FLOAT	0 to 65.00	none Hz		2
UDI	JI - UBD6	3032 - 3033	Frequency, Minimum	FLOAT	0 10 05.00	пг	Block Size	
				-			BIOCK SIZE	. 34
Dri	nary Maxim	um Block (IEEE F	loating Point)				read-only	8
0C		3100 - 3101	Volts A-N, Maximum	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		2
	ID - 0C1E	3102 - 3103	Volts B-N. Maximum	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		2
00		3104 - 3105	Volts C-N, Maximum	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		2
00		3106 - 3107	Volts A-B. Maximum	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		2
00		3108 - 3109	Volts B-C, Maximum	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		2
00		3110 - 3111	Volts C-A. Maximum	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		2
00		3112 - 3113	Amps A, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		2
0C		3114 - 3115	Amps B, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		2
00		3116 - 3117	Amps C, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		2
0C2	2D - 0C2E	3118 - 3119	Positive Watts, 3-Ph, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to +9999 M	watts		2
0C	2F - 0C30	3120 - 3121	Positive VARs, 3-Ph, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to +9999 M	VARs		2
0C	31 - 0C32	3122 - 3123	Negative Watts, 3-Ph, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to +9999 M	watts		2
0C		3124 - 3125	Negative VARs, 3-Ph, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to +9999 M	VARs		2
0C		3126 - 3127	VAs, 3-Ph, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	VAs		2
0C		3128 - 3129	Positive Power Factor, 3-Ph, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	-1.00 to +1.00	none		2
0C	39 - 0C3A	3130 - 3131	Negative Power Factor, 3-Ph, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	-1.00 to +1.00	none		2
0C	3B - 0C3C	3132 - 3133	Frequency, Maximum	FLOAT	0 to 65.00	Hz		2
000	0000	0102 0100		1 20/11	0 10 00.00	112	Block Size	
THE	D Block ^{7, 13}						read-only	1
	9F - 0F9F	4000 - 4000	Volts A-N, %THD	UINT16	0 to 9999, or 65535	0.1%		1
0F.	A0 - 0FA0	4001 - 4001	Volts B-N, %THD	UINT16	0 to 9999, or 65535	0.1%		1
0F.		4002 - 4002	Volts C-N, %THD	UINT16	0 to 9999, or 65535	0.1%		1
0F.	A2 - 0FA2	4003 - 4003	Amps A, %THD	UINT16	0 to 9999, or 65535	0.1%		1
0F.	A3 - 0FA3	4004 - 4004	Amps B, %THD	UINT16	0 to 9999, or 65535	0.1%		1
0F	A4 - 0FA4	4005 - 4005	Amps C, %THD	UINT16	0 to 9999, or 65535	0.1%		1
0F	A5 - 0FA5	4006 - 4006	Phase A Current 1st harmonic magnitude	UINT16	0 to 65535	none		1
0F.	A6 - 0FA6	4007 - 4007	Phase A Current 2nd harmonic magnitude	UINT16	0 to 65535	none		1
0F.	A7 - 0FA7	4008 - 4008	Phase A Current 3rd harmonic magnitude	UINT16	0 to 65535	none		1
0F.	A8 - 0FA8	4009 - 4009	Phase A Current 4th harmonic magnitude	UINT16	0 to 65535	none		1
0F	A9 - 0FA9	4010 - 4010	Phase A Current 5th harmonic magnitude	UINT16	0 to 65535	none		1
0F/	AA - OFAA	4011 - 4011	Phase A Current 6th harmonic magnitude	UINT16	0 to 65535	none		1
0F/	AB - OFAB	4012 - 4012	Phase A Current 7th harmonic magnitude	UINT16	0 to 65535	none		1
0F/	AC - 0FAC	4013 - 4013	Phase A Current 8th harmonic magnitude	UINT16	0 to 65535	none		1
0F/	AD - 0FAD	4014 - 4014	Phase A Voltage 1st harmonic magnitude	UINT16	0 to 65535	none		1
0F/	AE - OFAE	4015 - 4015	Phase A Voltage 2nd harmonic magnitude	UINT16	0 to 65535	none		1
0F	AF - OFAF	4016 - 4016	Phase A Voltage 3rd harmonic magnitude	UINT16	0 to 65535	none		1
0FI	30 - 0FB0	4017 - 4017	Phase A Voltage 4th harmonic magnitude	UINT16	0 to 65535	none		1
0FI		4018 - 4025	Phase B Current harmonic magnitudes			nase A Current 1st to 8th ha		8
0FI		4026 - 4029	Phase B Voltage harmonic magnitudes			nase A Voltage 1st to 8th ha		4
OFE		4030 - 4037	Phase C Current harmonic magnitudes			hase A Current 1st to 8th ha		8
0F(C5 - 0FC8	4038 - 4041	Phase C Voltage harmonic magnitudes	-	same as Pl	nase A Voltage 1st to 8th ha	armonic magnitudes Block Size	: 42
			l	1	l		Block Size	- 42

B: Modbus Map

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Modbus Address

B:	Modbus	Map

Modbus	s Address						1
Hex	Decimal	Description ¹	Format	Range ⁶	Units or Resolution	Comments	# Reg
Phase Angle B	Block ¹⁴					read-only	
1003 - 1003	4100 - 4100	Phase A Current	SINT16	-1800 to +1800	0.1 degree		1
1004 - 1004	4101 - 4101	Phase B Current	SINT16	-1800 to +1800	0.1 degree		1
1005 - 1005	4102 - 4102	Phase C Current	SINT16	-1800 to +1800	0.1 degree		1
1006 - 1006	4103 - 4103	Angle, Volts A-B	SINT16	-1800 to +1800	0.1 degree		1
1007 - 1007	4104 - 4104	Angle, Volts B-C	SINT16	-1800 to +1800	0.1 degree		1
1008 - 1008	4105 - 4105	Angle, Volts C-A	SINT16	-1800 to +1800	0.1 degree		1
						Block Size	: 6
Status Block	1					read-only	
1387 - 1387	5000 - 5000	Meter Status	UINT16	bit-mapped	exnpch sssssss	exnpch = EEPROM block OK flags (e=energy, x=max, n=min, p=programmable settings, c=calibration, h=header), ssssssss = state (1=Run, 2=Limp, 10=Prog Set Update via buttons, 11=Prog Set Update via IrDA, 12=Prog Set Update via COM2)	1
1388 - 1388	5001 - 5001	Limits Status ⁷	UINT16	bit-mapped	87654321 87654321	high byte is setpt 1, 0=in, 1=out low byte is setpt 2, 0=in, 1=out	1
1389 - 138A	5002 - 5003	Time Since Reset	UINT32	0 to 4294967294	4 msec	wraps around after max count	2
						Block Size	: 4
	I	Co	mmands S	ection ⁴	ł		
Resets Block ⁹						write-only	
4E1F - 4E1F	20000 - 20000	Reset Max/Min Blocks	UINT16	password⁵			1
4E20 - 4E20	20001 - 20001	Reset Energy Accumulators	UINT16	password⁵			1
						Block Size	: 2
Meter Program	nming Block					read/conditional write	
55EF - 55EF	22000 - 22000	Initiate Programmable Settings Update	UINT16	password ⁵		meter enters PS update mode	1
55F0 - 55F0	22001 - 22001	Terminate Programmable Settings Update ³	UINT16	any value		meter leaves PS update mode via reset	1
55F1 - 55F1	22002 - 22002	Calculate Programmable Settings Checksum ³	UINT16			meter calculates checksum on RAM copy of PS block	1
55F2 - 55F2	22003 - 22003	Programmable Settings Checksum ³	UINT16			read/write checksum register; PS block saved in EEPROM on write ⁸	1
55F3 - 55F3	22004 - 22004	Write New Password ³	UINT16	0000 to 9999		write-only register; always reads zero	1
59D7 - 59D7	23000 - 23000	Initiate Meter Firmware Reprogramming	UINT16	5			1
29D1 - 29D1	23000 - 23000	innuale weter Firmware Reprogramming	UINT 16	password ⁵		Block Size	
			I	l		BIOCK SIZE	1 0

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B:	Modbus	Map
<u> </u>	mode	inap

#

Reg

12

12

Block Size

Block Size

Comments

causes a watchdog reset, always reads 0

encrypted command to read password or

high byte is denominator (1 or 5, read-

MMMMmmmmmmmm is PT multiplier (1,

nn = number of energy digits (5-8 --> 0-3) eee = energy scale (0-unit, 3-kilo, 6-mega) ddd = energy digits after decimal point (0-

eeeeeeee = op mode screen rows on(1) or off(0), rows top to bottom are bits low order

low byte is multiplier (1, 10, or 100)

hhhh is hookup enumeration (0 = 3 element wye[9S], 1 = delta 2 CTs[5S], 3 =

change meter type

only),

10, 100, 1000),

8-auto)

6) See note 10.

to high order

2.5 element wye[6S])

iiiiii = interval (5,15,30,60) b = 0-block or 1-rolling sss = # subintervals (1,2,3,4) pppp = power scale (0-unit, 3-kilo, 6-mega,

Units or

Resolution

ddddddd mmmmmmmm

mmmmmmmm MMMMhhhh

-iiiiii b----sss

pppp--nn -eee-ddd

00000000 eeeeeee

none none none

d	Madhua Astricus				
d Quality Products Online at:	Modbu	is Address			
ua					
lit					
v	Hex Decimal		Description ¹	Format	Range ⁶
Pr	Other Commands Block				_
od	61A7 - 61A7	25000 - 25000	Force Meter Restart	UINT16	password ⁵
lu					paconora
cte					
õ					
n	Encryption B				
in	658F - 659A	26000 - 26011	Perform a Secure Operation	UINT16	
e					
at					
			Progra	ammable Sett	ings Section
<	Basic Setups	Block			
N N	752F - 752F	30000 - 30000	CT multiplier & denominator	UINT16	bit-mapped
M					
Ö					
	7530 - 7530		CT numerator	UINT16	1 to 9999
0	7530 - 7530 30001 - 30001 7531 - 7531 30002 - 30002		PT numerator	UINT16	1 to 9999
Ь	7532 - 7532		PT denominator	UINT16	1 to 9999
9	7533 - 7533	30004 - 30004	PT multiplier & hookup	UINT16	bit-mapped
Ξ					
5					
Ť					
S	7534 - 7534	30005 - 30005	Averaging Method	UINT16	bit-mapped
U					
www.GlobalTestSupply.com	7535 - 7535	30006 - 30006	Power & Energy Format	UINT16	bit-mapped
p	7555 - 7555	30000 - 30000	Power & Energy Ponnat	UNTIO	bit-mapped
·					
8					
m					
S	7536 - 7536	30007 - 30007	Operating Mode Screen Enables	UINT16	bit-mapped
ale					
S					
୭	7537 - 7530	30008 - 30014	Reserved		
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#

Reg

8

5 5 5

68

Modbus	s Address						
Hex	Decimal	Description ¹	Format	Range ⁶	Units or Resolution	Comments	
753E - 753E	30015 - 30015	User Settings Flags	UINT16	bit-mapped	gnn srpwf-	g = enable alternate full scale bargraph current (1=on, 0=off) nn = number of phases for voltage & current screens (3=ABC, 2=AB, 1=A, 0=ABC) s = scroll (1=on, 0=off) r = password for reset in use (1=on, 0=off) p = password for configuration in use (1=on, 0=off) w = pwr dir (0-view as load, 1-view as generator) f = flip power factor sign (1=yes, 0=no)	
753F - 753F	30016 - 30016	Full Scale Current (for load % bargraph)	UINT16	0 to 9999	none	If non-zero and user settings bit g is set,	-
						this value replaces CT numerator in the ful scale current calculation.	1
7540 - 7547	30017 - 30024	Meter Designation	ASCII	16 char	none		
7548 - 7548	30025 - 30025	COM1 setup	UINT16	bit-mapped	dddd -0100110		;
7549 - 7549	30026 - 30026	COM2 setup	UINT16	bit-mapped	dddd -ppp-bbb	bbb = baud rate (1-9600, 2-19200, 4- 38400, 6-57600)	
754A - 754A	30027 - 30027	COM2 address	UINT16	1 to 247	none		T
754B - 754B	30028 - 30028	Limit #1 Identifier	UINT16	0 to 65535		use Modbus address as the identifier (see notes 7, 11, 12)	Ī
		Limit #1 Out High Setpoint	SINT16	-200.0 to +200.0	0.1% of full scale	Setpoint for the "above" limit (LM1), see notes 11-12.	
						normally less than or equal to the "above" setpoint; see notes 11-12.	
	30031 - 30031	Limit #1 Out Low Setpoint	SINT16	-200.0 to +200.0	0.1% of full scale	Setpoint for the "below" limit (LM2), see notes 11-12.	
754F - 754F	30032 - 30032	Limit #1 In Low Threshold	SINT16	-200.0 to +200.0	0.1% of full scale	Threshold at which "below" limit clears; normally greater than or equal to the "below" setpoint; see notes 11-12.	
7550 - 7554	30033 - 30037	Limit #2	SINT16				T
7555 - 7559	30038 - 30042	Limit #3	SINT16				Г
755A - 755E	30043 - 30047	Limit #4	SINT16]			ſ
755F - 7563	30048 - 30052	Limit #5	SINT16	same as Limit #1	same as Limit #1	same as Limit #1	
7564 - 7568	30053 - 30057	Limit #6	SINT16				L
7569 - 756D	30058 - 30062	Limit #7	SINT16				L
756E - 7572	30063 - 30067	Limit #8	SINT16				
						Block Size	jî,
	Hex 753E 753E 753F 753F 753F 753F 7540 7547 7548 7549 7549 7548 7548 7548 7549 7548 7540 7548 7545 7546 7546 7547 7547 7548 7547 7548 7547 7548 7547 7540 7548 7540 7549 7540 7540 7540 7547 7547 7548 7547 7549 7547 7540 7547 7547 7548 7554 7559 7555 7559 7554 7563 7564 7568 7564 7568	753E 753E 30015 30015 753F 753F 30016 30016 753F 753F 30017 30024 7540 7547 30017 30024 7548 7548 30025 30025 7549 7548 30026 30026 7548 7548 30027 30027 754B 754B 30028 30028 754C 754C 30029 30030 754E 754E 30031 30031 754F 754F 30032 30032 754E 754E 30033 30031 754F 754F 30032 30032 754F 754F 30033 30037 7555 7559 30038 30042 7554 7558 30043 30047 7564 7568 30053 30052 7564 7568 30053 30057 7568 7568 30053 30052	Hex Decimal Description ¹ 753E 753E 30015 30015 User Settings Flags 753F 753E 30016 30016 Full Scale Current (for load % bargraph) 7540 7547 30017 30024 Meter Designation 7548 7548 30025 30025 COM1 setup 7549 7548 30027 30027 COM2 setup 7540 7548 30028 30028 Limit #1 Identifier 7540 7548 30027 30027 COM2 setup 7540 7548 30028 30028 Limit #1 Identifier 7540 7540 30030 30030 Limit #1 Out High Setpoint 7540 7540 30030 30030 Limit #1 In High Threshold 7541 7542 30031 30031 Limit #1 In Low Threshold 7545 7559 30033 30032 Limit #2 7555 7559 30033 30032 Limit #3 75554 7555	Hex Decimal Description ¹ Format 753E 30015 30015 User Settings Flags UINT16 753E 753E 30016 - 30016 User Settings Flags UINT16 753F 753F 30016 - 30016 Full Scale Current (for load % bargraph) UINT16 7540 7547 30017 - 30024 Meter Designation ASCII 7548 7548 30025 - 30025 COM1 setup UINT16 7549 7549 30026 - 30026 COM2 setup UINT16 7549 7548 30027 - 30027 COM2 setup UINT16 7540 7543 30028 Jimit #1 Identifier UINT16 UINT16 7540 7540 30030 30030 Limit #1 Out High Setpoint SINT16 7547 7547 30031 30031 Limit #1 In Low Threshold SINT16 7547 7547 30032 30032 Limit #3 SINT16 7550 7554 3003	Hex Decimal Description ¹ Format Range ⁶ 753E 753E 30015 30015 UlnT16 bit-mapped 753F 753F 30016 - 30016 Full Scale Current (for load % bargraph) UlNT16 0 to 9999 753F 753F 30016 - 30016 Full Scale Current (for load % bargraph) UlNT16 0 to 9999 7540 7547 30017 - 30024 Meter Designation ASCII 16 char 7548 7548 30026 - 30026 COM1 setup UINT16 bit-mapped 7549 7549 30026 - 30027 COM2 address UINT16 bit-mapped 7549 7549 30027 - 30027 COM2 address UINT16 bit-mapped 7549 7548 30028 30020 Limit #1 Identifier UINT16 bit-mapped 7540 7548 30030 30030 Limit #1 Out High Setpoint SINT16 200.0 to +200.0 7540 7540 30031 30031 Limit	Hex Decimal Description ¹ Format Range ⁶ Units or Resolution 753E - 753E 30015 - 30015 User Settings Flags UINT16 bit-mapped gmit stpwf- 753F - 753F 30016 - 30016 Full Scale Current (for load % bargraph) UINT16 bit-mapped gmit stpwf- 753F - 753F 30017 - 30024 Meter Designation ASCII 16 char none 7546 - 7547 30025 - 30025 COM1 setup UINT16 bit-mapped didd -0100110 7549 - 7548 30026 - 30026 COM2 setup UINT16 bit-mapped didd -0100110 7549 - 7548 30027 - 30027 COM2 setup UINT16 bit-mapped didd -0100110 7548 - 7548 30028 - 30028 COM2 setup UINT16 bit 0.65535	Hex Decimal Description ¹ Format Range ⁶ Units or Resolution 753E -733E 3015 30015 User Settings Plags UNITI6 bit-mapped ginit setpvef_ carrent series (1-station de bargraph carrent series (3-ABC, 2-AB, 1=A, 0-ABC), s = scrolt (1-on, 0=oft), w = password for configuration in use (1-on, 0=oft), w = part dif (1-size a and user settings bit g is set, this value replaces CT numerator in the lip scale carrent calculation. 753F 753F 30016 -30016 Full Scale Current (for load % bargraph) UINT16 0 to 9999 none ff non-zero and user settings bit g is set, this value replaces CT numerator in the lip scale carrent calculation. 7540 30025 30026 COM setup UINT16 bit care none ff non-zero and user settings bit g is set, this value replaces CT numerator in the lip scale carrent calculation. 7549 30025 30026 COM setup UINT16 bit care none fb char 7544 3027 30027 COM2 advess

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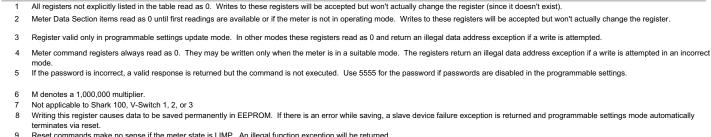
B:	Modbus	Map

ind	Mo	odbus	Address						
Find Quality Products Online	He	x	Decimal	Description ¹	Format	Range ⁶	Units or Resolution	Comments	# Reg
P				12	-Bit Readings	Section			
5	12-Bit Bl	lock						read-only except as noted	
d	9C40 -	9C40	40001 - 40001	System Sanity Indicator	UINT16	0 or 1	none	0 indicates proper meter operation	1
ត្ត	9C41 -		40002 - 40002	Volts A-N	UINT16	2047 to 4095	volts	2047= 0, 4095= +150	1
ŝ	9C42 -	9C42	40003 - 40003	Volts B-N	UINT16	2047 to 4095	volts	volts = 150 * (register - 2047) / 2047	1
2	9C43 -	9C43	40004 - 40004	Volts C-N	UINT16	2047 to 4095	volts	Volts - 150 (Tegister - 2047)72047	1
Ē		9C44	40005 - 40005	Amps A	UINT16	0 to 4095	amps	0= -10, 2047= 0, 4095= +10	1
ne		9C45	40006 - 40006	Amps B	UINT16	0 to 4095	amps	amps = 10 * (register - 2047) / 2047	1
at:		9C46	40007 - 40007	Amps C	UINT16	0 to 4095	amps	,	1
		9C47	40008 - 40008	Watts, 3-Ph total	UINT16	0 to 4095	watts	0= -3000, 2047= 0, 4095= +3000	1
		9C48	40009 - 40009	VARs, 3-Ph total	UINT16	0 to 4095	VARs	watts, VARs, VAs =	1
	<u>9C49 -</u> 9C4A -	9C49 9C4A	<u>40010 - 40010</u> 40011 - 40011	VAs, 3-Ph total Power Factor, 3-Ph total	UINT16 UINT16	2047 to 4095 1047 to 3047	VAs	3000 * (register - 2047) / 2047 1047= -1, 2047= 0, 3047= +1	1
ž	304A -	904A	40011 - 40011		OINTIO	1047 10 3047	none	pf = (register - 2047) / 1000	
www.Glo	9C4B -	9C4B	40012 - 40012	Frequency	UINT16	0 to 2730	Hz	0= 45 or less, 2047= 60, 2730= 65 or more freq = 45 + ((register / 4095) * 30)	1
	9C4C -	9C4C	40013 - 40013	Volts A-B	UINT16	2047 to 4095	volts	2047= 0, 4095= +300	1
2	9C4D -		40014 - 40014	Volts B-C	UINT16	2047 to 4095	volts		1
0	9C4E -	9C4E	40015 - 40015	Volts C-A	UINT16	2047 to 4095	volts	volts = 300 * (register - 2047) / 2047	1
bal		9C4F	40016 - 40016	CT numerator	UINT16	1 to 9999	none		1
-		9C50	40017 - 40017	CT multiplier	UINT16	1, 10, 100	none	CT = numerator * multiplier / denominator	1
Tes		9C51	40018 - 40018	CT denominator	UINT16	1 or 5	none		1
ິ	9C52 -	9C52	40019 - 40019	PT numerator	UINT16	1 to 9999	none		1
		9C53 9C54	40020 - 40020 40021 - 40021	PT multiplier PT denominator	UINT16 UINT16	1, 10, 100 1 to 9999	none	PT = numerator * multiplier / denominator	1
	9C55 -		40021 - 40021 40022 - 40023	W-hours, Positive	UINT32	0 to 99999999	none Wh per energy format	* 5 to 8 digits	2
	9C57 -		40024 - 40025	W-hours, Negative	UINT32	0 to 99999999	Wh per energy format	* decimal point implied, per energy format	2
tSupply	9C59 -	9C5A	40026 - 40027	VAR-hours, Positive	UINT32	0 to 99999999	VARh per energy format	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2
com	9C5B -	9C5C	40028 - 40029	VAR-hours, Negative	UINT32	0 to 99999999	VARh per energy format	* resolution of digit before decimal point = units, kilo, or mega, per energy format	2
3	9C5D -	9C5E	40030 - 40031	VA-hours	UINT32	0 to 99999999	VAh per energy format	* see note 10	2
	9C5F -	9C5F	40032 - 40032	Neutral Current	UINT16	0 to 4095	amps	see Amps A/B/C above	1
0		9CA2	40033 - 40099	Reserved	N/A	N/A	none		67
A R	9CA3 -	9CA3	40100 - 40100	Reset Energy Accumulators	UINT16	password⁵		write-only register; always reads as 0	1
) S								Block Size:	100
GlobalTe	Data For ASCII	rmats	ASCII cha	racters packed 2 per register in high, low order and	End of Ma	•	xample. "Shark100" would be	24 registers containing 0x5378, 0x6172, 0x6	B31.
sales@GlobalTestSupply.com	SINT16 /	UINT1	0x3030.	ed / unsigned integer.					,

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Doc# E145701

MM-7



- Reset commands make no sense if the meter state is LIMP. An illegal function exception will be returned.
- 10 Energy registers should be reset after a format change.
- Entities to be monitored against limits are identified by Modbus address. Entities occupying multiple Modbus registers, such as floating point values, are identified by the lower register address. If any of the 8 limits is unused, set its identifier to zero. If the indicated Modbus register is not used or is a non-sensical entity for limits, it will behave as an unused limit. 11
- There are 2 setpoints per limit, one above and one below the expected range of values. LM1 is the "too high" limit, LM2 is "too low". The entity goes "out of limit" on LM1 when its value is greater than 12 the setpoint. It remains "out of limit" until the value drops below the in threshold. LM2 works similarly, in the opposite direction. If limits in only one direction are of interest, set the in threshold on the "wrong" side of the setpoint. Limits are specified as % of full scale, where full scale is automatically set appropriately for the entity being monitored:

current FS = CT numerator * CT multiplier voltage FS = PT numerator * PT multiplier

- power FS = CT numerator * CT multiplier * PT numerator * PT multiplier * 3 [* SQRT(3) for delta hookup]
- frequency FS = 60 (or 50)
- power factor FS = 1.0 percentage FS = 100.0
 - angle FS = 180.0
- THD not available shows 65535 (=0xFFFF) in all THD and harmonic magnitude registers for the channel when V-switch=4. THD may be unavailable due to low V or I amplitude, or delta hookup (V
- only). All 3 voltage angles are measured for Wye and Delta hookups. For 2.5 Element, Vac is measured and Vab & Vbc are calculated. If a voltage phase is missing, the two voltage angles in which it participates are set to zero. A and C phase current angles are measured for all hookups. B phase current angle is measured for Wye and is zero for other hookups. If a voltage phase is missing, its 14 current angle is zero.
- 15 If any register in the programmable settings section is set to a value other than the acceptable value, the meter will stay in LIMP mode. Please read the comment section or the rangle for each register the programmable settings section for acceptable values.
- If V-Switch is 1 or 2 and protocol (ppp) is set to "3" (DNP), the meter will use the Modbus RTU protocol as DNP is supported by v-Switch 3 and above. 16

Electro Industries GaugeTech

B: Modbus Map

Modbu	s Address						
Hex	Decimal	Description ¹	Format	Range ⁶	Units or Resolution	Comments	# Reg
			Fixed Data S	Section			Ι
tification B	lock					read-only	/
0 - 0007	1 - 8	Meter Name	ASCII	16 char	none		8
8 - 000F	9 - 16	Meter Serial Number	ASCII	16 char	none		8
0 - 0010	17 - 17	Meter Type	UINT16	bit-mapped	tvvv	t = 0 vvv = V-switch(1 to 3)	1
1 - 0012	18 - 19	Firmware Version	ASCII	4 char	none		2
3 - 0013	20 - 20	Map Version	UINT16	0 to 65535	none		1
4 - 0014	21 - 21	Meter Configuration	UINT16	bit-mapped	fffff	ffffff = calibration frequency (50 or 60)	1
5 - 0015	22 - 22	ASIC Version	UINT16	0-65535	none		1
6 - 0026	23 - 39	Reserved - do not use.					17
7 - 002E	40 - 47	Reserved - do not use.					8
						Block Size	: 47
		Λ	leter Data S	ection ²		·	
hary Readin	ngs Block, 6 cycles	(IEEE Floating Point)				read-only	1
<u>3 - 0384</u>	900 - 901	Watts, 3-Ph total	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	watts		2
5 - 0386	902 - 903	VARs, 3-Ph total	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	VARs		2
7 - 0388	904 - 905	VAs, 3-Ph total	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	VAs	Block Size	2
						Diock Size	: 6
nary Readin	ngs Block, 60 cycle	s (IEEE Floating Point)				read-only	1
7 - 03E8	1000 - 1001	Volts A-N	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		2
9 - 03EA	1002 - 1003	Volts B-N	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		2
B - 03EC	1004 - 1005	Volts C-N	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		2
D - 03EE	1006 - 1007	Volts A-B	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		2
F - 03F0	1008 - 1009	Volts B-C	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		2
1 - 03F2	1010 - 1011	Volts C-A	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		2
3 - 03F4	1012 - 1013	Amps A	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		2
5 - 03F6	1014 - 1015	Amps B	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		2
7 - 03F8	1016 - 1017	Amps C	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		2
9 - 03FA	1018 - 1019	Watts, 3-Ph total	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	watts		2
B - 03FC	1020 - 1021	VARs, 3-Ph total	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	VARs		2
D - 03FE	1022 - 1023	VAs, 3-Ph total	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	VAs		2
F - 0400	1024 - 1025	Power Factor, 3-Ph total	FLOAT	-1.00 to +1.00	none		2
1 - 0402	1026 - 1027	Frequency	FLOAT	0 to 65.00	Hz		2

Shark® 50 Meter Modbus Map

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Hex	Decimal	Description ¹	Format	Range ⁶	Units or Resolution	Comments	Reg
0403 - 0404	1028 - 1029	Neutral Current	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		2
						Block Size	: 30
Primary Energy	Pleak					read-only	-
044B - 044C	1100 - 1101	W-hours, Received	SINT32	0 to 99999999 or	Wh per energy format	* Wh received & delivered always have	2
0448 - 0440	1100 - 1101	W-Hours, Received	311132	0 to -999999999	wit per energy tormat	opposite signs	-
044D - 044E	1102 - 1103	W-hours, Delivered	SINT32	0 to 99999999 or	Wh per energy format	* Wh received is positive for "view as	2
				0 to -99999999		load", delivered is positive for "view as	
044F - 0450	1104 - 1105	W-hours, Net	SINT32	-999999999 to 99999999	Wh per energy format	generator"	2
0451 - 0452	1106 - 1107	W-hours, Total	SINT32	0 to 99999999	Wh per energy format	* 5 to 8 digits	2
0453 - 0454	1108 - 1109	VAR-hours, Positive	SINT32	0 to 99999999	VARh per energy format		2
						* decimal point implied, per energy format	t
0455 - 0456	1110 - 1111	VAR-hours, Negative	SINT32	0 to -99999999	VARh per energy format	* resolution of digit before decimal point =	- 2
0457 - 0458	1112 - 1113	VAR-hours, Net	SINT32	-99999999 to 99999999	VARh per energy format	units, kilo, or mega, per energy format	2
0459 - 045A	1114 - 1115	VAR-hours, Total	SINT32	0 to 99999999	VARh per energy format		2
045B - 045C	1116 - 1117	VA-hours, Total	SINT32	0 to 99999999	VAh per energy format	* see note 10	
						Block Size	: 18
Primary Deman	d Block (IEEE Flo	ating Point)				read-only	
07CF - 07D0	2000 - 2001	Amps A, Average	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		2
07D1 - 07D2	2002 - 2003	Amps B, Average	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		1
07D3 - 07D4	2004 - 2005	Amps C, Average	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		2
07D5 - 07D6	2006 - 2007	Positive Watts, 3-Ph, Average	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	watts		1
07D7 - 07D8	2008 - 2009	Positive VARs, 3-Ph, Average	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	VARs		
07D9 - 07DA	2010 - 2011	Negative Watts, 3-Ph, Average	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	watts		
07DB - 07DC	2012 - 2013	Negative VARs, 3-Ph, Average	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	VARs		1
7DD - 07DE	2014 - 2015	VAs, 3-Ph, Average	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	VAs		1
07DF - 07E0	2016 - 2017	Positive PF, 3-Ph, Average	FLOAT	-1.00 to +1.00	none		2
07E1 - 07E2	2018 - 2019	Negative PF, 3-PF, Average	FLOAT	-1.00 to +1.00	none		2
						Block Size	: 20
						dee been	
DBB7 - 0BB8	m Block (IEEE Fl 3000 - 3001	Volts A-N, Minimum	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts	read-only	4
DBB7 - 0BB8 DBB9 - 0BBA	3000 - 3001	Volts A-N, Minimum Volts B-N, Minimum		0 to 9999 M 0 to 9999 M			2
DBB9 - OBBA	3002 - 3003	Volts B-N, Minimum Volts C-N, Minimum		0 to 9999 M 0 to 9999 M	volts		
BBD - OBBE	3004 - 3005	Volts C-N, Minimum Volts A-B, Minimum		0 to 9999 M 0 to 9999 M	volts		
BBF - OBCO	3006 - 3007 3008 - 3009	Volts A-B, Minimum Volts B-C, Minimum		0 to 9999 M 0 to 9999 M			2
)BBF - 0BC0)BC1 - 0BC2	3008 - 3009	Volts B-C, Minimum Volts C-A, Minimum		0 to 9999 M 0 to 9999 M	volts		
)BC1 - 0BC2)BC3 - 0BC4	3010 - 3011			0 to 9999 M 0 to 9999 M			2
BC3 - 0BC4 BC5 - 0BC6	3012 - 3013	Amps A, Minimum Avg Demand Amps B, Minimum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M 0 to 9999 M	amps		2
					amps		2
0BC7 - 0BC8	3016 - 3017	Amps C, Minimum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		<u> </u>

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							T
Hex	Decimal	Description ¹	Format	Range ⁶	Units or Resolution	Comments	# Re
0BC9 - 0BCA	3018 - 3019	Positive Watts, 3-Ph, Minimum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to +9999 M	watts		1
BCB - 0BCC	3020 - 3021	Positive VARs, 3-Ph, Minimum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to +9999 M	VARs		1
BCD - 0BCE	3022 - 3023	Negative Watts, 3-Ph, Minimum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to +9999 M	watts		T
OBCF - OBDO	3024 - 3025	Negative VARs, 3-Ph, Minimum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to +9999 M	VARs		T
0BD1 - 0BD2	3026 - 3027	VAs, 3-Ph, Minimum Avg Demand	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	VAs		T
0BD3 - 0BD4	3028 - 3029	Positive Power Factor, 3-Ph, Minimum Avg Demand	FLOAT	-1.00 to +1.00	none		
0BD5 - 0BD6	3030 - 3031	Negative Power Factor, 3-Ph, Minimum Avg Demand	FLOAT	-1.00 to +1.00	none		T
0BD7 - 0BD8	3032 - 3033	Frequency, Minimum	FLOAT	0 to 65.00	Hz		+
					1	Block Size	
Primary Maximu	ım Block (IEEE Fl	loating Point)				read-only	1
0C1B - 0C1C	3100 - 3101	Volts A-N, Maximum	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		1
0C1D - 0C1E	3102 - 3103	Volts B-N, Maximum	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		1
0C1F - 0C20	3104 - 3105	Volts C-N, Maximum	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		1
0C21 - 0C22	3106 - 3107	Volts A-B, Maximum	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		1
0C23 - 0C24	3108 - 3109	Volts B-C, Maximum	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		1
0C25 - 0C26	3110 - 3111	Volts C-A, Maximum	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	volts		+
0C27 - 0C28	3112 - 3113	Amps A, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		1
0C29 - 0C2A	3114 - 3115	Amps B, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		T
0C2B - 0C2C	3116 - 3117	Amps C, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to 9999 M	amps		T
0C2D - 0C2E	3118 - 3119	Positive Watts, 3-Ph, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to +9999 M	watts		T
0C2F - 0C30	3120 - 3121	Positive VARs, 3-Ph, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to +9999 M	VARs		T
0C31 - 0C32	3122 - 3123	Negative Watts, 3-Ph, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to +9999 M	watts		T
0C33 - 0C34	3124 - 3125	Negative VARs, 3-Ph, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	0 to +9999 M	VARs		T
0C35 - 0C36	3126 - 3127	VAs, 3-Ph, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	-9999 M to +9999 M	VAs		+
0C37 - 0C38	3128 - 3129	Positive Power Factor, 3-Ph, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	-1.00 to +1.00	none		T
0C39 - 0C3A	3130 - 3131	Negative Power Factor, 3-Ph, Maximum Avg Demand	FLOAT	-1.00 to +1.00	none		Î
0C3B - 0C3C	3132 - 3133	Frequency, Maximum	FLOAT	0 to 65.00	Hz		T
						Block Size	d
Phase Angle Bl						read-only	7
1003 - 1003	4100 - 4100	Phase A Current	SINT16	-1800 to +1800	0.1 degree		1
1004 - 1004	4101 - 4101	Phase B Current	SINT16	-1800 to +1800	0.1 degree		
1005 - 1005	4102 - 4102	Phase C Current	SINT16	-1800 to +1800	0.1 degree		
1006 - 1006	4103 - 4103	Angle, Volts A-B	SINT16	-1800 to +1800	0.1 degree		
1007 - 1007	4104 - 4104	Angle, Volts B-C	SINT16	-1800 to +1800	0.1 degree		Г

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MM-11

B: Modbus Map

	Modbu	s Address					
	Hex	Decimal	Description ¹	Format	Range ⁶	Units or Resolution	
	1008 - 1008	4105 - 4105	Angle, Volts C-A	SINT16	-1800 to +1800	0.1 degree	Ļ
	Status Block						h
	1387 - 1387	5000 - 5000	Meter Status	UINT16	bit-mapped	exnpch sasasasa	e: (e p: h: s:
							1 1: p
	1388 - 1388	5001 - 5001	Reserved - do not use.				L
	1389 - 138A	5002 - 5003	Time Since Reset	UINT32	0 to 4294967294	4 msec	w
			Co	ommands S	Section ^₄		
	Resets Block ⁹						
	4E1F - 4E1F	20000 - 20000	Reset Max/Min Blocks	UINT16	password ⁵		
	4E20 - 4E20	20001 - 20001	Reset Energy Accumulators	UINT16	password ⁵		Ļ
ł	Meter Program	ming Block					┢
ľ	55EF - 55EF	22000 - 22000	Initiate Programmable Settings Update	UINT16	password ⁵		m
	55F0 - 55F0	22001 - 22001	Terminate Programmable Settings Update ³	UINT16	any value		m
-	55F1 - 55F1	22002 - 22002	Calculate Programmable Settings Checksum ³	UINT16			m oʻ
	55F2 - 55F2	22003 - 22003	Programmable Settings Checksum ³	UINT16			re Sa
	55F3 - 55F3	22004 - 22004	Write New Password ³	UINT16	0000 to 9999		w
							L
	59D7 - 59D7	23000 - 23000	Initiate Meter Firmware Reprogramming	UINT16	password⁵		╞
ļ	Other Comman	nds Block					Ĺ
	61A7 - 61A7	25000 - 25000	Force Meter Restart	UINT16	password⁵		С

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B: Modbus Map

Reg

6

Block Size

Block Size

Block Size:

Block Size:

Block Size:

Comments

exnpch = EEPROM block OK flags (e=energy, x=max, n=min, p=programmable settings, c=calibration,

sssssss = state (1=Run, 2=Limp, 10=Prog Set Update via buttons, 12=Prog Set Update via communication

wraps around after max count

meter enters PS update mode

meter leaves PS update mode via reset meter calculates checksum on RAM copy of PS block read/write checksum register; PS block saved in EEPROM on write⁸

write-only register; always reads zero

causes a watchdog reset, always reads 0

h=header),

port)

B:	Modbus	Map
υ.	moabas	iviup

Hex Encryption Blo	Decimal	Description ¹	Format	Range ⁶	Units or Resolution	Comments	# Reg
658F - 659A	26000 - 26011	Perform a Secure Operation	UINT16			encrypted command to read password or change meter type	
						Block Size:	: 12
		Prog	rammable Se	ttings Sectio	n		
Basic Setups E	Block					write only in PS update mode	
752F - 752F	30000 - 30000	CT multiplier & denominator	UINT16	bit-mapped	ddddddd mmmmmmmm	high byte is denominator (5, read-only), low byte is multiplier (1, 10, or 100)	1
7530 - 7530	30001 - 30001	CT numerator	UINT16	1 to 9999	none		1
7531 - 7531	30002 - 30002	PT numerator	UINT16	1 to 9999	none		1
7532 - 7532	30003 - 30003	PT denominator	UINT16	1 to 9999	none		1
7533 - 7533	30004 - 30004	PT multiplier & hookup	UINT16	bit-mapped	mmmmmmm MMMMhhhh	MMMMmmmmmmm is PT multiplier (1, 10, 100, 1000), hhhh is hookup enumeration (0 = 3 element wye[9S], 1 = delta 2 CTs[5S], 3 = 2.5 element wye[6S])	
7534 - 7534	30005 - 30005	Averaging Method	UINT16	bit-mapped	iiiiii bsss	iiiiiii = interval (5,15,30,60) b = 0-block or 1-rolling sss = # subintervals (1,2,3,4)	1
7535 - 7535	30006 - 30006	Power & Energy Format	UINT16	bit-mapped	ppppnn -eee-ddd	pppp = power scale (0-unit, 3-kilo, 6- mega, 8-auto) nn = number of energy digits (5-8> 0-3) eee = energy scale (0-unit, 3-kilo, 6- mega) ddd = energy digits after decimal point (0- 6) See note 10.	
7536 - 7536	30007 - 30007	Operating Mode Screen Enables	UINT16	bit-mapped	00000000 eeeeeee	eeeeeeee = op mode screen rows on(1) or off(0), rows top to bottom are bits low order to high order	1
7537 - 753D	30008 - 30014	Reserved - do not use.					7

Modbus Address

Hex	Decimal	Description ¹	Format		Units or Resolution	Comments	# Reg
753E - 753E	30015 - 30015	User Settings Flags	UINT16	bit-mapped	gnn srpwf-	g = enable alternate full scale bargraph current (1=on, 0=off) nn = number of phases for voltage & current screens (3=ABC, 2=AB, 1=A, 0=ABC) s = scroll (1=on, 0=off) r = password for reset in use (1=on, 0=off p = password for configuration in use (1=on, 0=off) w = pwr dir (0-view as load, 1-view as generator) f = flip power factor sign (1=yes, 0=no)	1
753F - 753F	30016 - 30016	Full Scale Current (for load % bargraph)	UINT16	0 to 9999	none	If non-zero and user settings bit g is set, this value replaces CT numerator in the full scale current calculation.	1
7540 - 7547	30017 - 30024	Meter Designation	ASCII	16 char	none		8
7548 - 7548	30025 - 30025	Reserved - do not use.					1
7549 - 7549	30026 - 30026	Communication port setup	UINT16	bit-mapped	dddd -ppp-bbb	dddd = reply delay (* 50 msec) ppp = protocol (1-Modbus RTU, 2- Modbus ASCII) bbb = baud rate (1-9600, 2-19200, 4- 38400, 6-57600)	1
754A - 754A	30027 - 30027	Communication port address	UINT16	1 to 247	none		1
754B - 754B	30028 - 30028	Reserved - do not use.					1

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Modbu	s Address						
Hex	Decimal	Description ¹	Format	Range ⁶	Units or Resolution	Comments	# Re
'54D - 754D	30030 - 30030	Reserved - do not use.					
'54E - 754E	30031 - 30031	Reserved - do not use.					
754F - 754F	30032 - 30032	Reserved - do not use.					1
7550 - 7554	30033 - 30037	Reserved - do not use.					
7555 - 7559	30038 - 30042	Reserved - do not use.					
755A - 755E	30043 - 30047	Reserved - do not use.					
755F - 7563	30048 - 30052	Reserved - do not use.					
7564 - 7568	30053 - 30057	Reserved - do not use.]			
7569 - 756D	30058 - 30062	Reserved - do not use.					
'56E - 7572	30063 - 30067	Reserved - do not use.					
						Block Size	e:
		Sec	ondary Read	inas Section			T
econdary Blo	ck			Ŭ		read-only except as noted	
C40 - 9C40	40001 - 40001	System Sanity Indicator	UINT16	0 or 1	none	0 indicates proper meter operation	
C41 - 9C41	40002 - 40002	Volts A-N	UINT16	2047 to 4095	volts	2047= 0, 4095= +150	
C42 - 9C42	40003 - 40003	Volts B-N	UINT16	2047 to 4095	volts	volts = 150 * (register - 2047) / 2047	
C43 - 9C43	40004 - 40004	Volts C-N	UINT16	2047 to 4095	volts	Volts = 150 (Tegister - 2047)7 2047	
C44 - 9C44	40005 - 40005	Amps A	UINT16	0 to 4095	amps	0= -10, 2047= 0, 4095= +10	
C45 - 9C45	40006 - 40006	Amps B	UINT16	0 to 4095	amps		
C46 - 9C46	40007 - 40007	Amps C	UINT16	0 to 4095	amps	amps = 10 * (register - 2047) / 2047	
C47 - 9C47	40008 - 40008	Watts, 3-Ph total	UINT16	0 to 4095	watts	0= -3000, 2047= 0, 4095= +3000	
C48 - 9C48	40009 - 40009	VARs, 3-Ph total	UINT16	0 to 4095	VARs	watts, VARs, VAs =	
C49 - 9C49	40010 - 40010	VAs, 3-Ph total	UINT16	2047 to 4095	VAs	3000 * (register - 2047) / 2047	
C4A - 9C4A	40011 - 40011	Power Factor, 3-Ph total	UINT16	1047 to 3047	none	1047= -1, 2047= 0, 3047= +1	
						pf = (register - 2047) / 1000	
C4B - 9C4B	40012 - 40012	Frequency	UINT16	0 to 2730	Hz	0= 45 or less, 2047= 60, 2730= 65 or	
						more	
						freq = 45 + ((register / 4095) * 30)	
C4C - 9C4C	40013 - 40013	Volts A-B	UINT16	2047 to 4095	volts	2047= 0, 4095= +300	1
C4D - 9C4D	40014 - 40014	Volts B-C	UINT16	2047 to 4095	volts		
C4E - 9C4E	40015 - 40015	Volts C-A	UINT16	2047 to 4095	volts	volts = 300 * (register - 2047) / 2047	\vdash
C4F - 9C4F	40016 - 40016	CT numerator	UINT16	1 to 9999	none		
C50 - 9C50	40017 - 40017	CT multiplier	UINT16	1, 10, 100	none	CT = numerator * multiplier /	\vdash
C51 - 9C51	40018 - 40018	CT denominator	UINT16	5	none	denominator	\vdash
C52 - 9C52	40019 - 40019	PT numerator	UINT16	1 to 9999	none		+
		r i numorator	011110	1 10 0000	1010		
C52 - 9C52	40020 - 40020	PT multiplier	UINT16	1, 10, 100	none	PT = numerator * multiplier / denominator	rl

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sales@GlobalTestSupply.com

Mod	bus Address						
							#
Hex	Decimal	Description ¹	Format	Range ⁶	Units or Resolution	Comments	Reg
9C55 - 90		W-hours, Positive	UINT32	0 to 99999999	Wh per energy format	* 5 to 8 digits	2
9C57 - 90		W-hours, Negative	UINT32	0 to 99999999	Wh per energy format		2
	10021 10020	in nours, noganio	0		the per energy terminet	* decimal point implied, per energy format	-
9C59 - 90	C5A 40026 - 40027	VAR-hours, Positive	UINT32	0 to 99999999	VARh per energy format		2
9C5B - 90		VAR-hours, Negative	UINT32	0 to 99999999	VARh per energy format	* resolution of digit before decimal point =	2
						units, kilo, or mega, per energy format	
9C5D - 90		VA-hours	UINT32	0 to 99999999	VAh per energy format	* see note 10	2
9C5F - 90		Neutral Current	UINT16	0 to 4095	amps	see Amps A/B/C above	1
9C60 - 90		Reserved - do not use.					67
9CA3 - 90	CA3 40100 - 40100	Reset Energy Accumulators	UINT16	password ⁵		write-only register; always reads as 0	1
						Block Size:	100
			End of I	Мар			
Data Form	ats						
ASCII		acters packed 2 per register in high, low order and with	nout anv term	ination characters. For e	example. "Shark50" would be 4	registers containing 0x5368, 0x6172, 0x6E	335.
	0x3020.		, ,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	/
SINT16 / U	INT16 16-bit signe	ed / unsigned integer.					
SINT32 / U		ed / unsigned integer spanning 2 registers. The lower-					
FLOAT	32-bit IEEE	floating point number spanning 2 registers. The lowe	r-addressed r	egister is the high order	half (i.e., contains the exponer	nt	
1							
Notes	I no sistema not sumlisiti. Ii	stad in the table and as 0. Weiter to these annistration		d hutunalt actually above		4	
		sted in the table read as 0. Writes to these registers w read as 0 until first readings are available or if the mete					
		rammable settings update mode. In other modes these					
		always read as 0. They may be written only when the					ncorrec
	ode.			0	Ũ		
5 lf	the password is incorrec	t, a valid response is returned but the command is not	executed. Us	e 5555 for the password	l if passwords are disabled in t	he programmable settings.	
6 M	denotes a 1,000,000 mu	Itiplier.					
7 N	ot applicable to Shark 50						
8 W	riting this register causes	s data to be saved permanently in EEPROM. If there is	s an error whi	le saving, a slave device	failure exception is returned a	ind programmable settings mode automatic	ally
	rminates via reset.						
		sense if the meter state is LIMP. An illegal function e	xception will b	be returned.			
	Energy registers should be reset after a format change.						
	Not applicable to Shark 50.						
12 No	Not applicable to Shark 50.						
13 No	3 Not applicable to Shark 50.						
14 AI	I 3 voltage angles are me	easured for Wye and Delta hookups. For 2.5 Element,	Vac is measu	ured and Vab & Vbc are o	calculated. If a voltage phase	is missing, the two voltage angles in which	it
	participates are set to zero. A and C phase current angles are measured for all hookups. B phase current angle is measured for Wye and is zero for other hookups. If a voltage phase is missing, its current angle is zero.						
	-	ammable settings section is set to a value other than th	e acceptable	value then the meter will	l stav in LIMP mode. Please re	ad the comments section or the range for e	ach
	, , , ,	ble settings section for acceptable settings.			,		
	ot applicable to Shark 50	o 1 o					
	or applicable to Shalk 50						

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C: Shark® 100 Meter DNP Map

C.1: Introduction

The Shark® 100 meter's DNP map shows the client-server relationship in the meter's use of DNP Protocol.

C.2: DNP Mapping (DNP-1 to DNP-2)

The Shark® 100 DNP Point Map follows.

Binary Output States, Control Relay Outputs, Binary Counters (Primary) and Analog Inputs are described on page DNP-1.

Internal Indication is described on page DNP-2.



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C-1

Find Quality Products Online at:

Object	Point Var	Description	Format	Range	Multiplier	Units	Comments
Binary (Output State	25		•			Read via Class 0 only
10	0	2 Reset Energy Counters	BYTE	Always 1	N/A	none	
10	1	2 Change to Modbus RTU	BYTE	Always 1			
		Protocol			N/A	none	
	Relay Outp		- I	1		1	
12	0	1 Reset Energy Counters	N/A	N/A			Responds to Function 5 (Direct Operate),
							Qualifier Code 17x or 28x, Control Code 3,
			N1/A		N/A	none	Count 0, On 0 msec, Off 1 msec ONLY.
12	1	1 Change to Modbus RTU Protocol	N/A	N/A			Responds to Function 6 (Direct Operate
		FIOLOCOI					No Ack), Qualifier Code 17x, Control Code
					N/A	none	3, Count 0, On 0 msec, Off 1 msec ONLY.
Binary (Counters (P	rimany)					Read via Class 0 only
20		4 W hours. Positive	UINT32	0 to 99999999	multiplier = 10 ^(n d) ,	W hr	example:
20		4 W hours, Negative	UINT32	0 to 99999999	where n and d are	VV III	
20	' '	4 W Hours, Negative	0111132	0 10 333333333	derived from the	W hr	energy format = 7.2K and W hours counter
					energy format. n = 0,		= 1234567
20		4 VAR hours, Positive	UINT32	0 to 99999999	3, or 6 per energy	VAR hr	n=3 (K scale), d=2 (2 digits after decimal
20		4 VAR hours, Negative	UINT32	0 to 99999999	format scale and d =	VAR hr	point), multiplier = $10^{(32)} = 10^1 = 10$, so
20	4	4 VA hours, Total	UINT32	0 to 99999999	number of decimal	VA hr	energy is 1234567 * 10 Whrs, or 12345.67
					places.		KWhrs
Analog	Inputs (Sec	ondony)					Read via Class 0 only
Analog 30		5 Meter Health	SINT16	0 or 1	N/A	none	0 = OK
30	-	5 Volts A N	SINT16	0 to 32767	(150 / 32768)	V	
30		5 Volts B N	SINT16	0 to 32767	· ,	V	Values above 150V secondary read 32767.
30		5 Volts C N	SINT16	0 to 32767	(150 / 32768)	v	
30		5 Volts A B	SINT16	0 to 32767	(300 / 32768)	V	
30		5 Volts B C	SINT16	0 to 32767	(300 / 32768)	V	Values above 300V secondary read 32767.
30		5 Volts C A	SINT16	0 to 32767	(300 / 32768)	V	1
	<u> </u>			0.1 00707	(10, 100700)	1	1

(10 / 32768)

(10 / 32768)

(10 / 32768)

A

A

A

0 to 32767

0 to 32767

SINT16 0 to 32767

SINT16

SINT16

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30

30

30

7

8

9

5 Amps A

5 Amps B

5 Amps C

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Values above 10A secondary read 32767.

Object	Point	Var	Description	Format	Range	Multiplier	Units	Comments
30			Watts, 3 Ph total	SINT16	32768 to +32767	(4500 / 32768)	W	
30	11	5	VARs, 3 Ph total	SINT16	32768 to +32767	(4500 / 32768)	VAR	1
30	12	5	VAs, 3 Ph total	SINT16	0 to +32767	(4500 / 32768)	VA	
30	13	5	Power Factor, 3 Ph total	SINT16	1000 to +1000	0.001	none	
30	14	5	Frequency	SINT16	0 to 9999	0.01	Hz	
30	15	5	Positive Watts, 3 Ph, Maximum Avg Demand	SINT16	32768 to +32767	(4500 / 32768)	w	
30	16	5	Positive VARs, 3 Ph, Maximum Avg Demand	SINT16	32768 to +32767	(4500 / 32768)	VAR	
30	17	5	Negative Watts, 3 Ph, Maximum Avg Demand	SINT16	32768 to +32767	(4500 / 32768)	W	
30	18	5	Negative VARs, 3 Ph, Maximum Avg Demand	SINT16	32768 to +32767	(4500 / 32768)	VAR	
$ \begin{array}{r} 30 \\ $	19	5	VAs, 3 Ph, Maximum Avg Demand	SINT16	32768 to +32767	(4500 / 32768)	VA	
30	20	5	Angle, Phase A Current	SINT16	1800 to +1800	0.1	degree	
30	21	5	Angle, Phase B Current	SINT16	1800 to +1800	0.1	degree	
30	22	5	Angle, Phase C Current	SINT16	1800 to +1800	0.1	degree	
30	23	5	Angle, Volts A B	SINT16	1800 to +1800	0.1	degree	
30	24	5	Angle, Volts B C	SINT16	1800 to +1800	0.1	degree	
30	25	5	Angle, Volts C A	SINT16	1800 to +1800	0.1	degree	
30	26	5	CT numerator	SINT16	1 to 9999	N/A	none	CT ratio =
30	27	5	CT multiplier	SINT16	1, 10, or 100	N/A	none	(numerator * multiplier) / denominator
30	28	5	CT denominator	SINT16	1 or 5	N/A	none	
30	29	5	PT numerator	SINT16	1 to 9999	N/A	none	PT ratio =
30	30	5	PT multiplier	SINT16	1, 10, or 100	N/A	none	(numerator * multiplier) / denominator
30	31	5	PT denominator	SINT16	1 to 9999	N/A	none	
30	32	5	Neutral Current	SINT16	0 to 32767	(10 / 32768)	A	For 1A model, multiplier is (2 / 32768) and values above 2A secondary read 32767.
Internal 80	Indicat 0		Device Restart Bit	N/A	N/A	N/A	none	Clear via Function 2 (Write), Qualifier Code 0.

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D: DNP3 Protocol Assignments

DNP3 protocol is available in the Shark® 100 meter if the meter is a V3 or V4 optioned unit. The meter must also be equipped with an RS485 port. The Shark® 100 meter does not support DNP over Ethernet - only Modbus over Ethernet is available.

D.1: DNP Implementation

PHYSICAL LAYER

The Shark® 100 meter can use RS485 as the physical layer. This is accomplished by connecting a PC to the meter using the meter's RS485 connection (see Chapter 5).

RS485

RS485 provides multi-drop network communication capabilities. Multiple meters can be placed on the same bus, allowing for a Master device to communicate with any of the other devices. Appropriate network configuration and termination should be evaluated for each installation to insure optimal performance (see Chapter 5).

Communication Parameters

Shark® 100 meters communicate in DNP3 using the following communication settings:

- 8 Data Bits
- No Parity
- 1 Stop Bit
- Baud Rates: 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600



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D.2: Data Link Layer

The Data Link Layer for Shark® 100 meters is subject to the following considerations:

Control Field

The Control Byte contains several bits and a Function Code.

Control Bits

Communication directed to the meter should be Primary Master messages (DIR = 1, PRM = 1). Response will be primary Non-Master messages (DIR = 0, PRM = 1). Acknowledgment will be Secondary Non-Master messages (DIR = 0, PRM = 0).

Function Codes

Shark® 100 meters support all of the Function Codes for DNP3.

Reset of Data Link (Function 0)

Before confirmed communication with a master device, the Data Link Layer must be reset. This is necessary after a meter has been restarted, either by applying power to the meter or reprogramming the meter. The meter must receive a RESET command before confirmed communication can take place. Unconfirmed communication is always possible and does not require a RESET.

User Data (Function 3)

After receiving a request for USER DATA, the meter generates a Data Link CONFIRMATION, signaling the reception of the request, before the actual request is processed. If a response is required, it is also sent as UNCONFIRMED USER DATA.

Unconfirmed User Data (Function 4)

After receiving a request for UNCONFIRMED USER DATA, if a response is required, it is sent as UNCONFIRMED USER DATA.

Address

DNP3 allows for addresses from 0 - 65534 (0x0000 - 0xFFFE) for individual device identification, with the address 65535 (0xFFFF) defined as an all stations address. Shark® 100 meters' addresses are programmable from 0 - 247 (0x0000 - 0x00F7), and address 65535 (0xFFFF) is recognized as the all stations address.



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D.3: Transport Layer

The Transport Layer as implemented on Shark® 100 meters is subject to the following considerations:

Transport Header

Multiple-frame messages are not allowed for Shark \circledast 100 meters. Each Transport Header should indicate it is both the first frame (FIR = 1) as well as the final frame (FIN = 1).

D.4: Application Layer

The Application Layer contains a header (Request or Response Header, depending on direction) and data.

Application Headers

Application Headers contain the Application Control Field and the Function Code.

Application Control Field

Multiple-fragment messages are not allowed for Shark® 100 meters. Each Application Header should indicate it is both the first fragment (FIR = 1) as well as the final fragment (FIN = 1). Application-Level confirmation is not used by Shark® 100 meters.

Function Codes

The following Function codes are implemented on Shark® 100 meters.

Read (Function 1)

Objects supporting the READ function are:

- Binary Outputs (Object 10)
- Counters (Object 20)
- Analog Inputs (Object 30)
- Class (Object 60)

These Objects can be read via a Class 0 request.



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Write (Function 2)

Objects supporting the WRITE function are:

• Internal Indications (Object 80)

Direct Operate (Function 5)

Objects supporting the DIRECT OPERATE function are:

• Control Relay Output Block (Object 12) - see Section D.4.1.2 for details

Direct Operate - No Acknowledgment (Function 6)

Objects supporting the DIRECT OPERATE - NO ACKNOWLEDGMENT function are:

Change to MODBUS RTU Protocol

Response (Function 129)

Application responses from Shark® 100 meters use the RESPONSE function.

Application Data

Application Data contains information about the Object and Variation, as well as the Qualifier and Range.

D.4.1: Object and Variation

The following Objects (Obj.) and Variations (Var.) are supported by Shark® 100 meters:

- Binary Output Status (Object 10, Variation 2) †
- Control Relay Output Block (Object 12, Variation 1)
- 32-Bit Binary Counter Without Flag (Object 20, Variation 5) †
- 16-Bit Analog Input Without Flag (Object 30, Variation 4) †
- Class 0 Data (Object 60, Variation 1) †
- Internal Indications (Object 80, Variation 1)

† READ requests for Variation 0 are honored with the above Variations.



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D.4.1.1: Binary Output Status (Obj. 10, Var. 2)

Binary Output Status supports the following function:

Read (Function 1)

A READ request for Variation 0 is responded to with Variation 2.

Binary Output Status is used to communicate the following data measured by Shark® 100 meters:

Energy Reset State

Change to MODBUS RTU Protocol State

Energy Reset State (Point 0)

Shark® 100 meters accumulate power generated or consumed over time as Hour Readings, which measure positive VA Hours and positive and negative W Hours and VAR Hours. These readings can be reset using a Control Relay Output Block object (Object 12). The Binary Output Status point reports whether the Energy Readings are in the process of being reset, or are accumulating. Normally, readings are being accumulated - the state of this point reads as '0'. If readings are in the process of being reset, the state of this point reads as '1'.

Change to Modbus RTU Protocol State (Point 1)

Shark® 100 meters can of change from DNP Protocol to Modbus RTU Protocol. This enables the user to update the Device Profile of the meter (this does not change the meter's Protocol setting). A meter reset brings communication back to DNP. A status reading of "1" equals Open, or de-energized. A reading of "0" equals Closed, or energized.



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D.4.1.2: Control Relay Output Block (Obj. 12, Var. 1)

Control Relay Output Block supports the following functions:

Direct Operate (Function 5)

Direct Operate - No Acknowledgment (Function 6)

Control Relay Output Blocks are used for the following purposes:

Energy Reset

Change to MODBUS RTU Protocol

Energy Reset (Point 0)

As stated previously, Shark® 100 meters accumulate power generated or consumed over time as Hour Readings, which measure positive VA Hours and positive and negative W Hours and VAR Hours. These readings may be reset using Point 0.

Change to Modbus RTU Protocol (Point 1)

Refer to Section D.4.1.1 on the previous page for the Change to Modbus Protocol information.

Use of the DIRECT OPERATE (Function 5) function will operate only with the settings of Pulsed ON (Code = 1 of Control Code Field) once (Count = 0x01) for ON 1 millisecond and OFF 0 milliseconds.



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D.4.1.3: 32-Bit Binary Counter Without Flag (Obj. 20, Var. 5)

Counters support the following functions:

Read (Function 1)

A READ request for Variation 0 is responded to with Variation 5.

Counters are used to communicate the following data measured by Shark® 100 meters:

Hour Readings

Hour Readings (Points 0 - 4)

Point	Readings	Unit
0	+W hour	Wh
1	-W hour	Wh
2	+VAR hour	VARh
3	-VAR hour	VARh
4	+VA hour	VAh

NOTE: These readings may be cleared by using the Control Relay Output Block (see previous Section D.4.1.2).

D.4.1.4: 16-Bit Analog Input Without Flag (Obj. 30, Var. 4)

Analog Inputs support the following functions:

Read (Function 1)

A READ request for Variation 0 is responded to with Variation 4.

Analog Inputs are used to communicate the following data measured by Shark® 100 meters:

- Health Check
- Phase-to-Neutral Voltage
- Phase-to-Phase Voltage



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- Phase Current
- Total Power
- Three Phase Total VAs
- Three Phase Power Factor Total
- Frequency
- Three Phase +Watts Max Avg Demand
- Three Phase + VARs Max Avg Demand
- Three Phase -Watts Max Avg Demand
- Three Phase -VARs Max Avg Demand
- Three Phase VAs Max Avg Demand
- Angle, Phase Power
- Angle, Phase-to-Phase Voltage
- CT Numerator, Multiplier, Denominator
- PT Numerator, Multiplier, Denominator

Health Check (Point 0)

The Health Check point is used to indicate problems detected by the Shark® 100 meter. A value of zero (0x0000) indicates the meter does not detect a problem. Non-zero values indicate a detected anomaly.



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Phase-to-Neutral Voltage (Points 1 - 3)

Point	Reading
1	Phase AN Voltage
2	Phase BN Voltage
3	Phase CN Voltage

These points are formatted as 2's complement fractions. They represent a fraction of a 150V Secondary input. Inputs of above 150V Secondary are pinned at 150V Secondary.

Phase-to-Phase Voltage (Points 4 - 6)

Point	Reading
4	Phase AB Voltage
5	Phase BC Voltage
6	Phase CA Voltage

These points are formatted as 2's complement fractions. They represent a fraction of a 300V Secondary input. Inputs of above 300 V Secondary are pinned at 300V Secondary.

Phase Current (Points 7 - 9)

Point	Reading
7	Phase A Current
8	Phase B Current
9	Phase C Current

These points are formatted as 2's complement fractions. They represent a fraction of a 10A Secondary input. Inputs of above 10A Secondary are pinned at 10A Secondary.

Total Power (Points 10 - 11)

Point	Reading
10	Total Watt
11	Total VAR



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These points are formatted as 2's complement fractions. They represent a fraction of 4500W Secondary in normal operation, or 3000W Secondary in Open Delta operation. Inputs above/below +/-4500 or +/-3000W Secondary are pinned at +/-4500 or +/-3000W Secondary, respectively.

Total VA (Point 12)

Point	Reading
12	Total VA

This point is formatted as a 2's complement fraction. It represents a fraction of 4500W Secondary in normal operation, or 3000W Secondary in Open Delta operation. Inputs above/below +/-4500 or +/-3000W Secondary are pinned at +/-4500 or +/-3000W Secondary, respectively.

Power Factor (Point 13)

Point	Reading
13	Power Factor Total

This point is formatted as a 2's complement integer. It represents Power Factors from -1.000 (0x0FC18) to +1.000 (0x003E8). In Open Delta operation, Total Power Factor (Point 13) is always zero.

Frequency (Point 14)

Point	Reading
14	Frequency

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This point is formatted as a 2's complement fraction. It represents the Frequency as measured on Phase A Voltage in units of cHz (centiHertz, 1/100 Hz). Inputs below 45.00 Hz are pinned at 0 (0x0000); inputs above 75.00 Hz are pinned at 9999 (0x270F).



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Maximum Demands of Total Power (Points 15 - 19)

Point	Reading
15	Maximum Positive Demand Total Watts
16	Maximum Positive Demand Total VARs
17	Maximum Negative Demand Total Watts
18	Maximum Negative Demand Total VARs
19	Maximum Average Demand VAs

These points are formatted as 2's complement fractions. They represent a fraction of 4500W Secondary in normal operation, or 3000W Secondary in Open Delta operation. Inputs above/below +/-4500 or +/-3000W Secondary are pinned at +/-4500 or +/-3000W Secondary, respectively.

Phase Angle (Points 20 - 25)

Point	Reading
20	Phase A Current Angle
21	Phase B Current Angle
22	Phase C Current Angle
23	Volts A-B Angle
24	Volts B-C Angle
25	Volts C-A Angle

These points are formatted as 2's complement integers. They represent angles from - 180.00 (0x0F8F8) to +180.00 (0x00708).

CT & PT Ratios (Points 26 - 31)

Point	Reading
26	CT Ratio Numerator
27	CT Ratio Multiplier
28	CT Ratio Denominator
29	PT Ratio Numerator
30	PT Ratio Multiplier
31	PT Ratio Denominator



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These points are formatted as 2's complement integers. They can be used to convert from units in terms of the Secondary of a CT or PT into units in terms of the Primary of a CT or PT. The ratio of Numerator divided by Denominator is the ratio of Primary to Secondary.

Shark® 100 meters typically use full scales relating primary current to 5 A and primary voltage to 120 V. However, these Full scales can range from mAs to thousands of kAs, and from mVs, to thousands of kVs. Following are example settings:

CT Example Settings

200 amps: Set the Ct-n value for 200 and the Ct-S value for 1.

800 amps: Set the Ct-n value for 800 and the Ct-S value for 1.

2,000 amps: Set the Ct-n value for 2000 and the Ct-S value for 1.

10,000 amps: Set the Ct-n value for 1000 and the Ct-S value for 10.

NOTE: CT Denominator is fixed at 5 for 5 A units; CT Denominator is fixed at 1 for 1 A units.

PT Example Settings

277 volts (Reads 277 volts): Pt-n value is 277, Pt-d value is 277, Pt-S value is 1.

120 volts (Reads 14,400 volts): Pt-n value is 1440, Pt-d value is 120, Pt-S value is 10.

69 volts (Reads 138,000 volts): Pt-n value is 1380, Pt-d value is 69, Pt-S value is 100.

115 volts (Reads 347,000 volts): Pt-n value is 3470, Pt-d value is 115, Pt-S value is 100.

69 volts (Reads 347,000 volts): Pt-n value is 347, Pt-d value is 69, Pt-S value is 1000.



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D.4.1.5: Class 0 Data (Obj. 60, Var. 1)

Class 0 Data supports the following functions:

Read (Function 1)

A request for Class 0 Data from a Shark® 100 meter returns three Object Headers. Specifically, it returns 16-Bit Analog Input Without Flags (Object 30, Variation 4), Points 0 - 31, followed by 32-Bit Counters Without Flags (Object 20, Variation 5), Points 0 - 4, followed by Binary Output Status (Object 10, Variation 2), Points 0 - 1. (There is NO Object 1.)

A request for Object 60, Variation 0 is treated as a request for Class 0 Data.

D.4.1.6: Internal Indications (Obj. 80, Var. 1)

Internal Indications support the following functions:

Write (Function 2)

Internal Indications may be indexed by Qualifier Code 0.

Device Restart (Point 0)

This bit is set whenever the meter resets. The polling device may clear this bit by Writing (Function 2) to Object 80, Point 0.



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